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Macmillan's Greek Course

SECOND
GREEK EXERCISE BOOK

W. A. Heard



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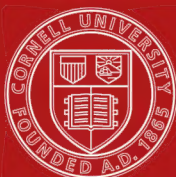
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SECOND GREEK EXERCISE BOOK



Macmillan's Greek Course

SECOND
GREEK EXERCISE BOOK

BY

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HEAD-MASTER OF FETTES COLLEGE, EDINBURGH

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PREFACE

THIS Exercise Book is supplementary to the first exercise book of the series, and deals mainly with the verb. It is based on Dr. Rutherford's *First Greek Grammar*, and should be used in connection with it. The methods of forming the tenses in verbs of the normal type, and the special forms of particular verbs, should be learnt from the Grammar. The Greek exercises are intended to familiarise the eye with these forms, and the English exercises to afford practice in the use of them. As the English exercises are for the most part constructed with special reference to the Greek exercises that precede them, the two ought always to be taken together.

The aim has been to use only those parts of the verb which are found in Attic Greek, and, without specifying the limitations of Attic usage, to accustom the eye and mind to the forms that are met with in the best Attic authors.

W. A. HEARD.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
Palatal verbs	1
Dental verbs	7
Labial verbs	11
Liquid verbs	15
Verbs in mu and nu	19
Recapitulatory Exercises	23
<i>τιθέναι</i> and compounds	29
<i>ιστάναί</i> and compounds	37
<i>διδόναι</i> and compounds	45
Verbs in upsilon	53
<i>ίέναι</i> and compounds	55
<i>ίέναι</i> and compounds	59
Recapitulatory Exercises	62
Prepositions and irregular verbs	67
Particular adjectives	111
General Recapitulatory Exercises	118
Greek-English Vocabulary	129
English-Greek Vocabulary	137

I.

Palatal Verbs.

For these Exercises see Gr. Gr. pp. 82, 164.

See also Gr. Gr. p. 155, § 120.

In the following vocabulary only those parts of the verb are given which are likely to offer any difficulty.

ἄγω (stem ἄγ), I bring, lead. Strong aorist ἤγαγον.

ἀπαλλάττω (stem ἀπαλλαγ), I free from. Strong aorist passive ἀπηλλάγην.

δέχομαι (stem δεχ), I receive. Middle verb.

διδάσκω (stem διδαχ), I teach.

διώκω, διώξομαι, I pursue.

δοκέω (stem δοκ), δόξω, ἔδοξα, δέδογμαι, I seem.

δοκεῖ, impersonal, it seems, or, it seems good.

κηρύττω (stem κηρυκ), I proclaim, announce.

πλέκω (stem πλεκ), I plait. Strong aorist passive ἐπλάκην.

πράττω (stem πραγ), I make or do : also with adverbs used intransitively, I fare or do well or ill. Strong perfect intransitive πέπραγα.

συλλέγω (συν-λεγ), aorist συνέλεξα, strong aorist passive συνελέγην, I gather.

ταράττω (stemαραχ), I confuse, throw into confusion : also συνταράττω.

τάττω (stem ταγ), I set in order : also συντάττω. προστάττω, I enjoin.

φεύγω, I escape. Future φεύξομαι, strong aorist ἔφυγον. καταφεύγω, I escape somewhere for refuge.

φυλάττω, I guard, keep under guard.

φυλάττομαι, middle, I am on my guard against, beware of.

Prepositions :—

εἰς, with accusative, into.

ἐν, with dative, in.

πρό, with genitive, before.

ὑπό, when used with the genitive, by ; Lat. *ab*.

A. The absolute case in Greek is the genitive : Κύρου ζῶντος, while Cyrus was living, or, in the lifetime of Cyrus ; πολιορκουμένης τῆς πόλεως, when the city was under siege.

B. The Greek participle with the article is rendered in English by a relative sentence : οἱ ταῦτα πράττοντες, those who do this.

Adverbs attached to the article have the force of adjectives, ὁ πρὶν κίνδυνος, the former danger.

1.—1. τί τετάραι, ὦ τέκνον ; 2. ταῦτα ἐμοῦ ζῶντος οὐ πράξεις. 3. Σοῦ ταῦτα δρῶντος ἐκέλευσα Κύρον φυλάττεσθαι τὸν κίνδυνον. 4. ἐδιώχθησαν οἱ πολέμιοι ὑπὸ τῶν νεῶν.[?] 5. τοὺς διωχθέντας ἤγαγον οἱ στρατιῶται εἰς τὴν πόλιν. 6. φυλάξομεν τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐν ταῖς ναυσί. 7. ἐπειδὴ ταῦτα ἐκηρύχθη, ἐταράχθημεν ἅπαντες. 8. κήρυξον[?] ταῦτα τοῖς πολίταις. 9. πεπλεγμένοι εἰσὶν οἱ στέφανοι ὑπὸ τῶν κορῶν. 10. ἐτάχθησαν οἱ νεανῖαι ἐν τῇ μάχῃ.

2.—1. ἐφυλάττομεν τὸν λιμένα ὑπὸ τοῦ στρατηγοῦ τεταγμένοι. 2. διώξονται τοὺς ταῦτα πράξαντας. 3. διδάξομεν τοὺς παῖδας τὴν μουσικὴν. 4. φυλάττεσθε τοὺς τοιαῦτα πράττοντας. 5. ταῦτα δεδιδαγμένοι καλῶς πράξετε, ὦ μαθηταί. 6. κεκηρύχαμεν ταῦτα

πάντα, ὦ ἄνδρες, ὥς ἐπράχθη. 7. πεφυλάγμεθα τὸν κίνδυνον. 8. πάντα τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα τετάρακται ὑπὸ τῶν ῥητόρων. 9. ἀεὶ διωξόμεθα τοὺς τὴν πόλιν τεταραχότας.

3.—1. We have plaited a crown for the orator's son. 2. The pirates were pursued by the Romans. 3. The soldiers had been drawn up on the plain. 4. Those who were guarding the camp were put into confusion. 5. Beware of the words of the orator who persuaded you to do this. 6. The walls of the city were guarded day and night by the Athenians. 7. This was proclaimed in the city. 8. While the soldiers (gen. abs.) were guarding the harbour, the young men pursued the enemy. 9. The soldiers who had been pursued were-on-their-guard-against the citizens. 10. Why did you bring us into the city? we did not do this.

4.—1. The orator did not teach us wisdom. 2. A wreath has been plaited for the boy. 3. The soldiers having brought (aor.) the enemy into the city, kept them under guard in the market-place. 4. What has been done by these men? 5. The ambassadors will proclaim this to the citizens. 6. We have pursued the enemy the whole day. 7. This you have done well. 8. The young men were taught by

Socrates. 9. We will not bring you into the market-place. 10. The general has drawn up the men on the plain.

5.—1. τοῦτο προστέτακται τοῖς νεανίοις δρᾶν. 2. οὐδέποτε ταῦτα δεξόμεθα. 3. καταφεύζεται ὁ ἀνὴρ πρὸς ὑμᾶς διωκόμενος. 4. τοιαῦτα ἀπαλλάξει ἡμᾶς τῆς ταραχῆς. 5. τοὺς πρέσβεις οὐκ ἔδέχετο ἡ βουλή. 6. δοκεῖς ἀπηλλάχθαι τοῦ κινδύνου. 7. ἔδοξε τοῖς ἀνδράσι συλλεγεῖσι τὰ κηρυχθέντα ποιῆσαι. 8. κακῶς πέπραγε τὸ στράτευμα. 9. τὰ προστεταγμένα οὐκ ἔπραξαν οἱ πολῖται. 10. ἀπηλλάγησαν τῶν πρὶν κινδύνων οἱ ναῦται.

6.—1. οὐ δοκοῦσιν οἱ στέφανοι πεπλέχθαι ταῖς χερσί. 2. οἱ στρατιῶται δέξονται τὸν μισθόν. 3. καλῶς σὺ ἔπραξας καταφυγών. 4. οὐ δοκεῖς δεδιδᾶσθαι ἅπαντα. 5. τὰ ὕδατα ἐτετάρακτο. 6. τοὺς νόμους τοὺς προστεταγμένους φυλάττωμεν. 7. ἀπαλλάξομεν ὑμᾶς τοῦ φόβου. 8. συνέλεξαν τὰ ὁστὰ τῶν νεκρῶν. 9. αἱ γυναῖκες αἱ διωχθεῖσαι εἰς τὸν νεῶν κατέφυγον. 10. ἐγὼ μὲν φυλάξω τὸν ἄνδρα, σὺ δὲ τὰ προσταχθέντα ποιεῖ.

7.—1. They did not accept the peace. 2. We have been freed from our present cares. 3. He fled for refuge to the enemies' ships. 4. The ambassadors

were guarded by the soldiers. 5. The general ordered the soldiers to collect the bones of their comrades. 6. You do not seem to have done this. 7. He seems to have been set free from the work. 8. You are not doing badly (in) receiving such presents. 9. Do you guard the gates as quickly as possible. 10. While the cavalry were doing this, the enemy pursued the right wing of the army.

8.—1. The whole army with difficulty escaped for refuge to the sea. 2. The enemy seemed to have been pursued the whole night. 3. Pericles led the right wing into battle. 4. The peace will set you free from your toils. 5. When the heralds had proclaimed silence (inf. to be silent), they received the proposals of the ambassadors. 6. We have not done well in the battle, fellow-countrymen! 7. We will not receive you (as) allies. 8. It seemed good to the generals assembled to proclaim the peace. 9. You seem to have plaited a very beautiful wreath. 10. The citizens were thrown into confusion.

9.—1. ὑμεῖς ἀπηλλάξατε τὴν πόλιν τοῦ τῶν πολεμίων κινδύνου. 2. καλῶς πράττουσιν οἱ ταῦτα ποιήσαντες. 3. ἐκεῖνοι κατέφυγον εἰς τὴν νῆσον. 4. διωξόμεθα τοὺς παῖδας. 5. οὐ δέξονται ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν πόλιν. 6. πάντες φυλάξομεν τὰ τείχη. 7. ἐδίδαξεν ὁ

φιλόσοφος τοὺς τοῦ βασιλέως υἱούς. 8. ἔδοξε τοῖς ἀνδράσι τὰ κηρυχθέντα δρᾶν. 9. τοὺς ἐν ταῖς ναυσὶ φυλαχθέντας εἰς τὴν πόλιν ἤγαγον. 10. εἶ πεπράγατε, ὦ πολῖται.

10.—1. In the lifetime of Cyrus all the cities fared well. 2. We have proclaimed this in the city. 3. Crowns were plaited for the heroes. 4. They will not pursue you. 5. Those that were pursued fled for refuge to the temple. 6. The bones of the dead were collected. 7. The right wing of the army was thrown into confusion. 8. The citizens were-on-their-guard-against the orators. 9. The boys have plaited beautiful wreaths. 10. While the soldiers were guarding the gates (gen. abs.) the soldiers pursued the enemy.

Dental Verbs.

See Gr. Gr. pp. 83, 155, § 120 (2).

ἀγοράζω, I purchase.

ἀθροίζω, I collect, muster.

ἀναγκάζω, I compel.

ἄρχων, a magistrate. Genitive ἄρχοντος, masculine.

εἰρήνη, peace.

ἐλπίς, hope. Genitive ἐλπίδος, feminine.

εὖ, excellently.

θαυμάζω, θαυμάζομαι, I marvel.

κομίζω, I bring.

νομίζω, I think.

παρασκευάζομαι, I prepare.

πείθω, I persuade.

πείθομαι, middle, I obey. Strong aorist ἐπιθόμην. With dative case.

πονηρός, evil.

σώζω, I save. Aorist passive ἐσώθην.

τειχίζω, I enclose with a wall.

χαλεπός, difficult.

ψεύδομαι, I lie.

ἄγειν τὴν εἰρήνην, to keep up, observe the peace.

11.—1. ἡγόρασαν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια ἐν τῇ πόλει. 2. οὐ δοκοῦμεν πεπεικέναι ὑμᾶς φυλάττεσθαι τοὺς Λακῶνας. 3. οὗτος, ὦ ἄνδρες, ἔψευσται, πείσας ὑμᾶς δέχεσθαι τὴν εἰρήνην. 4. ἐκεῖνος ὁ ἀνὴρ νενόμισται πονηρότατος εἶναι πάντων. 5. σώσομεν τὴν Ἑλλάδα, ὦ νεανίαι. 6. ἐπείσαμεν τοὺς ἄνδρας τὴν εἰρήνην μὴ δέχεσθαι. 7. τοῦτο εὖ παρεσκευασμένον ἐστι. 8. πῶς σωθησόμεθα, ὦ ἄνδρες; 9. δοκεῖ τοῦτο χαλεπώτατον ἀπάντων νενομίσθαι. 10. οὐκ ἐλπίς ἦν τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις σωθήσεσθαι.

12.—1. ἔτείχισαν τὴν πόλιν ὑπὸ τῶν στρατηγῶν πεισθέντες. 2. οὐκ ἠνάγκασα ὑμᾶς τὴν εἰρήνην ἄγειν. 3. ἡθροίκασιν οἱ Λακῶνες τὸ στράτευμα ἐν τῇ νήσῳ. 4. θαυμασόμεθα ὑμᾶς, ὦ νεανίαι, τοιαῦτα δεχομένους. 5. ἡθροισται τὸ τῶν Ἑλλήνων στράτευμα. 6. οὐκ ἐπίθετο τοῖς ἐμοῖς λόγοις ὁ στρατηγός. 7. ἠναγκάσμεθα πείθεσθαι τοῖς γέρουσι. 8. ἡμῖν καλῶς πράττουσιν οὐ πείσονται. 9. ταῦτα δεῖ κομισθῆναι εἰς τὴν πόλιν. 10. δεῖ πείθεσθαι τοῖς ἄρχουσι.

13.—1. We shall muster the army on the plain of the river. 2. We did not compel you to prepare these things. 3. They have been saved by the Athenians. 4. You will not obey me nor (οὐδέ) do you think this to be just. 5. Having spoken falsely they have persuaded you. 6. I marvelled at those

who persuaded you not to save the city. 7. You seem to have persuaded the enemy. 8. We did not think the men to be just. 9. The city has-been-enclosed-by-a-wall. 10. Provisions have been brought into the island by slaves.

14.—1. The men seem to have spoken falsely. 2. The soldiers having brought provisions into the town, we were saved. 3. The Athenians compelled the old men to guard the walls of the city. 4. The ships of all the allies were collected in the harbour. 5. The town seemed to all to have been excellently fortified. 6. Be persuaded by the words of the ambassadors and prepare a fleet at once. 7. Having collected the ships the generals compelled the citizens to bring provisions. 8. The son will not obey his father. 9. We marvel at the men who have saved the city. 10. Socrates was thought to be the wisest of the Greeks.

15.—1. ἀγοράσατε τὰ ἐπιτήδεια ὡς τάχιστα. 2. οἱ ἄρχοντες ἐνόμισαν τὸν ἄνδρα πονηρότατον εἶναι. 3. τοῦτο ἔδοξεν εἶναι χαλεπώτατον. 4. ἠναγκάσθησαν στράτευμα ἀθροίζειν. 5. ἐπείσθησαν οἱ πολῖται τὴν εἰρήνην δέχεσθαι. 6. οἱ Ἕλληνες ἠθροίκασι μέγιστον στράτευμα. 7. οὐκ ἐπίθετο ὁ νεανίας τῷ πατρί. 8. οὐκ ἦν ἐλπίς εἰρήνης τοῖς πολίταις. 9. οὐκ ἐδέξαντο

οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐκ τῆς νεὸς καταφυγόντας.

10. καλῶς πέπραγεν ὁ παῖς τῷ πατρὶ πιθόμενος.

16.—1. You have all spoken falsely. 2. They have collected many ships. 3. Greece was saved by the Athenians. 4. The old men persuaded us to observe the peace. 5. They were all on-their-guard-against the words of the orator. 6. When the allies proclaimed this (gen. abs.) we were set free from fear. 7. The Athenians have already enclosed the city with a wall. 8. They were not persuaded to speak falsely. 9. They think Socrates to be the wisest of men. 10. You will not escape, O young men. •

Labial Verbs.

See Gr. Gr. pp. 84, 155, § 119.

ἄπτω, I set on fire.

ἄπτομαι, I touch, lay hold of, apply myself to: governs genitive case.

βάπτω, I dip, dye. Strong aorist passive ἐβάφην.

βλάπτω, I hurt. Strong aorist passive ἐβλάβην: also weak ἐβλάφθην.

γράφω, I write, inscribe. Strong aorist passive ἐγράφην: also weak ἐγράφθην.

θάπτω, I bury: τέθαμμαι, ἐτάφην.

κλέπτω, I steal. Strong perfect active κέκλοφα, strong aorist passive ἐκλάπην.

κόπτω, I strike, or cut. Strong aorist passive ἐκόπην.

κρύπτω, I conceal. Strong aorist passive ἐκρύβην.

λείπω, I leave. Strong aorist active ἔλιπον, strong perfect λέλοιπα.

πέμπω, I send (Gr. Gr. p. 84); ἐκπέμπω, I send forth. Aorist ἐξέπεμψα.

τρέπω, I turn (transitive), rout: τέτραφα, τέτραμμαι.

τρέπομαι, middle, I turn (intransitive). Strong aorist ἐτραπόμην.

τρέφω, I bring up: θρέψω, τέθραμμαι, ἐτρέφην.

τρίβω, I rub; διατρίβω, I spend time. Strong aorist passive διετρίβην.

δεῖ, impersonal, it is necessary; δεῖ ἡμᾶς ταῦτα πράττειν, we ought to do this.

εἰ, if.

ὅς, ἧ, ὅ, who, which, relative pronoun.

ποῖος, of what kind? interrogative pronoun.

πόσος, how much? interrogative pronoun.

πρός, preposition, when used with accusative, to or towards.

The infinitive mood with the article attached is used as a verbal substantive.

17.—1. ἄπτε μοι τὴν λαμπάδα, ὦ παῖ. 2. καλῶς ἐβάφησαν αὐταὶ αἱ χλαῖναι. 3. οἱ ἄνδρες οἱ πονηροὶ κεκλόφασι τὰς κλεῖς. 4. ταῦτα ἐγράφη ὑπὸ τῶν μαρτύρων. 5. τὸ σωφρόνως τραφῆναι μέγιστον ἀγαθὸν τοῖς ἀνθρώποις. 6. ἐδόκουν αἱ πόλεις κάκιστα ἐν τῷ πολέμῳ βλαβῆναι. 7. οὐ δεῖ ταῦτα κεκρύφθαι ὑπὸ τῶν φυλάκων. 8. τέθραπται οὗτος ἐν τῇ πόλει τῇ ὑμετέρᾳ. 9. ἅπαντα ταῦτα εἰς τὴν σὴν κεφαλὴν τρέψεται. 10. τεθαμμένοι εἰσὶν ἐν τῇ τῶν πολεμίων χώρᾳ.

18.—1. τὰ ὀνόματα γέγραπται ἐν τῇ στήλῃ. 2. οὐχ ἐκόντες ἐτράποντο πρὸς τὸ ἔργον. 3. τρέψαντες τὸ δεξιὸν κέρας τοῦ στρατεύματος ἐδίωξαν πρὸς τὸν λιμένα. 4. πολὺς δὴ χρόνος διετρίβη ὑπὸ τῶν στρατηγῶν. 5. οὐ δοκεῖς ἡφθαι τῆς ἀληθείας, ὦ γέρον. 6. ποῖ τέθραπται ὁ ἀνὴρ διωκόμενος; 7. τίς ἐστὶν ὁ τὴν θύραν κόψας; 8. ἔκπεμψον τῆς πόλεως τοὺς γέροντας ὥς τάχιστα. 9. πόσον συ χρόνον διατέτρίφας ἐν τῇ πόλει κρυπτόμενος; 10. ποῖον θρέψομεν ἄνθρωπον, εἰ οὗτος μέγας ἔσται ἐν τῇ πόλει;

19.—1. They lighted the torches and turned towards the sea. 2. They have concealed all their wealth in the mountains. 3. Those-that-have-been-brought-up by the state ought to apply themselves to virtue. 4. The names will have been written by the

magistrates on the columns. 5. The old men and the women and children were left in the city. 6. These things ought not to be concealed by the orators. 7. You seem to have sent the men; but they have spent much time on the way. 8. He had been brought up (as) a boy on the island of Sicily. 9. He turned and knocked at the door. 10. The city has been badly injured by those-who-persuaded us to send out (aor.) an army.

20.—1. The generals ordered the men to apply themselves to the work. 2. He was buried in his native land by friends who had concealed the body. 3. Those who were left were sent to the island. 4. The iron had been dipped in (into) cold water. 5. To be injured by (one's) friends is most disgraceful. 6. Having left their country they applied themselves to piracy. 7. He spent many days concealed in the temple. 8. Let this be written-once-for-all (perf. imper.) on the column. 9. Not to be buried in the city of one's fathers seems to have been thought a reproach by the Greeks. 10. We have been left alone by those who sent us.

21.—1. τίς ἔβαψε ταύτας τὰς χλαίνας; 2. δεῖ τοῦ ἔργου ὥς τάχιστα ἅπτεσθαι. 3. ἐκλάπησαν αἱ κλεῖς ὑπὸ τῶν τὴν θύραν κοψάντων. 4. οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐξέ-

πεμψαν μέγιστον στράτευμα. 5. αἰσχιστον πείθεσθαι τοῖς προδόταις. 6. τὰ ὀνόματα ἐγράφη ὑπὸ τῶν ἀρχόντων. 7. ἐτράφη οὗτος ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ νήσῳ. 8. ἔλιπον πάντα τὰ ἐπιτήδεια ἐν τῇ νηί. 9. ἤδη οἱ ἄνδρες διώξονται ὑμᾶς. 10. οἱ προδότηι ἔξω τῆς πόλεως ἐτάφησαν.

22.—1. How much time was spent in the city? 2. You ought to apply yourselves to the work. 3. Boys, who knocked at the door? 4. They do not seem to have been injured. 5. The generals routed the army of the enemy. 6. The truth ought not to have been concealed. 7. The boys lighted three torches. 8. The women turned to the temples of the gods. 9. The names of all the cities were written on the columns. 10. Twenty ships were sent out in that expedition.

Liquid Verbs.

See Gr. Gr. pp. 85, 162, §§ 133, 135, and p. 164.

ἀγγέλλω, I announce.

αἶρω, I raise : also get under sail, so, in a general sense, to start. Middle, I take on myself.

βάλλω, I throw, pelt. Strong aorist ἔβαλον.

δέρω, I skin, cudgel.

διαφθείρω, I destroy, corrupt, bribe. Perfect διέφθαρκα, strong aorist passive διεφθάρην.

ἐγείρω, I awaken. Perfect passive ἐγήγερμαι, strong perfect active intransitive ἐγρήγορα, I am awake.

σπείρω, I sow.

στέλλω, I equip ; ἀποστέλλω, I send out, despatch.

σφάλλω, I cause to trip, bring to trouble or ruin : passive, I am baffled, I fail. Strong aorist passive ἐσφάλην.

θερίζω, I reap.

ἐκπλέω, I sail out : ἐκπλεύσομαι, ἐξέπλευσα.

ἄμα, preposition with dative, along with ; ἄμα τη ἑφ, with the dawn.

The future participle is used in Greek to express a purpose : ἔπεμψαν πρέσβεις ἀγγελοῦντας, they sent envoys to announce.

The negative used in prohibitions is μή. Μή is used in the 2d and 3d persons with the present imperative, or the aorist subjunctive. With the present imperative it prohibits a habit, with the aorist subjunctive a particular act.

μὴ ἀδικεῖτε τὸν πλησίον, you shall not do wrong to your neighbour.

μὴ ἀδικήσητε τοὺς Ἀθηναίους, do not (in this matter) wrong the Athenians.

23.—1. ταῦτα ἡγγέλται ὑπὸ τῶν πρέσβων. 2. ἄγγειλον ταῦτα ὡς τάχιστα τοῖς στρατηγοῖς. 3. ἄραντες ἐξέπλευσαν ἐκ τοῦ κόλπου. 4. ἀπεστείλαμεν δέκα πρέσβεις πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα ταῦτα ἀγγελοῦντας. 5. σφάλλεσθε ὑμεῖς, ὦ ἄνδρες, ἐκείνῳ πιστεύοντες. 6. τοσαῦτα σπεύραντες οὐκ ἔχουσιν τὸν καρπὸν. 7. οἱ πρέσβεις ἐδόκουν τοῖς πολίταις ὑπὸ τῶν πολεμίων διεφθάρθαι. 8. ἀγγελθισῶν τῶν σπονδῶν ἐσφάλησαν οἱ στρατηγοί. 9. τίς ἐγερεῖ τοὺς οἰκέτας; 10. σύ μοι δοκεῖς ἐγρηγορέναι. 11. ἅμα τῷ ἡρι σπερούμεν τὸ πεδίον.

24.—1. ἀγγειλάντων τῶν πρέσβων οἷα ποιοῦσιν οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι, εὐθύς Περικλέους πείσαντος, οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἦσαν τὸν πόλεμον. 2. διέφθειραν ἀργυρίῳ τοὺς ἄνδρας τοὺς ὑπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων πεμφθέντας. 3. ἡγγέλθησαν οἱ πολέμοι τὴν γῆν τὴν νεωστὶ ἐσπαρμένην διαφθείρειν. 4. οὐ τοσοῦτον κίνδυνον ἐθέλουσιν οἱ ἀπεσταλμένοι ἄρασθαι. 5. βαλῶμεν, ὦ ναῦται, τὰ δίκτυα εἰς τὴν θάλατταν. 6. ἅμα τῇ ἑφ' ἐγείραντες τοὺς ναύτας οἱ ναύαρχοι ἐκέλευσαν ἄραι ἐκ τοῦ λιμένος. 7. οὐκ ἀποστελοῦμεν τοὺς πρέσβεις οὕς πρὶν ἀπεστείλαμεν. 8. δοκεῖς μοι σφαλῆναι τοιούτοις ἀνδράσιν πιστεύσας. 9. οὐκ ἀγγελοῦσιν ὅπως ἐσφάλησαν ἐν τῇ ναυμαχίᾳ. 10. βαλόντες λίθοις εἴτα ἔδειραν τοὺς ἄνδρας.

25.—1. We will not announce these (tidings) in the city. 2. They destroyed all the women and children and all the country-that-was-sown-with-crops. 3. They set sail the next day. 4. All pelted the wicked man with stones. 5. That which you (shall) sow, you also shall reap. 6. They failed in this matter, the king having bribed the ambassadors. 7. They sent the ships as soon as possible, but the enemy started first. 8. They seem to have sown the ground recently. 9. They undertook the war unwillingly. 10. Awaken the boys at once.

26.—1. This was' announced in the assembly. 2. They seem by this time (ἤδη) to be awake. 3. Having set sail with their ships they guarded the upper sea. 4. Those on the ships aimed at (= pelted) the enemy with arrows and stones. 5. After the ships had been destroyed (gen. abs.), the Athenians ravaged all the country of the enemy. 6. Do not undertake such a danger, O Athenians. 7. The city has at last been awakened by these dangers. 8. You will destroy all the glory of your country. 9. To fail (aor. pass.) in this matter is most disgraceful. 10. All the citizens, when these tidings were announced, raised their hands.

27.—1. οἱ πολέμιοι ἔβαλον ἡμᾶς ἀκοντίοις καὶ

δόρασι. 2. ἃ σπείρουσιν οἱ ἄνθρωποι θερίζουσι. 3. πᾶσαι αἱ τῶν πολεμίων νῆες ἐξέπλευσαν ἐκ τοῦ λιμένος. 4. ἅμα τῷ θέρει ἀπέστειλαν δέκα ναῦς. 5. πᾶσα ἡ πόλις ἐν ἐκείνῳ τῷ πολέμῳ διεφθάρη. 6. αἰσχιστον ἐδόκει πᾶσι σφαλῆναι. 7. μὴ διαφθείρητε τὴν πατρίδα, νεανίαι. 8. τίς ἀγγελεῖ τὸν κίνδυνον; 9. ἄραντες τὰς χεῖρας ἐκέλευσαν αὐτὸν φυλαχθῆναι. 10. μὴ τοῦτον τὸν πόλεμον ἄρησθε, ὦ πολῖται.

28.—1. The young men having sailed with the dawn announced the matter. 2. Let the boys be awakened at once. 3. All are awake in the city. 4. They have destroyed all the temples of the gods. 5. We shall send ambassadors to the king. 6. Having taken this war on themselves they were ruined. 7. Do not apply yourselves to wrong-doing. 8. Announce what has been done in the city. 9. The boy struck (βάλλω) those who were doing him wrong. 10. The danger was reported to the senate.

Verbs in mu and nu.

Gr. Gr. pp. 85, 162, § 135.

αἰσχύνω, I disgrace. Passive used as deponent, (1) feel ashamed at or of; (2) feel ashamed before, *i.e.* revere. The future in this sense is αἰσχυνοῦμαι, the aorist ἥσχύνθην.

ἀμύνω (I ward off), with dative case, I assist. Middle, I repel from myself, with accusative.

ἀποκρίνομαι, I answer, make answer. Aorist ἀπεκρινάμην. κρίνω, I judge: κέκρικα, κέκριμαι, ἐκρίθην.

μένω, I remain, await. Perfect μεμένηκα, aorist ἔμεινα.

νέμω, I divide, assign. Perfect νενέμηκα, aorist ἔνειμα.

Middle, I allot to myself, inhabit.

περαίνω, I accomplish. Aorist active ἐπέρανα, perfect passive πεπέρασμαι, 3d person πεπέρανται.

σημαίνω, I show, signify. Aorist ἐσήμηνα, perfect passive σεσήμασμαι.

τέμνω, I cut, ravage: τεμῶ, τέτμηκα, ἔτεμον, ἐτμήθην.

φαίνω, φανῶ, ἔφηναι, I show. Middle, φανοῦμαι, πέφασμαι, I appear. Passive, φανήσομαι, ἐφάνην, I am found or proved. φανήσομαι and ἐφάνην are also used in the same sense as the middle.

ἐρωτάω, I ask (a question).

Direct Questions.

Direct questions are put into Greek by means of the interrogatives *ἦ* and *ἄρα*. Used alone they do not anticipate any particular answer. *ἄρα* combined with οὐ, *ἄρ' οὐ*; (nonne) implies an affirmative answer: with μή, *ἄρα μή*; (num) it implies a negative answer.

29.—1. ἄρ' οὐχ ὑμεῖς αἰσχυνεῖσθε τοὺς τῆς πατρίδος θεούς; 2. ἄρ' οὐκ ἀμυνεῖτε ἡμῖν, τοῖς πάλαι συμμάχοις; 3. τί δεῖ ἡμᾶς ἀποκρίνασθαι πρὸς τοὺς ἄνδρας; 4. ἄρα κρίνετε τὸ πρᾶγμα χαλεπώτερον εἶναι τοῖς νεανίαις; 5. μέιναντες ἐπὶ τὰς ἡμέρας ἡμύναντο τοὺς πολεμίους. 6. δεινότατον ἐδόκει τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις τὸ τὴν γῆν τμηθῆναι. 7. ταύτην τὴν τιμὴν ἔνειμαν τοῖς τὸν βασιλέα ἀμυναμένοις. 8. ταῦτα δὴ δοκεῖ εὖ πεπεράνθαι ὑπὸ τῶν ἐκπεμφθέντων. 9. ταῦτα ἀποκρινάμενοι πᾶν τὸ πρᾶγμα ἔφηναν ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ. 10. τίς οὐκ αἰσχυνεῖται τὰ πεποιημένα; 11. σημήναντος τοῦ στρατηγοῦ οὐκέτι ἔμειναν οἱ στρατιῶται, ἀλλὰ ἀμύνουσι τοῖς συμμάχοις.

30.—1. ἐκεῖνοι οἱ κριταὶ οὐκ ὀρθῶς κρινούσιν τὰ πράγματα. 2. ἐν ταῖς πόλεσιν ταῖς ἀγαθαῖς πλείστην τοῖς γέρουσι τιμὴν νέμουσιν. 3. ἄρ' οὐκ ὀρθῶς ἀπεκρίνατο ὁ Σωκράτης τῆς ἀληθείας ἀπτόμενος; 4. ἐκεῖνα πράξαντες τὴν πατρίδα ἥσχυναν. 5. ἄρ' ὁρᾶτε τὴν ὑμετέραν χώραν ὑπὸ τῶν πολεμίων τεμνομένην; 6. ἐφάνησαν οἱ πρὶν σύμμαχοι νῦν ἐχθρότατοι ἡμῖν. 7. οὐδεὶς ἄλλος φανήσεται τοῦ Σωκράτους σοφώτερος. 8. οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενούσι τὴν τῶν ἀνθρώπων βραδύτητα. 9. ἴσον μέρος ἐκάστω ὁ κριτὴς ἔνειμε. 10. εὖ περαίνεις τὸ ἔργον τὸ προσ-
ταχθέν.

31.—1. Surely you did not make this answer? 2. These things appeared most dangerous to the magistrates. 3. When the trumpet gave the signal, they set off in the ships. 4. On the next day everything had been accomplished by the traitors. 5. They assigned the largest part of the glory to the Athenians. 6. We will not answer those who have persuaded you to do this. 7. We shall appear foolish, having trusted such men. 8. They will not accomplish what they wish easily. 9. Did they not revere the gods of their fathers? 10. We shall assist those who assisted us.

32.—1. Do not answer those who ask these questions. 2. This has been judged to be the most difficult of all things. 3. They who assigned you this honour judged rightly. 4. All the land that had been sown was ravaged by the Athenians. 5. This was shown (to be) true by the witnesses. 6. We have remained five days, but nothing has been accomplished. 7. Doing such things they will disgrace the city. 8. No one was found more hostile than those who assisted them before. 9. They awaited death bravely. 10. Will you not judge this aright, O friends?

33.—1. ταῦτα ἀποκρίνασθε πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα. 2. πᾶσα ἡ γῆ ὑπὸ τῶν πολεμίων ἐτμήθη. 3. ἀμυνού-

μεθα τοὺς τοιαῦτα ἀδικοῦντας. 4. τί ἀποκρινεῖσθε, ὦ ἄνδρες; 5. ἤσχυναν οἱ παῖδες τὰ τῶν πατέρων ὀνόματα. 6. ἐφάνησαν πάντων τῶν ἐκεῖ εἶναι σοφώτατοι. 7. ἄμυνον ἡμῖν, ὦ νεανία. 8. μεῖζον μέρος ἔνειμαν ἐμοί. 9. τὸ ἔργον πάνυ καλῶς πεπέρανται. 10. εὐθὺς ἐσήμηνεν ὁ στρατηγός.

34.—1. Those who now assist us formerly injured us. 2. The truth will be shown. 3. Who will judge these matters? 4. We will repel our enemies. 5. We will answer at once, O king. 6. They will not revere their country's gods. 7. They assigned all the honour to one man. 8. Nothing will be found more difficult. 9. The Greeks most bravely warded off the Persians. 10. Will they not assign an equal portion to all?

Recapitulatory Exercises on Verbs.

βούλομαι, I wish.

ἔάω, I allow. Augment εἶων, εἶασα etc.; οὐκ ἔάω, I forbid.

ἑθέλω, I am willing; οὐκ ἑθέλω, I refuse.

εἶωθα, I am accustomed.

μέλλω, I am about, I intend, I delay.

οἶόν τέ ἐστι, it is possible.

οἶός τέ εἰμι, I am able.

πρέπει, it is seemly or fitting, with dative case.

τολμάω, I venture.

χρή, it behoves, one ought, with accusative of the person
and the infinitive mood.

35.—1. οὐ πρόπει ταῦτα κεκηρῦχθαι ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ. 2. χρὴ τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀποκρίνασθαι πρὸς ταῦτα. 3. ἅμα τῷ ἡρι μέλλουσι σπερεῖν τὸ πεδῖον. 4. οὐχ οἷοί τε ἦσαν οἱ στρατηγοὶ ἀποστέλλειν τὰς ναῦς. 5. οὐ χρὴ δέχεσθαι ἐκεῖνα τὰ δῶρα παρὰ τοῦ βασιλέως. 6. οὔτοι δρώντων ὅ τι βούλονται. 7. οὐχ οἷόν τέ ἐστι σωθήσεσθαι τὴν πόλιν. 8. μὴ κρύψῃς ὅ τι δέδρακας κακόν. 9. μέλλεις σὺ πάντων σοφώτατος γενήσεσθαι. 10. οὐκ εἶων τοὺς γέροντας ἐν τῇ πόλει μένειν.

36.—1. πῶς ὀλίγοι ὄντες μέλλετε ἀμυνεῖσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους; 2. ἐβούλοντο οἱ ἄλλοι ἀποσταλῆναι. 3. οὐ τολμῶμεν τοσοῦτον πόλεμον ἄρασθαι. 4. διεφθάρησαν οἱ ἄγγελοι τοῖς τῆς βασιλέως δώροις. 5. τί μέλλετε ἐγείρειν τοὺς παῖδας; 6. ταῦτα ἀγγελοῦμεν καὶ ἡμεῖς. 7. τί μεμενήκασιν ἐν τῇ νηί; 8. ἄρ' οὐ ταῦτα ἀποκρινεῖσθε; 9. γέγραπται ταῦτα ἃ κελεύεις. 10. ταῦτα δοκεῖ πεπεράνθαι ἤδη.

37.—1. The ambassadors did not answer. 2. We are not able to assign the land. 3. The name of the city has been disgraced by these men. 4. We ought not to be persuaded (aor.) by evil men. 5. The garments were twice dipped. Everything has been duly (εὖ) prepared. 6. We were sent out of the city by the generals. 7. They forbade the citizens to

leave the harbour. 8. Pursued by the enemy we turned to the ships. 9. They did not apply themselves to the truth. 10. Having set sail we soon left the island.

38.—1. Having fortified the city we shall be able to repel the enemy. 2. The keys of the city were stolen. 3. We routed and pursued the enemy. 4. Who lighted the torch? 5. Alcibiades was brought up in the city. 6. Why have you been left in the house? 7. All men ought to obey the laws. 8. Themistocles was not buried in his native land. 9. He ordered us to send out ships as soon as possible. 10. The nets were thrown into the sea.

39.—1. *ἅπαντα ταῦτα εἰς τὴν τῆς πόλεως σωτηρίαν τρέψεται.* 2. *ἀπηλλαγμένοι ἦσαν τοῦ πρὶν κινδύνου.* 3. *ὥς ἀγαθὸν ἐστὶ τὸ μὴ ταραχθῆναι ὑπὸ πολέμου!* 4. *οὐ δοκεῖ τὰ τεῖχῃ πεφυλακέναι ὁ στρατηγός.* 5. *τίς ἐστὶν ὁ πλέξας ἐκείνον τὸν στέφανον;* 6. *φυλαττώμεθα τοὺς πείθοντας ἀποστέλλειν τὸν ῥήτορα.* 7. *τοιαῦτα ἔκριναν συλλεγόντες οἱ βουλευταί.* 8. *ἔψευσται ὁ ἀνὴρ.* 9. *οἱ υἱεῖς τῶν ῥητόρων ἐτράφησαν ἐν τῇ πόλει.* 10. *μέγας ἦν ὁ κίνδυνος τοῦ διαφθαρῆναι.*

40.—1. *οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι οὐκ εἶων τυράννους εἶναι*

ἐν τῇ Ἑλλάδι. 2. ἤδη καταφεύξεται πρὸς ὑμᾶς ἐκεῖνος ὁ δυστυχής. 3. ἀεὶ αἰσχρὸν νενόμισται τὸ μὴ ἐγρηγορέναι ἐν κινδύνοις. 4. ἐρωτώμενος ὁ ἀνὴρ οὐκ ἀπεκρίνατο πρὸς τοὺς δικαστάς. 5. οἱ ἐν ταῖς ναυσὶ διώξονται τοὺς πρέσβεις. 6. οὐκ ἤθελον οἱ νεανῖαι τῇ πατρίδι ἀμῦναι. 7. ἀμύνασθε, ὦ ἄνδρες, τοὺς τοιαῦτα δρώντας. 8. ἀναγκασθησόμεθα πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς τρέπεσθαι. 9. ἄρ' οὐκ ᾔσχύνησαν λιπόντες τὴν πόλιν; 10. ἡ εἰρήνη τοὺς πολίτας ἀπὸ τῶν πολεμίων οὐκ ἀπήλλαξεν.

41.—1. The citizens refused to answer the judges. 2. The Romans collected a very large army on the plain. 3. Do you not consider it disgraceful to speak falsely? 4. All men ought to be on their guard against these traitors. 5. Defend, young men, your fathers and your country. 6. The walls were well guarded by the soldiers. 7. The generals freed the city from the danger of destruction. 8. The unhappy men turned to the gods. 9. I am not able to answer. 10. They wished to be thought the wisest of all men.

42.—1. It is not possible to escape this danger. 2. The soldiers refuse to obey their generals. 3. The general ordered the citizens to make the ships ready (= prepare). 4. They accomplished successfully the work which-was-enjoined. 5. Those traitors disgraced

the name of their country. 6. They were awake the whole night. 7. The Lacedaemonians destroyed all the trees and houses. 8. They did not guard the harbour and the enemy destroyed Peiraeus. 9. They remained drawn up in the market-place all the night. 10. All the men applied themselves to the work.

43.—1. οἱ φύλακες ἤγαγον ἡμᾶς πρὸς τοὺς ἄρχοντας. 2. ἔθαψαν τὸν ἥρω ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 3. οἱ ταχθέντες ἀπεστάλησαν νυκτός. 4. κηρυχθείσης τῆς εἰρήνης οὐκέτι ἔμενον οἱ νεανίαι. 5. παρασκευαζόμεθα τὰς ἀσπίδας. 6. οὐκ ἐνομίσαμεν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια εἰς τὴν πόλιν κεκομίσθαι. 7. ἄρ' οὐκ ἠσχύνθη ὁ στρατηγὸς ὧδε σφήλας τὴν πόλιν; 8. ἄρ' οὐ μενούμεν κελεύσαντος τοῦ φίλου; 9. ἐφάνησαν κρείττους ὄντες τῶν πολεμίων. 10. οὐκ ἐκεκελεύκη αὐτὸν πρὸς τὸ ἔργον τρέπεσθαι.

44.—1. πῶς τοῦτο οὐκ ἠγγείλατε πρὸς τοὺς στρατηγοὺς; 2. τὸ γῆρας νενόμισται πάντων κακῶν μέγιστον. 3. ἡμεῖς δοκοῦμεν δεσποτῶν πάνυ ἀγρίων ἀπηλλάχθαι. 4. οὐχ ἀψόμεθα ἡμεῖς τοῦ πολέμου. 5. πάντα τὰ χρήματα κέκρυπται ὑπὸ τῶν πολιτῶν. 6. ὅσοι διεφθάρησαν ἐν τῇ μάχῃ ὑπὸ τῶν στρατηγῶν ἐτάφησαν. 7. ἄραντες τὸ σῶμα ἐκόμισαν εἰς τὴν ἀγοράν. 8. μεγάλαν ἔφηναν τὸν κίνδυνον τοῦ σφαλῆναι. 9. ἐκ τοῦ ὕπνου ἐγηνεγμένος φυλάττει τὴν τῆς σκηνῆς

εἴσοδον. 10. ἅπαντα ταῦτα γέγραπται ἐν τοῖς τῆς πατρίδος νόμοις.

45.—1. Having collected all kinds of flowers they plaited wreaths for each other. 2. May the gods be gracious and save us and our country from this danger! 3. They raised the stones with their hands. 4. The Athenians destroyed the cities which the enemy had fortified. 5. They did not receive into the city those who took part in the war. 6. Will not the young men remain? 7. He was freed by the god from a terrible disease. 8. Brought before the magistrates I was compelled to answer. 9. The heroes will be buried in the market-place. 10. The danger being so great, how shall we be saved?

46.—1. Had I not announced this in the senate? 2. They have spent much time remaining in the city. 3. They forbade the sailors to provide themselves with arms. 4. We shall be on our guard against the orators who persuaded us to undertake the war. 5. The soldiers, set in order by the general, repelled the enemy. 6. Who will arouse them from sleep? 7. Socrates was thought to be the wisest of men. 8. The right wing will be led into battle by Pericles. 9. They do not venture to obey the orators. 10. You ought not to have concealed this.

τιθέναι.

See Gr. Gr. pp. 86-89.

Active, I set, put, place ; *τιθέναι νόμους*, to impose, ordain laws (of a superior).

Middle, I set, etc., for myself, arrange, settle, ordain for oneself (of a people passing its own laws), to pass a law.

N.B.—*τέθειμαι* is used only as a middle perfect.

κατὰ νοῦν, satisfactorily.

ὁ αὐτός, the same (Gr. Gr. p. 146, § 91).

ἀγών, a contest ; *ἀγῶνα τιθέναι*, to appoint a contest, to hold games.

ὄνομα, a name ; *ὄνομα τίθεσθαι*, to assign a name.

τροπαῖον, a trophy ; *τιθέναι τροπαῖον νίκης*, to set up a trophy for victory.

47.—1. τίς ἔθηκεν τὸν λίθον ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ; 2. ἵππικὸν ἀγῶνα οἱ Ἕλληνες τιθέασιν ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ. 3. ὦ παῖ, θεὸς τὴν τράπεζαν εἰς τὸ μέσον. 4. οὐκ ὀρθῶς οἱ ἄρχοντες τούτους τοὺς νόμους τιθέασι. 5. χρὴ θεῖναι τροπαῖον τῆς νίκης. 6. τὰ ἡμέτερα εὖ θεῖεν οἱ θεοί. 7. οὐκ εἶων οἱ νησιῶται τὰ ὀστᾶ ἐν τῇ γῇ θεῖναι. 8. ἄρα μὴ τίθεις ἐμοὶ νόμον, ὥς οὐ χρὴ τῇ πατρίδι ἀμύνειν ; 9. κεκλόφασιν τὰ δῶρα ἃ ἡμεῖς ἐν τοῖς νεῶς ἔθεμεν. 10. ποῦ θήσομεν τοὺς κρατῆρας, νεανίαί ;

48.—1. τίθεσο τὸ σὸν ὄνομα τῷ υἱῷ. 2. οἱ τὸν ἀγῶνα θέντες ἐκέλευσαν τοὺς πολίτας ἀθροίζεσθαι. 3. ἔθεντο νόμον οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τρέφειν τοὺς τῶν ἡρώων παῖδας. 4. καὶ ἐμοὶ καὶ σοὶ τὸ αὐτὸ ὄνομα τέθεινται οἱ γονῆς. 5. οἱ νόμοι ἐκεῖνοι ὑπὸ τῶν προτέρων ἐτέθησαν. 6. ὑμεῖς τὰ πράγματα οὐ καλῶς ἔθεσθε. 7. τεθήσεται τοῖς πολίταις τὰ πράγματα κατὰ νοῦν. 8. οὐκ ὀρθῶς ἔκριναν οἱ ῥήτορες ὑμᾶς τοῦτον τὸν νόμον θέσθαι πείσαντες. 9. χρὴ κηρυχθῆναι τὰ ὑπὸ τῆς πόλεως τεθέντα. 10. τί θησόμεθα ὄνομα τῷ παιδί ;

49.—1. We shall hold games for the boys. 2. Place the arms in the temple. 3. The gods did not ordain this for men. 4. The Athenians were unwilling to pass the law. 5. We shall set up a trophy

for ourselves, having conquered the enemy. 6. Kings who ordain laws do not always obey them. 7. The arms of the king were set up in the market-place. 8. We were not able to settle (mid.) the affairs satisfactorily. 9. He was unwilling to give the name to the child. 10. Surely they do not ordain (it as a) law that we ought not to help our parents.

50.—1. This law was ordained by our fathers. 2. Those who appointed the contest made this proclamation (= proclaimed this) to the Greeks. 3. What name shall we give the ship? 4. We do not obey the laws which-we-ordained-for-ourselves. 5. May they settle the war honourably (*καλῶς*)! 6. Put the reward in (=into) my hand. 7. We placed the statue in the temple. 8. Do not pass any (*μηδεὶς*) such law, Athenians. 9. The women set the child on the father's knees. 10. Two trophies were set up by the Athenians.

51.—1. *τίς ἔθηκε τοῦτον τὸν νόμον ἀνθρώποις ;* 2. *τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ ἐτίθεσαν ἀγῶνας πᾶσι τοῖς ἐν τῇ στρατείᾳ.* 3. *τὰ πράγματα καλῶς ἔθεντο οἱ πολῖται.* 4. *θήσουσι τροπαῖον ἐν τῇ τῶν πολεμίων γῇ.* 5. *ἡμύναντο οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τοὺς πολεμίους καὶ ἐκήρυξαν τροπαῖον θεῖναι.* 6. *οἱ ἡμέτεροι πατέρες τούτους τοὺς νόμους ἔθεντο.* 7. *οὐκ ἐπίθοντο οἱ ἐν τῇ πόλει τοῖς ἄρχουσιν.* 8. *δεῖ τὰ ὑπὸ τῆς πόλεως τεθέντα ποιεῖν.* 9.

ἐκέλευσα τοὺς στρατιώτας θεῖναι τὰς ἀσπίδας ἐν τῷ
νεῷ. 10. οἱ κρατῆρες ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ ἐτέθησαν.

52.—1. The Athenians will not enact the law. 2. They appointed games in the plain. 3. Kleon set up a trophy for the victory. 4. We did not settle (mid.) our affairs satisfactorily. 5. We did not persuade them to do what-was-ordained. 6. He set the table in the midst. 7. They ordained it as a law not to leave the city. 8. At the bidding of the god (= the god having ordered) we gave this name to the child. 9. He put the crown into the herald's hand. 10. How many trophies did the islanders set up?

Compounds of *τιθέναι*.

For the force of prepositions compounded with verbs, see Gr. Gr. p. 100.

ἀνατίθηναι, I put up, dedicate.

ἀποτίθηναι, I put away. Middle, put away from myself, lay aside.

ἐντίθηναι, I put in.

ἐπιτίθηναι, I put upon, impose. Middle, I attack.

κατατίθηναι, I put down. Middle, put down from myself, lay down, deposit.

παρατίθηναι, I put beside, offer, give.

περιτίθηναι,¹ I put round. Middle, put round myself, clothe with (dative of the person and accusative of the thing).

προστίθηναι, I put to, *i.e.* add.

ζημία, loss or penalty.

πενής, a poor man. Genitive *πένητος*.

ὤμος, shoulder. Masculine.

¹ The final vowel of *περί* is not elided in composition; thus *περί-εθγκα*, *περίσσημι*.

53.—1. *ζημίαν μεγίστην ἐπέθηκαν οἱ δικασταὶ τῷ ἀνδρί.* 2. *παράθες μοι τὸ δῶρον.* 3. *οὐ μέλλω ταῦτα παραθήσειν τοῖς παισὶ.* 4. *τίνα παραθήσομεν τιμὴν τοῖς τὰ ὄπλα ἀναθεῖσι;* 5. *τὰ χρήματα κατετέθη εἰς τὸν νεών.* 6. *τοῦτο τὸ ἱμάτιον περὶ τοὺς ὤμους περίθου.* 7. *κατάθου τὸ κανοῦν, ὦ θύγατερ.* 8. *ταῦτα σύ μοι παρέθηκας.* 9. *τὰς ἀσπίδας δεῖ ἀνατεθῆναι ἐν τῷ νεῷ.* 10. *ταῦτα δεῖ προστεθῆναι ἐκείνοις.*

54.—1. *ταῦτα ἐνετίθει μέγαν φόβον τοῖς πολίταις.* 2. *ἐχθρὸς ἐστὶν ὁ βασιλεὺς ὅλη τῇ πόλει, προσθήσω δέ, καὶ τοῖς ἐν τῇ πόλει πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις.* 3. *χρὴ ὑμᾶς ἀποθέσθαι τὸν φόβον.* 4. *πολλὰ τοῖς φίλοις παρετίθετο ὁ ἀνὴρ.* 5. *ἀπέθεντο οἱ πολῖται τὴν πρὶν ὀργήν.* 6. *τὸ μὴ παραθεῖναι τοῖς ξένοις σῖτον καὶ ὕδωρ ἦν μέγιστον ὄνειδος.* 7. *ἀναθέντων αἱ γυναῖκες τὰ δῶρα τῇ θεῷ.* 8. *μὴ ἐκείνο τοῖς πρὶν κακοῖς πρόσθειεν οἱ θεοί.* 9. *ὦ ἄνδρες, καταθώμεθα τὰ φορτία.* 10. *ἐνθες τὸ ἀργύριον τῇ τοῦ δεσπότου χειρὶ.*

55.—1. He will give the poor men bread. 2. They ordered the maidens to lay down their baskets. 3. The war added another danger to the state. 4. He will set this evidence before the judges. 5. We will deposit the money in the temple. 6. They have

imposed a large fine on the state. 7. They ordered us to set food before the strangers. 8. Having deserted our allies we clothed the city with shame. 9. They put a crown (*περιτιθέναι*) on the orator's head (dat.). 10. Shall we not lay aside our fear?

56.—1. They dedicated the crowns in the temple of Apollo. 2. They put all the money into the ship. 3. We admired the valour of those who offered the shields. 4. He was unwilling to set before the magistrates the names of his friends. 5. Put (aor.) all these into the basket. 6. I will not put down a drachma for you. 7. They put down the burdens and turned to the work. 8. The army created (*ἐντιθέναι*) great confusion among the citizens. 9. To me, and I will add, to you, this affair will occasion (*παρατιθέναι*) great danger. 10. May the gods receive the gifts we have offered.

57.—1. ὁ δοῦλος ἐνέθηκε τὸ ἀργύριον ἐν τῷ στόματι. 2. ἐκεῖνος προσέθηκε τοῖς πρὶν λόγοις καὶ ἀδικίαν. 3. ταῦτα δεῖ παραθεῖναι τοῖς πολίταις. 4. ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες ἀπέθεντο τὸν πρὶν φόβον. 5. ποῖον σύ μοι στέφανον περιέθηκας, ὦ νεανία; 6. ἔνθες τὴν λαμπάδα ἐν τῇ χειρί. 7. πολλὰ δῶρα παρατιθέασιν τοῖς πένησι. 8. ἐκελεύσαμεν τοὺς παῖδας καταθέσθαι

τοὺς κρατῆρας. 9. οὐκ ἄλλο τι δῶρον προσθήσεις ;
10. πάντα τὰ ὅπλα ἀνετέθη ἐν τῷ νεώ.

58.—1. Put the sword in your hand. 2. A great danger will be added by these things. 3. The girls put down their baskets. 4. The orator did not add one word. 5. The names were all set before the magistrates. 6. They dedicated the crowns in the temple. 7. You will clothe yourself with shame. 8. They attacked the enemy the next day. 9. Who does not admire those-who-deposited the money? 10. We dedicated the shields which you sent.

ἵσταναι.

ἵστημι, I make to stand, to set up.

The following tenses are transitive: *present* I make to stand; *imperfect* ἵστην, I made to stand; *future* στήσω, I shall make to stand; *weak aorist* ἔστησα, I made to stand.

The strong aorist and the perfect and pluperfect are intransitive: ἔστην, I stood; ἑστηκα, I am standing; εἰστήκη, I was standing.

Ἑρμῆς, a statue of Hermes.

κρατήρ, κρατήρ, ὅ, a bowl.

μνημεῖον τό, a memorial.

πλησίον, near.

τράπεζα, τραπέζης, a table.

τρίπους, τρίποδος, ὅ, a tripod.

στήλη ἡ, a column.

ὑπέρ, preposition, "on behalf of." In this sense with genitive.

59.—1. ἔστησαν οἱ πολῖται τρεῖς Ἑρμᾶς ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 2. ἐκέλευσαν ἡμᾶς οἱ ἄρχοντες στήσαι τὴν στήλην. 3. στήσομεν τὸν τρίποδα νικήσαντες. 4. ἐστήκασιν οἱ ἄνδρες ἔξω τοῦ νεώ. 5. πῶς οὐκ ἄξιοί εἰσι στεφάνων οἱ πολλὰ ὑπὲρ τῆς πόλεως στήσαντες τροπαῖα; 6. δίκαιόν ἐστιν ἱστάναι μνημεῖον τοῦδε τοῦ ἀνδρὸς ἐν τῇ πόλει. 7. ἡ λίθος σταθήσεται ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ. 8. στήθι εἰς τὸ μέσον καὶ μὴ κρύψῃς τὸ ἀληθές. 9. εἰστήκη πᾶσαν τὴν ἡμέραν. 10. ἐστηκότες τὰ ὄπλα ἦραν ἅπαντες.

60.—1. στήτε πλησίον, ὦ ἐταῖροι. 2. ἐδόκει ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐστηκέναι. 3. εὐθὺς στάντες τοῖς στρατηγοῖς πείθονται. 4. ἱσταῖεν οἱ πολῖται τῆς σωτηρίας μνημεῖον. 5. στήλαι σταθήσονται γεγραμμένοι. 6. ἐκλέψαν τοὺς Ἑρμᾶς τοὺς ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ἐστηκότας. 7. πολλὰ τροπαῖα τῶν πολεμίων ἐστήσαμεν ἐν τῷ πολέμῳ. 8. τὰ μακρὰ τείχη ἵστασαν οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι. 9. στήσων τοὺς κρατῆρας εἰς τὴν τράπεζαν. 10. ταῦτα ἐσήμηνε τῷ παιδὶ τῷ πλησίον ἐστηκότι.

61.—1. The Lacedaemonians forbade the Athenians to erect the long walls. 2. The statue stands in the temple. 3. They set up a memorial of the heroes on the plain. 4. We will signify this to those who are standing near. 5. We have ordered the citizens to erect the pillar in the market-place. 6. They stood in

(=into) the middle and proclaimed this to the citizens. 7. Five (statues of) Hermes were standing in the market-place. 8. Let the memorial be set up to the saviour of his country! 9. They did not dare to stand near the fire. 10. We awakened him and he stood (up).

62.—1. They seem to me to have been standing a long time. 2. I was already standing (pluperf.) to answer (ὥς with fut. participle). 3. The pillar which was set up in the city signifies this. 4. Let us stand near each other in this danger. 5. They are setting up a trophy where (οὗ) the heroes were buried. 6. They will no longer be able to stand upright (ὀρθῶς). 7. You are standing in our way (=in the way to us: ἐμποδών with dat.). 8. Let the witness stand in the middle. 9. The walls were erected already. 10. We ought to set up a trophy of the victory.

63.—1. στάντων οἱ στρατιῶται ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ. 2. ἔστησαν ἑπτὰ κρατῆρας ἐπὶ τὴν τράπεζαν. 3. πᾶσαν τὴν νύκτα ἡ γυνὴ εἰστήκει. 4. ὁ δεσπότης ἐκέλευσε τοὺς δούλους ἰστάναι τὰς τραπέζας. 5. ἄρ' οὐ στήσουσι μνημεῖον νίκης; 6. ταῦτα ἀπεκρίναντο οἱ ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ἑστηκότες. 7. αἱ γυναῖκες ἔμενον ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ ἑστηκυῖαι. 8. ταῦτα ἐσήμηναν οἱ ἱππῆς τῷ στρατεύματι ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ ἑστηκότι. 9. οὐχ οἶόν τε

ἦν ἐν τῇ θαλάττῃ στῆναι. 10. πόσον χρόνον εἰστή-
κης τὴν θύραν φυλάττων ;

64.—1. The slaves set up the tables in the road. 2. Standing in the road they guarded the temple. 3. He ordered his comrades to stand nearer. 4. The Athenians are not erecting walls. 5. Who set up the tripod in the temple? 6. The guards were standing the whole night. 7. While the citizens were standing in the market-place, the heralds proclaimed the victory. 8. Why did you all stand in our way? 9. The trophies they erected are worth nothing (gen.). 10. The citizens threw the assembly into confusion.

Compounds of *ίστάναι*.

For the shortened forms of the perfect and pluperfect,
see Gr. Gr. p. 166, § 152.

Transitive tenses of active voice : present, imperfect, future,
weak aorist.

Intransitive tenses of active voice : perfect, pluperfect,
strong aorist.

ἀνίστημι, I make to rise up : in the middle and intransitive
tenses of the active voice, I rise up.

ἀφίστημι, I make to revolt : in the middle and intransitive
tenses of the active voice, I revolt.

καθίστημι, I establish, appoint : in the passive and intransi-
tive tenses of the active voice, I am appointed, established,
I am brought or come into such and such a state ; *οἱ*
καθεστῶτες νόμοι, the appointed laws ; *πολέμου καθεστῶτος*,
a state of war existing.

παρίστημι, I set before : in the middle and intransitive
tenses of the active voice, I stand by.

περίστημι, I place or bring round : in the middle voice and
intransitive tenses of active, I stand round ; *οἱ περιεστῶτες*,
the bystanders.

65.—1. οὗτοι λέγονται τῷ κλέπτῃ παρεστάναι. 2. ταῦτα ἐσήμαινον οἱ περιεστῶτες. 3. ἀφιστᾶσι τοὺς πολίτας τοῦτο δρῶντες. 4. τὰ πράγματα εὖ κατέστη. 5. οἱ σύμμαχοι ἀποστάντες οὐκ ἤθελον δέχεσθαι τοὺς πρέσβεις. 6. ἡμῶν καλῶς πραττόντων οὐκ ἀποστήσονται. 7. ὁ βασιλεὺς ἄλλον στρατηγὸν κατέστησεν. 8. οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες καθέστασαν φύλακες ὑπὸ τοῦ βασιλέως. 9. ἄρ' οὐ πείθεσθε τοῖς καθεστῶσι νόμοις; 10. ἡ πόλις κατέστη εἰς μέγαν κίνδυνον τοῦ διαφθαρῆναι.

66.—1. οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι οὐκ εἶων καταστήσαι τυράννους ἐν τῇ Ἑλλάδι. 2. εἰς μέγιστον κίνδυνον καταστὰς ὁ ἀνὴρ καταφεύξεται πρὸς ὑμᾶς. 3. τὰ ἄλλα καταστήσομεθα ὥς ἡμῖν δοκεῖ ἄριστα. 4. οὐ δίκαιον τοὺς ἀφεστῶτας ἀποστεῖλαι. 5. ἐπειδὴ εἰς τὴν ἀρχὴν κατέστησαν, πολλοὺς τῶν πολιτῶν κακῶς ἐποιοῦν. 6. ἐγὼ μὲν παρειστήκη, σὺ δὲ ἐκεῖνα ἔπραττες. 7. ὁρῶμεν κινδύνους μεγάλους περιεστῶτας. 8. ἔμελλον πάντες οἱ σύμμαχοι ἀποστήσεσθαι τῶν Πελοποννησίων πρὸς τοὺς Ἀργεῖους. 9. ἀναστήσονται ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες. 10. πολέμου καθεστῶτος οἱ ῥήτορες ἔσφηλαν τὴν πόλιν.

67.—1. They revolted from the Athenians. 2. The ambassadors persuade the cities to revolt from their former allies. 3. These laws were appointed by

the king. 4. They arranged the matter for themselves in the best way. 5. We were standing by, you were speaking. 6. The greatest dangers surrounded them. 7. They rose up and refused to obey. 8. How were the matters settled? 9. They appointed games for the young men. 10. They have stood by me all the time.

68.—1. They caused the islanders to revolt from the city. 2. Will you not appoint another general? 3. Tyrants have been set up in all the cities of Greece. 4. He was brought into the greatest danger. 5. Those who were standing round reported the matter. 6. We shall not revolt from you, Athenians. 7. The laws that have been ordained forbid (us) to do this. 8. Rise up at once, and answer. 9. Having been appointed general he sent out 3000 men. 10. To have revolted from your allies is a great disgrace.

69.—1. Οἱ ἐν τῇ πόλει κατέστησαν δέκα φύλακας τῶν πυλῶν. 2. καθεστῶτος τοῦ πολέμου ἅπαντες εἰς μέγιστον κίνδυνον κατέστησαν. 3. οὐκέτι οἶόν τε ἦν ἐστηκέναι ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 4. ἔπεισαν οἱ νησιῶται τοὺς ἐν τῇ ἡπείρῳ ἀφίστασθαι τῶν Ἀθηναίων. 5. οἱ καθεστῶτες στρατηγοὶ οὐδὲν ἀποκρινάμενοι ἀπέπεμψαν τοὺς πρέσβεις. 6. αἱ γυναῖκες τὰ ἐν τῇ πόλει ἐσήμουν τοῖς περιεστῶσι. 7. οἱ ἐν τῷ εὐωνύμῳ

κέρα ἑστηκότες ἀπέφυγον. 8. τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ πᾶσαι αἱ τῶν Κορινθίων νῆες τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἀφίστανται. 9. εὐθὺς ἄραντες οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐπέθεντο τοῖς ἀφεστῶσι συμμάχοις. 10. οὐ πρέπει ἡμῖν, ὦ ἄνδρες, τοῖς καθεστῶσι νόμοις μὴ πείθεσθαι.

70.—1. We were standing in the market-place: the ships were all in the harbour. 2. When the general gives the signal they all rise. 3. After the allies deserted (genitive absolute) the Greeks were not able to repel the Persians. 4. The work has been well accomplished: you shall settle the other matters as seems to you best. 5. The Athenians have sent many other ambassadors, but they will not persuade us to desert from the Peloponnesians. 6. By obeying (= having obeyed) the orators the citizens were brought into great danger. 7. Twenty ships were guarding the city which had revolted. 8. It is not seemly for you to desert from us in this danger. 9. All your enemies will attack you. 10. The bowls were standing on the table.

71.—1. ἐκέλευσε τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀρπάζειν πάντα τὰ χρήματα. 2. τίς οὐ θαυμάζει τὴν ἀρετὴν τῶν τὰ ὄπλα ἀναθέντων; 3. μὴ ἀφίστασο τῶν φίλων. 4. αἱ νῆες ἤδη διεφθάρησαν. 5. δεῖ φύλακας καθιστάναι τοῦ νεώ. 6. ὁ τρίπους ἐκεῖνος εἰστήκει ἐν τῷ

νεώ. 7. οὗτοι διαφθείρουσι τὰ ἐν τῇ πόλει καθε-
στηκότα. 8. οὐ χρήματα καταθήσω ὑμῖν. 9. οἱ
ἄγγελοι ἐλπίδα παρέστησαν τοῖς πολίταις. 10.
μὴ θῇσθε νόμον μηδένα.

72.—1. The citizens did not ordain any law.
2. Having offered the arms to the god the men were
sent back in the ships. 3. Is it not disgraceful to
desert (one's) friends? 4. The girls placed the tripod
in the temple. 5. The general set up many trophies.
6. They will appoint twenty men (as) guards of the
king. 7. We were brought into the greatest danger.
8. They do not allow the allies to appoint magistrates.
9. We were standing in the road. 10. They refuse
to send back the money.

διδόναι.

τὰ δέοντα, that which is due.

73.—1. πεισθέντες ἔμελλον δώσειν τὰ χρήματα. 2. τὴν χεῖρα δός μοι τὴν δεξιάν. 3. μὴ ἀργύριον τοῖς ἀνδράσι διδῶμεν. 4. πολλὰ δοὺς τοῖς πρέσβεσι ὑμᾶς ἐξηπάτα. 5. δότω μοι τις τὴν μάχαιραν εὐθύς. 6. δοῖεν οἱ θεοὶ σωτηρίαν τῇ πατρίδι. 7. ἡμεῖς τοῖς παισὶ παντὰ τὰ ἡμέτερα δίδομεν. 8. αἰσχιστον τὸ μὴ διδόναι τὰ δέοντα τοῖς γονεῦσι. 9. χρυσοὶ στέφανοι ἐδόθησαν τοῖς νικῶσι. 10. πιθόμενος τῷ πατρὶ ἔδωκε τὰ χρήματα τοῖς ἀδελφοῖς.

74.—1. τοῦτο ἡμῖν ἐκ τῶν θεῶν δέδοται. 2. αἱ κόραι διδόασιν ἱμάτια τοῖς πένησι. 3. πέντε μνᾶς τῷ ῥήτορι ἔδοσαν οἱ ἀδελφοί. 4. δώσουσι τὰς ἀσπίδας τοῖς νεανίαις. 5. δέξαι τὰ δῶρα ἃ ἐθέλομέν σοι δοῦναι. 6. δόντων οἱ δοῦλοι τὰς λαμπάδας ὡς τάχιστα. 7. τί δέδωκας τῷ υἱεῖ, ὦ πάτερ; 8. οὗτοι λέγονται μαχαίρας τοῖς πολίταις δεδωκέναι. 9. ἐκέλευσα τοὺς παῖδας δοῦναι τὰ ῥὰ τοῖς ἐταίροις. 10. μὴ δῶς ταῦτα τῷ δούλῳ.

75.—1. Who will give the sailors their pay? 2. Do not give the traitor a crown. 3. Swords were given to the citizens. 4. May the gods give us peace. 5. Give (aor.) me the sword. 6. Let them give me what they wish. 7. We gave the baskets to the maidens. 8. What name have you given the boy. 9. The gods give to men what is due. 10. A

beautiful reward seems to have been given him by his friends.

76.—1. Those that give most receive least. 2. Give your parents what is due. 3. Pay shall be given to the sailors. 4. Grant (give) me, Apollo, to escape the danger. 5. They refused to give the heralds a reward. 6. O my friends, give me my own. 7. The gods have given us safety. 8. This name has been given him by his friends. 9. They refused to accept what you gave. 10. The eggs were given us by the boys.

77.—1. μὴ δώτε τὰ χρήματα τοῖς πονηροῖς πολίταις. 2. ἔδοσαν οἱ στρατηγοὶ ἐλευθερίαν πάσαις ταῖς πόλεσι. 3. οὐ μέλλουσιν οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες δώσειν χρήματα τοῖς πολεμίοις. 4. ἀποστάντες τῶν συμμάχων πλείστα χρήματα ἐδέξαντο. 5. αἰσχροὺς ἐδόκει τοῖς στρατηγοῖς τὰ δοθέντα μὴ δέξασθαι. 6. πάντες οἱ ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ ἐδίδοσαν ἄνθη καὶ στεφάνους τῷ στρατηγῷ. 7. εἴκοσι καὶ ἑκατὸν τάλαντα δώσουσι τῷ τῶν πολεμίων στρατηγῷ. 8. δόντων τῶν συμμάχων χρήματα καὶ ναῦς ὅτι πλείστας οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι λιπόντες τὴν πόλιν ἀπέπλευσαν οἴκαδε. 9. ὦ θεοί, δότε τὴν πόλιν ἐκ τῶν κινδύνων τῶν περιστώτων σωθῆναι. 10. πάντες οἱ σύμμαχοι διδόασιν σίδηρον καὶ ξύλα.

78.—1. Money and arms were given for (εἰς) the expedition. 2. Do not give money to the sailors. 3. On hearing this (=straightway having heard this) he gave me his right hand. 4. The boys received the money which you gave them. 5. The victory seems to have been given by the gods. 6. They were compelled to keep peace and to give money and all else (=all the other things) for the siege. 7. The citizens were persuaded not (μῆ) to give the money to the ambassadors of the Athenians. 8. The enemy granted us (permission) to receive the ambassadors and answer the next day. 9. All the money which they gave us was in the ships. 10. A hundred and fifty ships sailed out of the harbour.

Compounds of διδόναι.

ἀποδίδωμι, I give back, render. In the middle the verb also means "I sell."

ἐνδίδωμι, I give in, surrender.

μεταδίδωμι, I give a share of, with genitive case of the thing shared.

παραδίδωμι, I give up, hand over, hand down.

προδίδωμι,¹ I betray.

γονεύς, γονέως, ὁ, parent.

εὐεργέτης, εὐεργέτου, ὁ, a benefactor.

μέρος, μέρους, τό, portion.

μνᾶ, μνᾶς, a mina.

πάνυ, altogether.

¹ The vowel of the preposition πρό is not elided before the augment, but is frequently contracted with it as in προῦδωκα.

79.—1. μικρὸν πάνυ δῶρον ὁ ἀνὴρ μοι ἔδωκε. 2. ἐκέλευσα τοὺς παῖδας μεταδοῦναι τοῖς ἐταίροις τῶν ῥῶν. 3. μὴ προδῶς τὴν πόλιν, ὦ βασιλεῦ. 4. παράδος σεαυτὸν τοῖς φύλαξι. 5. τοὺς νεκροὺς νικηθέντες ἀπέδωκαν τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις. 6. ταῦτα παραδέδοται ὑμῖν ὑπὸ τῶν πατέρων. 7. ὑμεῖς οὐδένα πώποτε προὔδωκατε φίλον. 8. τοῖς ἄλλοις μετέδωκαν μέρος τι τῶν χρημάτων. 9. παρέδωκαν τὸν παῖδα τῷ φιλοσόφῳ διδάσκειν. 10. ἔμελλον οἱ προδότηι ἐνδώσειν τὰ τείχη.

80.—1. οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες προὔδωσαν τὴν πόλιν. 2. διδόασιν οἱ ἐν τῇ χώρᾳ κάλλιστα δῶρα τῷ βασιλεῖ. 3. ἐν πάσαις ταῖς πόλεσι δεῖ ἀποδοῦναι τιμὴν τοῖς εὐεργέταις. 4. πῶς οὐ μεταδώσομεν ὑμῖν τῶν καρπῶν; 5. ἀπέδοτο τὴν οἰκίαν τῷ φίλῳ τριάκοντα μνῶν. 6. ἡ πόλις ἐνεδόθη αἰσχιστα ὑπὸ τοῦ προδότου. 7. δοκοῦσιν ἐκεῖνοι παραδεδωκέναι ἑαυτούς τε καὶ τὴν πόλιν τοῖς συμμάχοις. 8. οὐκ ἐῷσιν ἡμᾶς ἀποδόσθαι τὰ ἐπιτήδεια τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις. 9. ταῦτα διδόσθω τοῖς ἀξιόις. 10. ἀπόδος καὶ τοῖς θεοῖς καὶ τοῖς γονεῦσι τὰ δέοντα.

81.—1. They refused to give back the dead. 2. Who betrayed the walls to the enemy? 3. We will give you a share of our wealth. 4. You gave us a small gift. 5. The Greeks paid (ἀποδίδωμι) the

greatest honour to Apollo. 6. Our fathers have handed down these laws to their children. 7. Who sold the cloak to the slave? 8. Children were betrayed by fathers, masters by slaves. 9. They intended to give up the ships to the Persians. 10. Render to every man (*ἕκαστος*) his due.

82.—1. Let them give (*ἀποδίδωμι*) this privilege to the heroes' children. 2. We must obey the laws that were handed down by our fathers. 3. They refused to give us a share in the state (*πολιτεία*). 4. The gods give the best gifts to men. 5. You surely have not betrayed your friend? 6. Let the greatest honour be paid the ambassadors. 7. O Apollo, grant unto us not (*μῆ*) to be overcome in the battle, and we will render thee sacrifice. 8. Time gives each man his proper (*ἄξιος*) honour. 9. The women gave up their children to the soldiers to guard. 10. The dead bodies were given back by the Athenians.

83.—1. οἱ προδόντες τὴν πόλιν ἐδέξαντο νυκτὸς τοὺς πολεμίους τοὺς ἀπεσταλμένους. 2. ἂρ' οὐ χρὴ τοὺς παῖδας μεταδιδόναι τῶν χρημάτων τοῖς γονεῦσι ; 3. οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες ἐξαπατήσαντες ἡμᾶς προὔδοσαν τὴν πόλιν τοῖς πολεμίοις. 4. οὐ δοκοῦσιν ἐκεῖνοι ἐνδώσειν. 5. ποῖον ὑμεῖς μισθὸν ἀπέδοτε τοῖς σώσασιν ὑμᾶς ἐκ κινδύνων ; 6. ἂρ' οὐκ ἀποδώσετε τὰ δέοντα

τοῖς πατράσι ; 7. αἱ νῆες παραχθεῖσαι τὴν νίκην παρέδωσαν τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις. 8. ἐκεῖνοι τροπαῖον ἐν τῇ νήσῳ στήσαντες ἀπέπλευσαν. 9. ἤδη συνελέγη τὸ στράτευμα τῶν συμμάχων. 10. οὐκ αἰσχρὸν ἐνόμιζον προδοῦναι τὴν νήσον.

84.—1. Our fathers have handed down this law to their children. 2. All the cities gave a share of the money to the god. 3. This privilege was given us by our fathers. 4. Having surrendered the walls they all escaped in their ships from the island. 5. A man who-has-betrayed his friend is not worthy of honour. 6. The traitors sold the city and the temples to the tyrant. 7. For how much money (genitive) did you sell the house to your friend? 8. They were unwilling to give themselves up to the general. 9. The king ordained a law not to sell iron to strangers. 10. The girls gave money and cloaks to the old men.

85.—1. δότε τὸν κρατῆρα τῷ δούλῳ. 2. ἄρ' οὐχ ἑαυτὸν ἔδωκε τῇ πατρίδι ; 3. οὐκ ἠθέλον δοῦναι τὴν μάχαιραν τῷ παιδί. 4. μὴ δοῖεν οἱ πολέμιοι τοῖς πολεμίοις νικᾶν. 5. δόντων τὰ χρήματα τῶν πολιτῶν οὐκέτι ἦν ἐν κινδύνῳ ἡ πόλις. 6. ἐδέξαντο τοὺς στρατιώτας εἰς τὰς οἰκίας. 7. οὐ φεύξονται οἱ ταῦτα δεδρακότες. 8. οὗτος οὐκ ἐδύνατο σφῆλαι τὴν πόλιν. 9. ποῦ τέθαιπται ὁ υἱός ; 10. τοὺς μένοντας ἐξελῶ.

86.—1. All the dead were given back by the enemy. 2. They caused the Chians to revolt from the Athenians. 3. Give the mina to the slave. 4. The ambassadors seem to me to have spoken falsely. 5. The general ordered the names to be written on the column. 6. The next day those outside the city attacked us. 7. They did not dare to sail out of the harbour. 8. They did not give back the bodies to be buried (=to bury). 9. They were compelled to fly to the temple for refuge. 10. You will judge the men by (=ἀπό with genitive) their works.

Verbs in upsilon.

ἀποδείκνυμι, I show, declare, prove.

δείκνυμι, I point out.

ἐπιδείκνυμαι, middle, I show off, display.

κρεμάννυμι, I hang up.

πήγνυμι, I congeal.

87.—1. ἄρ' οὐκ ἐθέλεις δεικνύναι τὴν ὁδὸν τῷ ξένῳ ; 2. ἐπεδείκνυντο τὴν σοφίαν οἱ νεανῆαι ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 3. κρεμάσαντες τὰς ἀσπίδας ἐν τῷ νεῷ κηρύττουσι τὴν νίκην. 4. οὐ τὸ ὕδωρ μόνον ἀλλὰ καὶ τὸ γάλα ὁ χειμὼν ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ χώρᾳ πηγνυσι. 5. οἱ μάρτυρες οὐ δοκοῦσι τὴν ἀλήθειαν ἀποδεικνύναι. 6. δείκνυ ταῦτα τοῖς δικασταῖς. 7. οὐ πρέπει οὕτως ἐπιδείκνυσθαι τὴν ἀρετήν. 8. δεικνύντων ἂ ἐθέλουσιν ἐκεῖνοι. 9. σαφῶς δέδεικται ἡ ἀλήθεια. 10. ταῦτα δεικνύασιν οἱ νόμοι οἱ ἐν τῇ στήλῃ γεγραμμένοι.

88.—1. Who will show us the truth? 2. Are you not willing to point out the sailors the way? 3. Water congeals (=is congealed) in winter. 4. We do not show off our valour. 5. To hang up the shield in the temple is glorious (καλός). 6. Those that make a show of wisdom are not worthy of honour. 7. We do not venture to show these things to the ambassadors. 8. We will declare all the truth. 9. The way was pointed out by the boys. 10. Point out (aor.) what you wish to teach.

89.—1. οὐκ ἀπέδωσαν οἱ πολέμιοι τὰς ναῦς. 2. ὁ ῥήτωρ ἀπέδειξε τοὺς λόγους ψευδεῖς. 3. ἐθέλω δεικνύναι τὸν λιμένα τῷ ξένῳ. 4. μένουσιν ἐν τῇ νήσῳ καὶ οὐ τολμῶσιν ἐκπλεῖν. 5. οἱ πρέσβεις οὐκ ἤθελον τὰ γεγραμμένα δεικνύναι. 6. πλέκοντες καὶ

κρεμαννύντες στεφάνους τιμῶσι τοὺς θεούς. 7. οἱ σύμμαχοι εὐθὺς ἀναστάντες ἀποκρίνονται. 8. τίς οἶός τέ ἐστι ἀποδεικνύναι πάντα ταῦτα ; 9. ἐδόκει αἰσχιστον ὑπὸ τῶν συμμάχων βλαφθῆναι. 10. δεῖξον ἡμῖν τὸν νεών.

90.—1. They answer (by) hanging up their swords. 2. We will show you the road. 3. The witnesses seem to prove the words true. 4. Since these things have been proved, what will you say? 5. The water seems to be congealed. 6. They were unjustly injured by their friends. 7. The ambassador does not show what has been written. 8. The philosopher will not prove this. 9. They show the name written on the column. 10. They hand over the slave to the master.

εἶμι, I shall go.

εἵσειμι, I will go into.

ἐξείμι, I will march out.

μέτειμι, I will go after.

For the present tense, "I go," in the indicative mood, ἔρχομαι with its compounds is used. εἶμι is used in the other moods.

91.—1. ἴασι πρέσβεις ταῦτα ἀγγελοῦντες. 2. ἐξῆσαν οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι τοῖς συμμάχοις βοηθήσונτες. 3. ἴθι, ἄγγειλον ταῦτα τῇ βουλῇ. 4. ἄρ' οὐκ εἰ πρὸς τὴν ἑορτὴν; 5. οὐκ ἐξῆσαν οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι εἰς μάχην. 6. ἐκέλευσαν τοὺς ἄνδρας μετιέναι τὰ ἐπιτήδεια. 7. ἰόντων ἅπαντες εἰς τὰς οἰκίας. 8. οὐκ ἔδοξε τῷ στρατηγῷ πρὸς τὰ ὄρη ἰέναι. 9. πάντες ἡμεν ἅμα ἔω πρὸς τὸν λιμένα. 10. οἱ φύλακες οὐκ ἐῶσιν ἡμᾶς ἰέναι.

92.—1. οὐ δίκαιον ὑμῖν οὕτως εἰς τὸν νεῶν εἰσιέναι. 2. ἴοιεν εἰς τὴν πατρίδα οἱ φυγάδες. 3. Περικλῆς οὐκ εἶα τοὺς Ἀθηναίους ἐξιέναι ἐκ τῶν τειχῶν. 4. οἱ φύλακες μετῆσαν τοὺς ἄνδρας τοὺς φυγόντας. 5. πιθόμενος τῷ πατρὶ ἐξῆει τῆς οἰκίας. 6. πολλάκις εἰσῆμεν εἰς τὴν τῶν πολεμίων χώραν. 7. ᾗσαν οἱ νεανῖαι τροπαῖον στήσונτες. 8. ὅτε εἰσῆει ἐκεῖνος, πάντες οἱ ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ ἀνέστησαν. 9. οὐκ ἐκόμιζον εἰς τὴν πόλιν οἱ μετιόντες τὰ ἐπιτήδεια. 10. ἴωμεν εὐθύς, ὦ φίλοι, ταῦτα τοῖς ἄρχουσιν ἀγγελοῦντες.

93.—1. We will all go into the market-place. 2. When the war was proclaimed the Athenians did not march out, but remained in the city. 3. They went after the boys whom you sent. 4. The slave did not enter into the temple of Apollo. 5. The Athenians

repelled the enemy as they were marching out (pres. part.). 6. Those who were willing to go were drawn up by the general in the market-place. 7. Since you order (me) (gen. abs.) I will go. 8. At dawn we all went to the sea. 9. Go out of the house as soon as possible. 10. He rose up and went out of the assembly.

94.—1. Go, awaken the slaves. 2. Pericles set sail and next day entered the harbour of the island. 3. The general ordered us to march out of the city. 4. The young men will go to do what you order. 5. Let the sailors go out of the ships. 6. The soldiers went after the shields which had been left on the plain. 7. I will go to give the boy a crown. 8. The daughters of the citizens went to Athene's temple. 9. Let us not enter the traitor's house. 10. May they go prosperously, guarded by the god.

95.—1. ἐκέλευσεν αὐτοὺς ὁ στρατηγὸς ἵέναι εἰς μάχην καὶ μὴ φοβεῖσθαι τὸ τῶν πολεμίων πλῆθος. 2. ἤδη πλεόνων ἐπιόντων ἠναγκάσθημεν ἀπιέναι. 3. ἅμα τῇ ἔφ' ἐξῆσαν ἐκ τῆς πόλεως. 4. ἂρ' οὐκ ἀπέδειξε τοῖς δικασταῖς τὴν ἀλήθειαν; 5. ἅπαντες οἱ παῖδες ἀπίασι. 6. πείσαντες τὰς πόλεις εἰς ἃς ᾗσαν ἀποπεμφθέντες, ἔμελλον ἄξειν μέγιστον στράτευμα. 7. οὐκέτι χρὴ οἴκαδε ἀπιέναι. 8. ἂρ' οὐ μέλλουσι ταῖς

ναυσὶν ἐξιέναι ὥς τάχιστα ; 9. εὐθὺς μετίωμεν τοὺς δούλους τοὺς φυγόντας. 10. ἐν ταύτῃ τῇ στρατείᾳ ἐξίασιν ὀπλῖται πολλοὶ καὶ νῆες καὶ ἵπποι.

96.—1. The allies who have deserted will not go. 2. On the following day all went out of the city, men, women and children. 3. Who will show us the way? 4. They were not able after being conquered to enter the city. 5. Having set up a trophy on the island they all went off home. 6. They all thought it glorious to hang up a shield in the temple of Apollo. 7. The orators made a show of wisdom, but they did not persuade us. 8. The truth seems to have been demonstrated in the senate. 9. Night and winter seem to congeal water. 10. Having heard this they all went into the market-place.

Gr. Gr. p. 166.

ἔημι, I send ; φωνήν ἰέναι, to utter a voice.

The forms of the verb must be studied mainly in the compounds.

ἀφίημι, I let go, I leave alone.

ἐφίεμαι, in middle voice, I aim at, desire : governs genitive case.

πρόιεμαι, in middle voice, I give up, neglect, betray.

συνίημι, I understand.

ἀρχή ἡ, sovereignty.

ἐλευθερία ἡ, freedom.

ἔπαινος ὁ, praise.

μέλος τό, song.

Μοῦσα, Muse.

οὐπω, not yet.

φωνή ἡ, voice.

97.—1. *ἰᾶσι Μοῦσαι καλλίστην φωνήν.* 2. *οὐκ ἤθελεν ὁ δεσπότης τὸν δούλον εἰς ἐλευθερίαν ἀφιέναι.* 3. *ἄφες ταῦτα ὡς τάχιστα.* 4. *ταῦτα ἃ ἔλεγες οὐπω ἐγὼ συνῆκα.* 5. *οὐκ ἐβούλοντο οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τὴν νῆσον προέσθαι.* 6. *οἱ διώκοντες εὐθύς τὸν ἄνδρα ἀφῆκαν.* 7. *μὴ ἀφῆς τὰ δῶρα ἃ σοι διδόασιν οἱ θεοί.* 8. *πάντες οἱ Ἕλληνες ἀρχῆς ἐφίεντο.* 9. *οὗτοι προεῖνται τὴν τῆς πόλεως ἐλευθερίαν.* 10. *οὐ δίκαιά ἐστι ταῦτα ὧν συ ἐφίεσαι.*

98.—1. *ὁ βασιλεὺς ἐκέλευσεν ἀφεῖναι τοὺς ἄνδρας.* 2. *οὐ δίκαιόν ἐστι τοῦτον τὸν καιρὸν προέσθαι.* 3. *ἄρα μὴ προεῖνται τοὺς φίλους;* 4. *χρημάτων αἰεὶ ἐφίενται οἱ τύραννοι.* 5. *ἄξιοι τιμῆς εἰσὶν οἱ ταῦτα συνιέναι βουλόμενοι.* 6. *πῶς οὐ μέγιστον ὄνειδος τὴν σωτηρίαν τῆς πατρίδος προέσθαι;* 7. *ράδιόν ἐστι διδάσκειν τοὺς συνιέναι ἐθέλοντας.* 8. *οὐκ ἔδοξε τοῖς ἀρχουσι τὸν ἄνδρα ἀφιέναι ἐλεύθερον.* 9. *τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους ἀφίεσαν οἱ Πλαταιῆς.* 10. *σύνης ὃ σοι λέγω.*

99.—1. They refused to let the slaves go free. 2. Did you understand what I said? 3. We ought not to neglect this opportunity. 4. The poet utters a beautiful song. 5. Young men will understand what the philosophers teach. 6. We all desire praise. 7. Why do they not understand the orator's words? 8.

We will not let the men go free. 9. It is disgraceful to betray one's country. 10. The Athenians commanded the generals not ($\mu\eta$) to neglect the opportunity.

100.—1. We did not aim at sovereignty. 2. Let the slaves go free. 3. I did not understand what the poets said. 4. Do you not desire the praise of good men? 5. They cannot teach what they do not understand. 6. Philosophers ought not to desire wealth. 7. We set the men free exactly-as ($\omega\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$) you ordered. 8. Those who understand this are able to teach us. 9. Young men, do not betray your country. 10. The gods will not give you what you do not aim at.

Recapitulatory Exercises.

101.—1. οἱ σύμμαχοι ἀπέστησαν ἀπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων ἅπαντες. 2. πέμψαντες δέκα πρέσβεις ἤθελον ἡμᾶς ἀναπείθειν μὴ δέχεσθαι τοὺς Πλαταιᾶς εἰς συμμαχίαν. 3. ὑμεῖς ἐμὲ κατεστήσατε στρατηγόν· τί ἐμοὶ οὐκέτι πείσεσθε; 4. ἀποθέμενοι τὸν πρὶν φόβον πάντες ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ ἀνέστησαν. 5. ἀπαλλαγέντες τοῦ κινδύνου ἤδη ἔμελλον ἀποστήσεσθαι τῆς συμμαχίας. 6. στεφάνους τε καὶ δῶρα παντοῖα κατέθεσαν οἱ κήρυκες· ἤδη γὰρ ἴστασαν ἀγῶνας τοῖς νεανίαις. 7. οἱ περιεστώτες ἐθαύμαζον τοὺς ἀνδριάντας τοὺς ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 8. ἐτέθη οὗτος ὁ νόμος ὑπὸ τῶν πατέρων μὴ ἀφίστασθαι τῆς πόλεως ἐν κινδύνοις. 9. ἄξιοι τῆς μεγίστης ζημίας οἱ τὴν πατρίδα προδόντες. 10. ὁ βασιλεὺς δίδωσι τοῖς εὐεργέταις χώραν καὶ χρήματα καὶ τιμὴν.

102.—1. ἐκεῖνος ὁ πονηρὸς οὐκ ἀπέδωκε τὰ χρήματα. 2. προσετέτακτο τοῖς ἀνδράσι σημαίνειν ταῦτα τοῖς πολίταις. 3. οὐ δίκαια ποιεῖτε, ὦ ἄνδρες, ἡμῶν τῶν εὐεργετῶν ἀφεστηκότες. 4. ἐκελεύσαμεν τοὺς δούλους καταθέσθαι τὰ φορτία. 5. ἄλλα ἡμῖν ἔδωκεν ὁ βασιλεὺς δῶρα, τοῖς δὲ πένησι προσέθηκε καὶ χρήματα. 6. οὐκ εἶων ἡμᾶς οἱ ἱερῆς ἀνατιθέναι τὰς ἀσπίδας. 7. ἀρ' οὐ περιέθετο ἑαυτῷ μεγίστην αἰσχύνην τὴν πατρίδα προδούς; 8. ἤλπιζεν ἀπο-

στήσειν τοὺς τοῦ βασιλέως συμμάχους τοὺς ἀρίστους.
 9. πρέπει σῖτον τοῖς ξένοις παρατιθέναι. 10. οὐ
 δοκοῦσιν οἱ παῖδες ταῦτα συνιέναι.

103.—1. They were unwilling to obey the general whom the citizens appointed. 2. Did you refuse to offer food to the strangers? 3. The king ordained wise laws which they all obeyed. 4. Why have you revolted from the alliance? 5. We did not give back the money which the king had given us. 6. Who is worthier of a greater penalty than he-that-has-betrayed his country? 7. We will rise up and signify this to the generals. 8. When the peace was proclaimed, they laid aside all their fear. 9. Crowns were given them and beautiful gifts. 10. They caused the islanders to revolt from the city.

104.—1. We will not obey you nor will we receive you into the alliance. 2. You revolted from us who freed you from danger. 3. The king put the cloak round his shoulders. 4. When the king arose, all the maidens set down their baskets. 5. Crowns were laid down in the midst; a great multitude was standing around. 6. The citizens ordained a law not (μή) to send ambassadors to allies who-had-revolted. 7. The war that-arose (2 aor. καθίστημι) added another danger to the city. 8. Shields were offered in the

temple by all the young men. 9. You persuaded them and caused them to revolt from the Greeks. 10. They seem to have betrayed their country most disgracefully.

105.—1. ὁ βασιλεὺς οὐκ ἤθελε τοσαύτην δύναμιν τῷ ἡγεμόνι παραθεῖναι. 2. οὐ δίκαιόν ἐστι ταύτην τὴν ζημίαν ἐπιτιθέναι τοῖς συμμάχοις. 3. καλῶς ἐτίθεντο τὰ πράγματα οἱ φίλοι. 4. πῶς οὐ πρέπει κολάζειν τοὺς συμμάχους τοὺς ἀφεστῶτας; 5. περίθες τὸν στέφανον τῇ τοῦ ἀνδριάντος κεφαλῇ. 6. οἱ ἄρχοντες ἐκέλευσαν στήσαι τὸν ἀνδριάντα ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ. 7. μεγάλων ἤδη κινδύνων περιεστώτων ἔνιοι ἐβουλεύοντο τὴν πόλιν προδοῦναι. 8. εὐθὺς ἄραντες τὰ ὄπλα ἐκ τῆς πόλεως ἐξῆσαν. 9. οὐκ ἐτόλμων ἀποδείκνυσθαι τὴν γνώμην. 10. δὸς τὸ γέρας τοῖς ἀξίοις.

106.—1. ἡμῖν πείθου· ὦδε μέλλεις τὰ πράγματα εὖ θήσεσθαι. 2. οὐ μοι δοκεῖ εἰς τὴν πόλιν εἰσιέναι. 3. ὁ θεὸς ἐνέθηκε φόβον τοῖς ἐναντίοις. 4. ἐδόκει ἐν τῇ νυκτὶ ἄνθρωπος τῷ στρατηγῷ παρεστάναι. 5. ἐκεῖ καὶ ἡ θάλαττα πήγνυται. 6. εἴσιθι καὶ ἄγγειλον τὴν νίκην. 7. οὐ συνῆκεν ὁ βασιλεὺς τὸ πρᾶγμα. 8. ἀφέντες τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐξέπεμψαν εἰς τὴν νῆσον. 9. ἀναστάντες ἐξῆσαν τῆς ἀγορᾶς. 10. οἱ ἱερῆς ἐκέλευσαν τὰς κόρας εἰς τὸν νεῶν εἰσιέναι.

107.—1. The king who ordained the law forbade (us) to do this. 2. On the next day he arose (part.) and said what he wished to do. 3. They do not understand what the philosophers teach. 4. These men have betrayed their country to Philip. 5. After conquering the Athenians in battle Xerxes entered the city. 6. In the hearing of you all (while you were hearing) he ordered the ambassadors to go out of the assembly. 7. We ought to set a penalty upon those who have been bribed by money. 8. You will easily understand the matter. 9. They gave up their wives and children to the Athenians to protect. 10. They placed (*καθίστημι*) waggons in the roads.

108.—1. Leave this man to the gods to punish. 2. Standing at my side (= by me) they ventured to announce this disgraceful peace. 3. Great dangers in consequence of (*ἐκ*) this surround the city. 4. They appointed garrisons for themselves (*καθίστασθαι*). 5. It is not right to let this man go after telling such lies (perf. part.). 6. The Athenians will surrender us nothing. 7. O king, do not betray us to our enemies. 8. The citizens were persuaded to lay aside their anger. 9. All the money was deposited in (=into) the temple. 10. This falsehood he added to the others.

109.—1. ἐδόκει τοῖς στρατηγοῖς ὠφελιμώτερον ἀπιέναι. 2. βούλονται οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες ἀποδεικνύναι ταῦτα ἀληθῆ. 3. οὐχ οἷοί τε ἔσεσθε ἐνδοῦναι τὴν πόλιν τοῖς πολεμίοις. 4. οὐκ εἶα ἡ βουλὴ τὴν πόλιν ἀφίστασθαι τῆς συμμαχίας. 5. δόντων τῶν νησιωτῶν τριήρεις δύο οἱ πολέμοιοι ἀπέφυγον. 6. ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες πολλῶ μᾶλλον ἐγηγερμένοι ἦσαν οἱ πολῖται μὴ τῷ βασιλεῖ πείθεσθαι. 7. αἰσχιστον ἐδόκει ἐν τούτῳ τῷ πράγματι σφαλῆναι. 8. οἱ πρὶν φίλοι ἤδη ὑμῖν ἐπιτίθενται. 9. ἄρ' οὐ ταῦτα χαλεπά ἐστι συνιέναι ; 10. οἱ ἄρχοντες ἐκέλευσαν τοὺς πρέσβεις ἐκ τῆς πόλεως ἐξιέναι.

110.—1. We wish to go away rather than be conquered. 2. Five triremes were given us by the islanders in which we escaped. 3. They will not be able to prove this (plural) false. 4. We will not obey the man who persuaded us to surrender the city. 5. The general ordered them to set the slaves free. 6. They conquered the enemy and pursued them into the harbour. 7. They did not understand the master's words. 8. He set a golden crown on the king's head. 9. The army was brought into the greatest danger. 10. Our father bade us not neglect the gifts of the gods.

The Prepositions and some of the Irregular Verbs.

Gr. Gr. p. 170.

αἰσθάνομαι, I perceive, with genitive case: αἰσθήσομαι,
ἡσθόμην, ἡσθημαι.

ἀκούω, I hear, genitive of the person: ἀκούσομαι, ἤκουσα,
ἀκήκοα.

ἀνοίγνυμι, I open. Imperfect ἀνέωγον, ἀνοίξω, ἀνέψα,
ἀνέψα.

ἀφικνούμαι, I come: ἀφίξομαι, ἀφικόμην, ἀφίγμαι.

Gr. Gr. p. 100.

εἰς, in or into, governs accusative.

ἀντί, in place of, governs genitive.

ἀπό, from, away from, governs genitive.

ἐκ, out of, in consequence of, governs genitive.

πρό, before, governs genitive.

111.—1. ἄμα τῇ ἑφ' ἀνέφξαν οἱ προδότηι τὰς πύλας. 2. ἤδη ἀφίκοντο εἰς τὴν νῆσον. 3. τί δεῦρο ἀφίκου, ὦ νεανία ; 4. οἱ πολῖται οὐκ ἤσθοντο τῆς τοῦ βασιλέως ἔχθρας. 5. ὁ δὲ ταῦτα ἀκούσας ἐξήει. 6. αἰσθόμενος σοῦ ταῦτα δρῶντος ἐκέλευσα αὐτοὺς φυλάττεσθαι τὸν κίνδυνον. 7. ἐκεῖνοι μὲν εἰς ἐσπέραν ἀφικνουῦντο, ἡμεῖς δὲ ἤσθανόμεθα οὐδέν. 8. ἡθροίσθησαν εἰς τὸ πεδίον οἱ πολέμιοι εἰς πεντακισχιλίου. 9. ἡ θύρα ἀνεῳχθαι δοκεῖ. 10. χρυσοῦς ἀντὶ ξυλίνων Ἑρμᾶς ἔστησαν νικῆσαντες ἐν τῷ πολέμῳ τοὺς ἐν τῇ νήσῳ.

112.—1. ἄπειμι τήμερον ὡς ὁ θεὸς κελεύει. 2. εὐθὺς οἱ ἄνδρες ἔφυγον ἐξ Ἀθηνῶν εἰς Πειραιᾶ. 3. ἔστηκε πρὸ τῶν θυρῶν ὁ τοῦ ἥρωος ἀνδριάς. 4. πρὸ τῆς εἰρήνης ἀφίκοντο πρέσβεις ἀπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων ὡς τὸν βασιλέα. 5. εὐθὺς ἀκούσαντες ἀπέφυγον ἅπαντες. 6. ἀπ' ἐκείνης τῆς ἡμέρας οὐδὲν δοκοῦσιν ἡσθῆσθαι τῶν πραγμάτων οἱ ῥήτορες. 7. ἀπίαςιν οἱ παῖδες τοῦτο ἀκούσαντες. 8. τί δεῦρο ἀφίκοντο καὶ ἐτόλμησαν τοιαῦτα ἀπαγγέλλειν ; 9. αὐτίκα, ὦ Ἀθηναῖοι, πάντα ἀκούσεσθε ὡς ἐπράχθη. 10. οἱ δὲ εἰς τὴν Ἀρκαδίαν ἀφίκομενοι ἤσθοντο τὸ ἀληθές.

113.—1. The gate has been opened by the traitors. 2. With the dawn we came into the city. 3. He assembled soldiers to the number of four hundred. 4.

There will be peace instead of war, freedom instead of slavery. 5. We will go away at once as you order. 6. Perceiving (aor. part.) you coming into the house he stood up. 7. He came out of the city, but he refused to go to the king. 8. Towards the evening the danger seemed more terrible. 9. Send the women and children out of the city as soon as possible. 10. They have already opened the gates.

114.—1. We ordered them to hang up their helmets instead of the shields. 2. Before the war we were able to bring provisions into the town. 3. Open the door and enter the house. 4. They will not come, not having heard of the matter. 5. Having set sail from the harbour with the dawn, they arrived at Athens on the next day. 6. In the hearing of all the citizens he dared to say this. 7. As soon as they heard this (=straightway having heard) they went out of the city. 8. What shall we give you in return for this service? 9. In consequence of this the Athenians were persuaded to undertake the war. 10. All the gates of the city had been opened by the traitors.

115.—1. εὐθὺς αἰσθόμενοι τὰ ἐν τῷ στρατοπέδῳ οἱ Συρακόσιοι ἐπέθεντο. 2. οὐ μοι δοκεῖς ἀκηκοέναι ἃ ἔλεγον. 3. ἀγγελθείσης τῆς μάχης αἱ πύλαι ἀν-

εφύχθησαν. 4. ἤδη ἀφιγμένοι ἦσαν αἱ νῆες αἱ ἐκ τῆς πόλεως πεμφθεῖσαι. 5. πάντα παρεσκευάζοντο ὡς ἐκπλευσόμενοι ἅμα τῇ ἔφ. 6. σφαλέντες ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις ἀγῶσι οὐκέτι ἐλπίδα ἔχουσι σωτηρίας. 7. ἤδη ἀφίγμεθα, ὦ ἄνδρες ἀκουσόμενοι τῶν πρέσβεων. 8. πολλοὶ ἄλλοι ἀφίκοντο εἰς τὴν πόλιν τὰ τῶν πολεμίων αἰσθόμενοι. 9. ὦ παῖ, τί τὴν θύραν ἀνέωχας ἐκείνοις; 10. αἰσθόμενος τῶν ἀνδρῶν προθύμων ὄντων εἰς τὴν μάχην ἐξιέναι ὁ στρατηγὸς τὰς πύλας ἀνέωξεν.

116.—1. Surely you did not hear what I said? 2. We shall order the gates to be opened at dawn. 3. Provisions had by this time (ἤδη) been brought into the town. 4. Towards evening there seemed to be greater hope of safety. 5. The citizens were all hoping to have war instead of peace. 6. They were compelled to fight from the ships. 7. We are not able to repel those that are attacking us. 8. Cavalry and infantry were collected by Cyrus to the number of ten thousand. 9. Before the war the people in the country (οἱ ἐν τοῖς ἀγροῖς) were rich. 10. In consequence of this we have been compelled to leave the city.

Gr. Gr. p. 170.

βαίνω, I go: *βήσομαι*, *ἔβην*, *βέβηκα*. Only used in compounds such as *ἀναβαίνω*, I go up, *ἀποβαίνω*, I go away, *καταβαίνω*, I go down.

βάλλω, I throw: *βαλῶ*, *ἔβαλον*, *βέβληκα*. *ἐμβάλλω*, I throw in or upon; intransitive, I rush in; *ἐνέβαλον* *πληγὰς*, I struck; *εἰσβάλλω*, intransitive, I invade.

βούλομαι, I wish: *βουλήσομαι*, *ἐβουλήθην*, *βεβούλημαι*.

γίγνομαι, I become: *γενήσομαι*, *ἐγενόμην*, *γεγέννημαι*, *γέγονα*.
συγγίγνομαι, I have intercourse with, associate with.

δέχομαι, I receive: *δέξομαι*, *ἔδεξάμην*, *δέδεγμαι*.

Prepositions with dative case only (Gr. Gr. p. 101):—

ἐν, in.

σύν, with.

σὺν τοῖς θεοῖς, with the help of the gods.

117.—1. ἐν τῇ ἐορτῇ πάντες ἀνέβαινον εἰς τὴν πόλιν προσευξόμενοι τῷ θεῷ. 2. ἐν τούτῳ τῷ ἔτει ὁ πόλεμος ἐγένετο δεινότερος. 3. συγγεγονῶς τοῖς φιλοσόφοις ἤδη ἡμᾶς διδάσκειν βούλεται. 4. ἐνέβαλον πληγὰς οἱ νεανῖαι τοῖς πονηροῖς. 5. δέξαι ταῦτα ἀπ' ἐμοῦ. 6. ἅμα τῷ ἦρι οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι εἰς τὴν γῆν εἰσέβαλον. 7. γενοῦ ἀνδρείως ἐν τῇ μάχῃ καὶ εὐτυχήσεις. 8. ἐβουλήθησαν τοῖς πρέσβεσι πρὸ τῆς ἡμέρας συγγενέσθαι. 9. ἔπεισεν ὁ Περικλῆς τοὺς πολίτας μὴ δέχεσθαι τοὺς πρέσβεις εἰς τὴν πόλιν. 10. ἡ στρατεία ἐκείνη μεγίστη πασῶν ἐγένετο.

118.—1. ἔτι παῖς ὢν οὔτε τῷ πατρὶ οὔτε τοῖς ἀδελφοῖς συνεγίγνετο. 2. πολλοὶ ἔσονται κίνδυνοι ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ στρατείᾳ. 3. ἐπειδὴ ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ἤμεν, ἐβουλόμεθα συγγίγνεσθαι Σωκράτει. 4. ἔθι εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν καὶ ταῦτα δεῖξον τῷ πατρί. 5. κατέβην εἰς Πειραιᾶ προσευξόμενος τῷ θεῷ. 6. τὸ σῶμα πόνῳ ἰσχυρότερον γενήσεται. 7. εἰσβαλόντες τὴν χώραν διέφθειραν. 8. ἐξῆσαν ἀκουσόμενοι τῶν ῥητόρων. 9. ἐβούλοντο οἱ νησιῶται τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις μᾶλλον ἢ τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις παραδοῦναι τὴν πόλιν. 10. εὐθὺς ἀναστὰς ἀπέβη ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

119.—1. They went up into the country of the Persians under Xenophon (Xenophon being general). 2. The next day we went down into the harbour. 3.

They were persuaded not to invade the country, Pericles giving (aor. part.) money to the generals. 4. While he was yet a child he became king. 5. They went down to the Peiraeus to hear what had happened (*τὰ γενόμενα*). 6. Socrates seems to have associated with the despots. 7. The army of the enemy became larger. 8. May some saviour of the country arise (*ἀναβαίνω*)! 9. They received into the alliance the cities which surrendered their ships. 10. Do not have any intercourse with traitors.

120.—1. When peace was proclaimed, they all went off home. 2. The soldier struck the old man. 3. The next day nobody went up into the city. 4. They wished to revolt from the Athenians. 5. Wishing to hear what had happened they went down to the harbour. 6. The danger will become more serious. 7. Those that went up in the expedition were destroyed. 8. The power of the city seems to have become greater. 9. They pointed out what had happened to the magistrates. 10. When they heard this, they immediately went away.

121.—1. *ταῦτα εἰπόντι ἐνέβαλέ μοι πληγάς.* 2. *κατέβησαν σύμπαντες τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ.* 3. *τίς ἄλλος ὑμῖν γενήσεται σύμμαχος ἐκείνων ἀφεστηκότων;* 4. *γενοῦ ἀνδρείος· ὧδε κρείττων τῶν ἐναντίων γενήσῃ.*

5. *γενομένης τῆς νόσου οὐκέτι εἰσέβαλον εἰς τὴν γῆν.*
 6. *χρὴ ἀμύνασθαι τοὺς πολεμίους καὶ μὴ κακοὺς γενέσθαι.* 7. *οἱ πεζοὶ ἀναβάντες ἐπὶ ναῦς ἐταράχθησαν ἐν τῇ ναυμαχίᾳ.* 8. *οἱ μὲν πολέμιοι πλείους ἐγεγέννητο, οἱ δὲ ἡμέτεροι εἰς ἀθυμίαν καθέστασαν.* 9. *δείξον τῷ πατρὶ πάντα τὰ γεγενημένα.* 10. *ἀεὶ κίνδυνος μείζων γίγνεται τοῖς δειλοῖς.*

122.—1. Pericles became the greatest (=greatest of all) in the city. 2. The victory that-had-been-gained (*γίγνομαι*) gave hope to the soldiers. 3. Those who were on the triremes wished to repel the enemy in a sea-battle. 4. Pericles persuaded them to invade the territory of the Megarians. 5. For many years he was the companion of Socrates. 6. All the soldiers came down from the upper city. 7. We have received the beautiful gifts of our countrymen (=the citizens). 8. Prepare yourselves to invade (*ὥς* with future participle) the territory of the Athenians. 9. They will become more powerful, having conquered us. 10. With the help of the gods we will conquer the enemy.

Gr. Gr. p. 172.

γιγνώσκω, I get to know : γνώσομαι, ἔγνων, ἔγνωκα. ἀναγινώσκω, I read ; συγγινώσκω, I pardon, have consideration for.

δύναμαι, I am able : δυνήσομαι, ἐδυνήθην, δεδύνημαι.

ἐλαύνω, I drive : ἐλῶ, ἤλασα, ἐλήλακα. Future ἐλῶ (ἐλάσω, ἐλάω, ἐλῶ), ἐλας, ἐλα̃. ἐξελαύνω, I drive out.

εὐρίσκω, I find : εὐρήσω, ηὔρον, ηὔρηκα.

ἔχω, I have : ἔξω, ἔσχον, ἔσχηκα, σχήσω. (Imperfect εἶχον.)

With adverbs, intransitive, to be : also (intransitive) to put in (of a ship).

Prepositions (Gr. Gr. p. 101):—

διά, (α) with genitive, through, at an interval, by means of.

διά, (β) with accusative, owing to, on account of.

123.—1. οὐκ ἐδύναντο εὑρεῖν τὴν ὁδόν. 2. ἐξελῶ τοὺς πολεμίους ἐκ τῆς χώρας. 3. γνώσει ὡς ἄμεινόν ἐστι πείθεσθαι τοῖς ἄρχουσι. 4. διὰ τὸν χειμῶνα οὐκ ἐδύναντο τοὺς στρατιώτας σώζειν. 5. ἐξελάσαντες τοὺς τυράννους κατέστησαν ἐλευθερίαν ἅπασι. 6. ὁ σὸς δεσπότης τοῦτο γνώσεται. 7. ἀναγνώμεν τὰ ἐν τῇ στήλῃ γεγραμμένα. 8. σύγγνωθι τοῖς ἐταίροις. 9. οὐκ ἐδυνήθησαν τοὺς εἰσβαλόντας ἐξελάσαι. 10. ἐδίδουσαν τοῖς φίλοις πάντα ἃ εἶχον χρήματα.

124.—1. διὰ τῶν Λακεδαιμονίων ἡ ἐλευθερία κατέστη. 2. συγγνοῖέν μοι οἱ φίλοι. 3. σχόντες εἰς τὴν νῆσον ὕδωρ οὐκ ἐδυνήθησαν εὑρεῖν. 4. ἅπαντα ταῦτα διὰ τῶν ῥητόρων ἐπράχθη. 5. ἡ πόλις διὰ σοῦ, οὐ δι' ἐκείνου εἰς τοῦτον τὸν κίνδυνον κατέστη. 6. ἀνέβησαν οἱ Ἕλληνες διὰ τῆς χώρας τοῦ βασιλέως. 7. διὰ τὴν γενομένην συμμαχίαν τῶν Ἀθηναίων οὐκ ἤθελον τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις πιθέσθαι. 8. διὰ χρόνου πολλοῦ οὗτος ἀφίκται πάλιν εἰς τὴν πατρίδα. 9. εἶχον μαχαίρας ἐν ταῖς χερσὶ. 10. τούτων οὕτως ἐχόντων οὐ δυνήσονται ἡμᾶς δέχεσθαι.

125.—1. Not much water was found in the island. 2. The magistrates found out (γινγνώσκω) what had happened. 3. Read me the king's letter. 4. They will not drive Pericles from the city at the bidding of his enemies (gen. abs.). 5. As many as had arms

went out to (into) battle. 6. On account of illness he was not able to become general. 7. The magistrates do not seem to have become acquainted with the truth. 8. They all seemed to have found out what had happened. 9. They have not found, nor will they find, allies in the Peloponnese. 10. They arrived after an interval of many days.

126.—1. The allies had great goodwill towards us. 2. You were deceived by these wicked men. 3. Pay was given to the sailors by the Persians. 4. Owing to his wisdom he had great glory in the city. 5. He will drive out those that remain. 6. Having put into the harbour they found the city destroyed. 7. You will find out (*γιννώσω*) that it is better not (*μή*) to revolt from the alliance. 8. All the young men will go through the city with (=having) crowns in their hands. 9. I perceived him to be (part.) wise and well disposed. 10. On account of the war they were not able to go out of the city.

127.—1. οὐ δυνήσονται τὰς ναῦς ἀποστέλλειν. 2. αἱ γυναῖκες ἐδίδσαν τοῖς πένησι πάντα ἃ εἶχον χρήματα. 3. εἶχον οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἀρχὴν τὴν μεγίστην. 4. ἐξεπέμφθησαν ὑπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων ἐξελῶντες τοὺς εἰς τὴν γῆν εἰσβαλόντας. 5. οὐχ εὐρήσουσι σῖτον ἐν τῇ νήσῳ. 6. ἡϋρῆται ἐλπίς καὶ ἐν κινδύνοις δεινοτέ-

ροις. 7. ἀναγνούς τὰ γεγραμμένα ὁ βασιλεὺς ἐξέλασε τοὺς ἄνδρας. 8. ἤϋρον τοὺς στρατιώτας ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ τεταγμένους. 9. οὐκ ἤθελον οἱ ναῦται πείθεσθαι τῷ ἡγεμόνι διὰ τὸ ἤδη νενικῆσθαι. 10. διὰ χώρας πολεμίας ἐπορεύοντο.

128.—1. They will not find better friends. 2. The road was most difficult to find (aor. imp.) on account of the mountains. 3. They marched twenty days through the mountains. 4. We will drive the traitors out of the city. 5. Having read the letter you will find out the truth. 6. This is most difficult for men to find out. 7. They will have sufficient ships and men to guard the harbour. 8. The philosopher said "Know thyself." 9. They were not able to drive out the enemy. 10. On account of weakness he was not able to go into the assembly.

Gr. Gr. p. 174.

καλῶ, I call, summon : καλω, ἐκάλεσα, κέκληκα.

κτῶμαι, I acquire : κτήσομαι, ἐκτησάμην, κέκτημαι. Perfect
κέκτημαι, I possess.

λαγχάνω, I obtain by lot : λήξομαι, ἔλαχον, εἴληχα.

λαμβάνω, I receive : λήψομαι, ἔλαβον, εἴληφα, ἐλήφθην.
καταλαμβάνω, I overtake, surprise, find.

λανθάνω, I escape notice : λήσω, ἔλαθον, λέληθα. λανθάνομαι,
or more usually ἐπιλανθάνομαι, I forget : ἐπιλήσομαι,
ἐπελαθόμην, ἐπιλέλησμαι.

Prepositions (Gr. Gr. p. 102):—

κατά, down : (1) with genitive, (α) down from ; (β) against :
(2) with accusative, (α) of place, κατὰ γῆν, by land ; (β)
of time, about ; (γ) according to.

ὑπέρ, (1) with genitive, (α) over ; (β) on behalf of : (2)
with accusative, beyond.

129.—1. μέτειμι τοὺς ἄνδρας οὓς ἐκάλεσας. 2. ἡμύνοντο τοὺς πολεμίους καὶ κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν. 3. οὐκ ἄξιοι ἦσαν οἱ τὴν ἀρχὴν λαχόντες. 4. ὁ Θεμιστοκλῆς ἔλαθε τὰς τῶν πολεμίων ναῦς ἀφικόμενος εἰς τὸν λιμένα. 5. λήψει μεγάλην δόξαν τοιαῦτα ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος ποιήσας. 6. καὶ ὑπὲρ δύναμιν ἐβούλουντο τοῖς συμμάχοις βοηθεῖν. 7. οἱ ἱππῆς ὑπὸ τοῦ στρατηγοῦ κατὰ τὸ δεξιὸν κέρας ἐτάχθησαν. 8. ἐπελαθόμην τοῦ ὀνόματος τοῦ ἀνθρώπου. 9. πάντα τὰ χρήματα λαβόντες ἀπῆσαν οἱ λησταὶ εἰς τὰς ναῦς. 10. κατὰ τοῦτον τὸν χρόνον εἰσέβαλον εἰς Ἀττικὴν οἱ Πελοποννήσιοι.

130.—1. κατὰ θάλατταν οὐκέτι ἤθελον οἱ Πέρσαι βοηθεῖν. 2. κατέλαβον τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ σχολάζοντας. 3. μείζων αἰεὶ γίγνεται ὁ πλοῦτος τῶν τὰ χρήματα κεκτημένων. 4. ἐν ταύτῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκεῖνος ἔλαχε στρατηγεῖν. 5. λαβόντες τὴν πόλιν καὶ χρυσὸν καὶ ἀργύριον οἱ πολέμιοι κτῶνται. 6. ἄρα μὴ ἐπελάθου τῆς στρατείας ἐκείνης ; 7. εὐθὺς κάλει τοὺς μάρτυρας. 8. ἐλήφθησαν ἐν τῇ πόλει καὶ ἄνδρες καὶ γυναῖκες καὶ δοῦλοι καὶ ἐλεύθεροι. 9. κτησάμενοι τὴν νῆσον πολλὰ τὰ ἐπιτήδεια ἐκ τῶν πόλεων ἐλάμβανον. 10. πολλὰ κατ' ἐμοῦ ἔψευσται ὁ ἀνὴρ.

131.—1. Having obtained the office by lot he

escaped the notice of the citizens (in) acquiring much money. 2. About that time many ships of the Lacedaemonians were captured. 3. They did not forget the philosopher's words. 4. Many witnesses were called. 5. The general ordered the heavy-armed men to be drawn up on the right wing. 6. They are willing on behalf of their country to give up all that they possess. 7. He took his spear and ordered the herald to call the generals. 8. They seem to possess horses and money. 9. We found you at leisure in the market. 10. The witnesses did not dare to-say-anything-false against him.

132.—1. All the witnesses were summoned by Pericles. 2. They have taken the city. 3. They do not seem to possess much money. 4. They were appointed by lot to go as ambassadors to the king. 5. The ships escaped notice sailing out of the harbour. 6. They forgot the glory of their fathers. 7. They are acquiring ships, money, men. 8. I had received this the day before. 9. Call the boy at once. 10. The women that were captured were sent to the islands.

133.—1. κατελάβομεν τοὺς πολεμίους ἤδη τὸ χωρίον κεκτημένους. 2. ὁ βασιλεὺς ἐπελάθετο τῆς πρὶν στρατείας. 3. οἱ Πελοποννήσιοι ἐπιτίθενται

ἡμῖν καὶ κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν. 4. ὑπὲρ
 γυναικῶν καὶ παίδων καὶ θεῶν ὁ ἀγὼν ἔσται, ὦ ἄνδρες.
 5. ταύτῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἔλαθον πορευόμενοι. 6. τῇ δ'
 ὑστεραίᾳ αἰσθόμενοι οἱ ἐν τῇ χώρᾳ ἐκώλυνον. 7. ἀρ'
 οὐκ ἄξιός ἐστι κεκτῆσθαι τιμὴν μεγίστην; 8. ἔλαθον
 τοὺς πολίτας εἰληφότες τὸ ἀργύριον. 9. αἱ τριήρεις
 ἐλήφθησαν φεύγουσαι. 10. γνοὺς τοὺς πολεμίους
 φεύγοντας ἐκέλευσεν ὁ στρατηγὸς διώκειν.

134.—1. The Athenians possess a very large empire.
 2. It is a great reproach to acquire money by deceit.
 3. Neither by land nor by sea were they able to repel
 the enemy. 4. The general summoned all the soldiers
 that were present. 5. We must give honour to them
 who have obtained office (ἀρχή). 6. The ships escaped
 notice coming into the harbour. 7. No one will
 receive a better reward. 8. These men have been
 appointed by lot to speak on behalf of the city. 9.
 About this time there arose (γίγνομαι) a terrible
 disease in the island. 10. They took swords and
 entered the senate.

μανθάνω, I learn : μαθήσομαι, ἔμαθον, μεμάθηκα.
 μάχομαι, I fight : μαχοῦμαι, ἐμαχεσάμην, μεμάχημαι.
 ἀναμιμνήσκω, I remind : ἀναμνήσω, ἀνέμνησα. μέμνημαι, I
 remember. (For forms of μέμνημαι, see Gr. Gr. p. 175.)
 ὀλλυμι, I destroy. ἀπόλλυμι : ἀπολῶ, ἀπώλεσα, ἀπολώλεκα.
 ἀπόλλυμαι, I perish : ἀπωλόμην, ἀπόλωλα.
 πάσχω, I suffer, endure suffering : πείσομαι, ἔπαθον, πέπονθα.

Prepositions (Gr. Gr. p. 103):—

μετά, (α) with genitive, with ; (β) with accusative, after.

135.—1. δοκοῦμεν πεπονθέναι δεινότατα. 2. μέμνησο τοῦτο παρασκευάζεσθαι. 3. πολὺν δὴ χρόνον ἐλελήθη τοῦτο δρῶν. 4. δεῖ ἀναμιμνήσκειν ὑμᾶς τῶν πρὶν γεγενημένων. 5. τί μαθήσομαι μετὰ ταῦτα ; 6. εὖ σοι γένοιτο ταῦτα ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος πεπονθότι. 7. ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος πάντες οἱ ἀνδρεῖοι μαχοῦνται. 8. μίαν μὲν ναῦν ἀπολλύασιν οἱ Πελοποννήσιοι, αἱ δὲ ἄλλαι σώζονται. 9. οἱ πλούσιοι ἀπολωλέκασιν πάντα τὰ χρήματα. 10. πολὺ δὴ πληῆθος ἐν τῇ μάχῃ ἀπωλώλει.

136.—1. ἐγὼ ὑμᾶς ἀναμνήσω πάντων τῶν πραγμάτων. 2. ἀπολώλεκε τοὺς συμμάχους πείσας ὑμᾶς ἐκείνων ἀφίστασθαι. 3. ὁ κῆρυξ ἀφικόμενος ἤρε τοὺς ἄνδρας ἥδη ἀπολωλότας. 4. πάντες δεινότατα ἔπαθον. 5. ποῖον ἀποδώσομεν γέρας τοῖς οὕτω ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος πεπονθόσι ; 6. ἥδη μετὰ τῶν φυλάκων ἀπίωμεν. 7. μετὰ τὸν πόλεμον ἐδόκουν ἀπηλλάχθαι κινδύνων. 8. ἀπίαςιν οἱ παῖδες ταῦτα μαθόντες. 9. χρὴ ἡμᾶς μεμνήσθαι ὅτι πάντες οἱ πρὶν φίλοι ἀπολώλασι. 10. τίς οὐ μέμνηται τῆς ἀδικίας ;

137.—1. We shall suffer still worse evils. 2. They fought most bravely. 3. Remember to pay honour to your parents. 4. All who fought have perished. 5. Let us remember what has happened. 6. Many were perishing from disease (dat.). 7. Those who

have endured suffering on behalf of their country are worthy of honour. 8. He was going with his companions to hear the philosopher. 9. They escaped notice for a long time (while) betraying their country. 10. After the victory the soldiers went home.

138.—1. The orator reminded them of the glory of their fathers. 2. They will not learn what we wish to teach. 3. They understood and learnt what we were teaching more easily than before. 4. They went home with their friends. 5. You all remember what happened after the war. 6. We shall fight for our wives and children. 7. To have suffered on behalf of one's country is most glorious. 8. Why have you destroyed these hopes? 9. We will give the prize to those that learn. 10. Having often suffered you are now on your guard against the orators.

139.—1. ἐν ταύτῃ τῇ μάχῃ ἀπόλλυνται πλείστοι λίθοις καὶ ἀκοντίοις ὑπὸ τῶν πολεμίων βαλλόμενοι. 2. γενομένης ἰσχυρᾶς τῆς ναυμαχίας καὶ πολλῶν νεῶν καὶ ἀνθρώπων ἀπολομένων οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι νικήσαντες ἀπέπλευσαν καὶ ἔστησαν τροπαῖον. 3. μνήσθητε ὦ ἄνδρες τῆς τῶν προγόνων ἀρετῆς. 4. λαβόντες τὰ ὄπλα νυκτὸς ἐξῆσαν τῆς πόλεως. 5. ἀναμνήσω ὑμᾶς τῆς ἐν Μαραθῶνι μάχης. 6. πείσεσθε ἔτι ἄλλα δεινότερα μὴ ἡμῖν πιθόμενοι. 7. ἤδη παρεσκευάζοντο

ὥς μαχοῦμενοι. 8. ἀργυρίῳ διαφθαρέντες ἀπολωλέ-
 κασιν καὶ ἑαυτοὺς καὶ τὴν πατρίδα. 9. πολὺν
 χρόνον ἐμάχοντο, ἔπειτα εἰς τὸ στρατόπεδον κατέφυγον.
 10. οὐ ῥαδίως πείσετε ἡμᾶς τὰ γεγενημένα μαθόντας.

140.—1. They have lost all their comrades. 2. You ought to remember your country and your wives and children. 3. After the peace the orators persuaded you to let the men go. 4. About this time the Athenians had many sufferings (= suffered many things) owing to the plague. 5. Many cavalry were lost in the river, not being able to cross. 6. They will learn this through suffering (= having suffered). 7. They are not willing to suffer on behalf of their country. 8. Who will fight, who will repel the enemy? 9. The witness forgot the words. 10. This is most difficult to understand and learn.

πίνω, I drink : πίομαι, ἔπιον, πέπωκα, ἐπόθην.

πίπτω, I fall : πεσοῦμαι, ἔπεσον, πέπτωκα. ἐμπίπτω, I fall into, rush or burst in ; ἐκπίπτω (as passive of ἐκβάλλω), I am cast out.

πλέω, I sail (see Gr. Gr. p. 152, § 110, 3) : πλεύσομαι, ἔπλευσα, πέπλευκα. ἐκπλέω, I sail out.

πυνθάνομαι, I inquire, learn : πεύσομαι, ἐπυθόμην, πέπυσμαι.

Prepositions :—

ἀμφί, (α) with genitive, about, concerning ; with dative, upon, poetical ; (β) with accusative, around, about.

ἐπί, (α) with genitive, upon, towards, in the time of ; (β) with dative, on or by, on condition, in the power of ; (γ) with accusative, motion to or against.

141.—1. ἐνέπεσον εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν οἱ λησταί. 2. ταῦτα ἐπυθόμην τῶν ὁδοιπόρων. 3. οἱ ἀμφὶ Σωκράτη ἐξέπεσον τῆς πόλεως. 4. δεινὸν ἐστὶ πιεῖν τὸ φάρμακον. 5. οὐδέποτε ἐκ τούτου τοῦ ποτηρίου πίει. 6. κατὰ τὸν αὐτὸν χρόνον ἐξέπλευσαν αἱ νῆες. 7. ἐπειδὴ ταῦτα ἐπυθόμεθα, ἄλλας ναῦς ἀπεστείλαμεν. 8. ἐδέξαντο οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τοὺς ἐκπεπτωκότας τῆς πόλεως. 9. εὐθὺς δεξάμενος ἔπινε τὸ φάρμακον ὁ Σωκράτης. 10. δεινὴ νόσος ἐμπέπτωκεν εἰς τὴν Ἑλλάδα.

142.—1. ἔπλευσαν εὐθὺς ἐπὶ τοῦ κόλπου. 2. οἱ σύμμαχοι ἐπὶ τούτοις ἤθελον τὸν πόλεμον καταθέσθαι. 3. ἅμα τῷ ἦρι οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ἐπεξῆσαν ἐπὶ τοὺς Ἀθηναίους. 4. ἐπὶ τῶν τριάκοντα πολλὴ ἀδικία ἐγένετο. 5. ἐμπεσοῦνται οἱ νεανῖαι εἰς τὴν ἀγοράν. 6. ἐτόλμησαν οἱ πολέμιοι εἰσπλεῦσαι εἰς τὸν Πειραιᾶ. 7. ἤδη ἔμελλον ἐκπλεύσεσθαι εἰς τὸ πέλαγος. 8. τοῦτο δὲ ἐκείνων πευσόμεθα. 9. πᾶν τὸ ὕδωρ κατεπόθη ὑπὸ τῶν παίδων. 10. ἔδοξε τοῖς στρατηγοῖς πλεῖν ἐπὶ τὴν νῆσον ὥς τάχιστα. 11. οὐκ ἔστιν ἐφ' ἡμῖν ἀποστῆσαι ἐκείνους τῆς συμμαχίας.

143.—1. All burst into the house. 2. They gave the poison to Socrates to drink. 3. Driven out from the city they sailed towards the mainland. 4. We will bring the war to an end on these conditions.

5. We shall not sail to-day. 6. They learnt this as they were sailing (pres. part.) towards the mainland. 7. The followers of Socrates came into the market-place. 8. It was not in our power to answer those who made the inquiry. 9. While the ships were sailing the ambassadors arrived. 10. The enemy will march out against us.

144.—1. Having burst into the city they opened the other gates. 2. The islanders were about to revolt, but the Athenians ascertaining this (aor. part.) sailed out immediately against them. 3. They were going towards the hills. 4. They remained by the sea, the generals not admitting them into the city. 5. They will sail out into the deep sea. 6. A great plague assailed the army. 7. The war occurred in the time of Pericles. 8. It seemed good to them after making inquiry (part.) to sail the next day. 9. Worse (δεινός) things have never happened in our day. 10. Those that had been sent out in the ship announced what had happened.

145.—1. φόβος καὶ ταραχὴ ἐμπίπτει τοῖς στρατιώταις διὰ χώρας πολεμίας ἰοῦσι. 2. ἀφικόμενοι ἔπιον τὸ τοῦ ποταμοῦ ὕδωρ. 3. πιοῦσι τὸ ὕδωρ ἐνέπεσε νόσος τις δεινὴ. 4. ἐκπεπτωκότες τῆς πόλεως οἱ φυγάδες διέφθειρον τὴν γῆν. 5. πυθόμενοι ταῦτα

τῶν ἀφικομένων ἐκέλευσαν ἔτι ἄλλους πρέσβεις πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα πεμφθῆναι. 6. ἐπὶ τῶν βασιλέων οὐδεμία ἦν ἐκκλησία. 7. ἐπὶ τούτοις γενομένης εἰρήνης ἀπηλλάγημεν ἅπαντες τοῦ πρὶν φόβου. 8. ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ νυκτὶ ἔπεσον οἰκίαι καὶ νεφὲ καὶ δένδρα. 9. ἡμεῖς μὲν πολλὰ ἐπυρηνόμεθα, ἐκεῖνοι δὲ οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίναντο. 10. πολλάκις ἤδη πεπτωκότες ἔτι αὖθις πεσοῦνται.

146.—1. They were cast out of the city and sailed as soon as possible from the harbour. 2. Socrates made many inquiries in the market-place about virtue. 3. The water was black and not sweet to drink. 4. In the time of Pericles there was great wealth. 5. The disciples of Plato taught men wisdom. 6. It was not in our power to send ambassadors to the king. 7. All the ships will sail at the same time. 8. After sailing into the Peiraeus the enemy destroyed part of the town. 9. These laws were ordained in the time of our fathers. 10. Many (and) terrible diseases fell upon the city about that time.

τέμνω, I cut : τεμῶ, ἔτεμον, τέτμηκα, ἐτμήθην.

τυγχάνω, I hit or I happen (with participle) : τεύξομαι,
ἔτυχον, τετύχηκα.

ὑπισχνούμαι, I promise : ὑποσχήσομαι, ὑπεσχόμην, ὑπέσχημαι.

Preposition (Gr. Gr. p. 104):—

παρά, (α) with genitive, from the side of, from ; (β) with dative, at the side of, with ; (γ) with accusative, (1) to the side of, (2) past, (3) during, (4) beyond, contrary to.

147.—1. οὗτος παρὰ τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις ἐνομίσθη εἶναι πανοῦργος. 2. οὐκ ἔατε τοὺς γέροντας ὕπνου τυχεῖν. 3. τί μαθήσομαι παρὰ τοῦ μὴ ἀρέσκοντος ; 4. ἔτυχον οἱ ἄνδρες ἐν τῇ Αἰγύπτῳ ὄντες. 5. οὐ μέλλεις ἀπολήψεσθαι τὰ χρήματα παρὰ τοῦ ἀνδρός ; 6. ἐτοῖμοι ἦσαν καὶ παρὰ δύναμιν βοηθεῖν. 7. ἔτυχον πρέσβεις ἐν τῇ πόλει παρόντες. 8. ἐκβάντες τῶν νεῶν πολλὴν ὕλην κατέτεμον. 9. ἂρ' οὐχ οὗτος ὑπέσχετο πολλὰ χρήματα ἡμῖν δώσειν ; 10. οἱ παρὰ τοὺς νόμους ἀδικήσαντες ἐξέπεσον τῆς πόλεως.

148.—1. ὑπέσχοντο οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐλευθερίαν τοῖς μὴ ἀφεστηκόσι συμμάχοις. 2. τὴν ὕλην τὴν τμηθεῖσαν ἐτίθεσαν εἰς τὴν ὁδόν. 3. ταῦτα τὰ δῶρα δέδεγμαι παρὰ τοῦ βασιλέως. 4. οὐ δεῖ στεφάνου τυγχάνειν ὅστις παρὰ τοὺς νόμους ἔπραξε τοιαῦτα. 5. παρ' ἅπαντα τὸν χρόνον ἐκείνον πεφύλαχεν ἐκεῖνος τὴν πατρίδα. 6. τί ἄλλο ὑπέσχημαι αὐτῷ ἢ κατὰ δύναμιν βοηθήσειν ; 7. οὐχ ὑμεῖς δοκεῖτε τετυχηκέναι σωτηρίας ἀφεστῶτες τῶν Ἀθηναίων. 8. ταῦτα ἡμῖν παραδέδοται παρὰ τῶν πατέρων. 9. οἱ πρέσβεις ἔτυχον ἤδη εἰς τὴν πόλιν ἀφιγμένοι. 10. οἱ ἄνδρες δοκοῦσι πολλὰ παρὰ τὸ δίκαιον πεπονθέναι.

149.—1. Amongst the Greeks those who won prizes (*νικάω*) in the contests were thought most worthy of honour. 2. The ambassadors did not obtain

peace from the king. 3. We received many gifts from the allies. 4. They happened to have heard us (gen.) speaking. 5. We have been expelled from our country contrary to the laws. 6. The generals ordered the soldiers to cut down wood. 7. After cutting the wood they laid it on (εἰς) the road. 8. They learnt nothing from the philosopher. 9. Those who remained with the general did not obtain safety. 10. They promised to betray the city to the Greeks.

150.—1. Boys will not learn this easily. 2. Much wood was cut down the following day. 3. We promised you friendship, not money. 4. They will not promise to go home. 5. We happened to be listening to the orators in the market-place. 6. They were expelled from the island. 7. Not contrary to the law, but contrary to what was just, Socrates was compelled to drink poison. 8. During the whole of his life he has deceived you. 9. The tree will not fall. 10. Those who were with the king reported what we said.

151.—1. οἱ σύμμαχοι ὑπέσχοντο ναῦς καὶ ἱππέας καὶ χρήματα πέμψειν. 2. κατ' ἐκείνον τὸν χρόνον ἔτυχον πολλοὶ ξένοι ἐν ταῖς Ἀθήναις παρόντες. 3. οὐκ ἔλαθον οἱ πολέμιοι ἀναβάντες. 4. ἤδη ἐν πολλῇ ταραχῇ ἐγίγνοντο οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι. 5. ἔτυχον οἱ Πελο-

ποννήσιοι κρείττους ὄντες τῶν νησιωτῶν. 6. οἱ
 προδότηι ὑπέσχοντο ἐνδώσειν τὴν πόλιν. 7. οἱ
 δικασταὶ χρήματα παρὰ τοῦ ἀνδρὸς ἐδέξαντο. 8.
 παρὰ τῷ ποταμῷ πολλὴ ταραχὴ τοῦ στρατεύματος
 ἐγένετο. 9. παρὰ τοὺς νόμους ἐκελεύσθη τὸ φάρμακον
 πιεῖν. 10. ἀρ' οὐ δώσουσιν οἱ πολῖται ἂ ὑπέσχην-
 ται χρήματα ;

152.—1. The general ordered the soldiers not to
 cut down the fruit trees. 2. There happened to be
 three triremes in the harbour. 3. You seem to have
 done many things contrary to the laws. 4. We ought
 to obey the laws which were handed down from our
 fathers. 5. All the cities happened at that time to
 be friendly to us. 6. They intended to be present at
 dawn. 7. They fought by the river, and the Athenians
 (for they happened to be more numerous) conquered.
 8. After cutting down the wood they made a large
 number of ships. 9. They will not promise to help
 us. 10. During all that time he had-shown-himself
 (γίγνομαι) a friend to the city.

φαίνω, I show : φανῶ, ἔφηνα. φαίνομαι, middle, I appear : φανούμαι, πέφηνα. φαίνομαι, passive, I am shown : φανήσομαι, ἐφάνην, ἐφάνθην. (φανήσομαι and ἐφάνην are also used in the middle signification, I appear.)

χαίρω, I rejoice : χαιρήσω, ἐχάρην, κεχάρηκα. The present participle means "without punishment," "scot-free."

χρή, there is need, one ought : it takes accusative of the person and the infinitive mood.

χρῶμαι, I use (χράομαι takes η not α in contracted syllables) : χρήσομαι, ἐχρησάμην, κέχρημαι.

Preposition (Gr. Gr. p. 105):—

περί, (α) with genitive, about ; (β) with dative, on ; (γ) about, around, of place and time and numbers.

153.—1. *περὶ τῶν πραγμάτων ἔπεμψαν πρέσβεις ὡς βασιλέα.* 2. *οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίναντο οἱ περὶ Πλάτωνα.* 3. *ἐχρῆν ὑμᾶς παρεστάναι τοῖς φίλοις.* 4. *οὐ χαίρων τοῦτο δράσεις.* 5. *οἱ στρατιῶται ἐχρῶντο ταῖς ἐν τῇ χώρᾳ λίθοις.* 6. *ἐχάρησαν τοῦτο ἀκούσαντες.* 7. *οἱ πολῖται ἐταράχθησαν περὶ τῆς ἀγγελίας.* 8. *οὗτος φαίνεται ἄριστος γεγεννημένος περὶ τὴν πόλιν.* 9. *οὐ χρὴ σιωπᾶν περὶ τῆς ἀρετῆς τῶνδε τῶν ἀνδρῶν.* 10. *ἐβουλεύοντο οἱ στρατηγοὶ περὶ τῶν μελλόντων.*

154.—1. *ἀφικνοῦνται οἱ πρέσβεις περὶ τὸν αὐτὸν καιρὸν εἰς τὴν πόλιν.* 2. *δίκαιόν ἐστιν ἡμᾶς μὴ τῶν πατέρων χεῖρους φαίνεσθαι.* 3. *φανῶ σε ἀδικοῦντα καὶ πείθοντα τὰς νήσους ἀφίστασθαι ἀφ' ἡμῶν.* 4. *ἐν τούτῳ τῷ καιρῷ οὐκ ἐδυνήθησαν ταῖς ἀσπίσι χρῆσθαι.* 5. *ὁ παῖς ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ περὶ λίθον ἔπεσεν.* 6. *ἤδη ἐχρῶντο τῷ ἀργυρίῳ τῷ εἰς τὴν ἀκρόπολιν κατατεθέντι.* 7. *οὐ χαίροντες ἀπέβησαν ἐξαπατήσαντες ὑμᾶς.* 8. *οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίναντο περὶ τῶν πραγμάτων ἐρωτώμενοι.* 9. *οὐ περὶ τῆς ἡμετέρας μόνον ἀλλὰ καὶ περὶ τῆς ὑμετέρας σωτηρίας ὁ πόλεμος γενήσεται.* 10. *περὶ τούτων τῶν κινδύνων δεῖ ἐπιμελεῖα χρῆσθαι.*

155.—1. Using this language (λόγοι) they persuaded the citizens. 2. We will send ambassadors to the king concerning this matter. 3. They shall not desert from us without punishment. 4. We were not

able to use the camp. 5. They were shown to have betrayed their country. 6. The young men used all their property. 7. Plato's friends did not teach this. 8. He remained in the city about thirty years. 9. They used care in this matter. 10. Those that were using heavy armour (*ὄπλα*) were not able to advance.

156.—1. We did not understand the matter about which you were deliberating. 2. Having fallen on a stone he went home. 3. Am I not found to be using care on behalf of the city? 4. I will show you to be (part.) a traitor. 5. They will not do this with impunity. 6. Let us deliberate about our safety. 7. The contest will be concerning you, not concerning us. 8. We never enjoy (*χράσμαι*) peace. 9. They had thongs on their arms. 10. He was the disciple (*συγγίγνομαι*) of Socrates about forty years.

157.—1. οἱ μάρτυρες φαίνονται τὸ ἀληθὲς λέγοντες. 2. οὗτοι οὐκ ἤθελον περὶ τοῦ πράγματος ἀποκρίνασθαι. 3. μαχεσάμενοι περὶ πατρίδος καὶ γυναικῶν καὶ παίδων πολλοὶ ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἀπώλλυντο. 4. οὐδεὶς ἐφάνη τοῦ Σωκράτους σοφώτερος. 5. πᾶσιν ἐδόκει δεινότατον τῷ τῶν βαρβάρων ἀργυρίῳ χρῆσθαι. 6. πᾶσαν τὴν ἡμέραν ἐφύλαττον τὴν ὁδὸν χρώμενοι λίθοις καὶ δένδροισι. 7. πολλῶν ἐμπεπτωκότων κινδύνων χρὴ ἔτι ἐλπίδα ἔχειν. 8. ἡῦρον πολλοὺς

παρὰ τῷ ποταμῷ τεταγμένους. 9. ὁ στρατηγὸς συνεκάλεσε τοὺς στρατιώτας περὶ τοῦ κινδύνου φοβούμενος. 10. οὗτος ἐφάνη ἀδικῶν καὶ ψευδόμενος.

158.—1. They are found to be (participle) most hostile to the Athenians. 2. They will not be able to be present, the ships not being ready. 3. They shall not deceive us by their words with impunity. 4. We ought not to delay, but to assist our allies as soon as possible. 5. The danger is not only about victory, but about safety. 6. Plato's friends persuaded us to apply-ourselves-to philosophy. 7. They used many arguments about the safety of the state. 8. During all that time the Lacedaemonians were enjoying peace. 9. The foot-soldiers happened to be drawn up on land. 10. Coming into the assembly he showed all the truth.

Irregular Verbs.

Gr. Gr. pp. 182, 183.

αἶρω, I take : ἤρηνκα, εἶλον.

αἰροῦμαι, middle, I choose : αἰρήσομαι, ἤρημαι, εἰλόμην.

Passive ἤρημαι, I have been chosen, ἤρέθην, I was chosen.

ἀλίσκομαι, I am taken : ἀλώσομαι, ἔάλωκα, ἔάλων. Technically, I am convicted, with genitive case of the offence.

ἔρχομαι, I go. Perfect ἐλήλυθα, ἤκω, aorist ἦλθον, future εἶμι. ἔρχομαι is used only in present indicative : for the other moods εἶμι is used.

λέγω, I say. Future ἐρῶ, aorist εἶπον, perfect εἶρηκα.

Preposition (Gr. Gr. pp. 105, 106) :—

πρός, (α) with genitive, πρὸς τῆς θαλάττης, seawards, on the side of ; (β) with dative, (1) at, (2) in addition to ; (γ) with accusative, (1) towards, of place and time, (2) of action or feeling towards.

159.—1. εἶλοντο αὐτὸν στρατηγὸν ἀντὶ Χαιρεφώντος. 2. ἀφικόμενοι οἱ πρέσβεις ὡς τὸν βασιλέα τοιαῦτα εἶπον. 3. τοὺς οἰκέτας πρὸς ἡμέραν ἡγείραμεν. 4. ἔατε τοὺς στρατιώτας εἰσελθεῖν τὴν πόλιν. 5. οὐ χαίρων ἀπήλθεν ὁ κλέπτης. 6. συνεληλυθότες οἱ πολέμιοι πειρῶνται καταλαβεῖν τὴν πόλιν. 7. εἴλετο ἡ βουλὴ δέκα πρέσβεις. 8. δεῦρο δὴ προσέλθετε, ὦ ἑταῖροι. 9. μηδὲν εἶπης τοῖς τοιαῦτα ἐρωτῶσιν. 10. ἐάλω Σωκράτης τῆς ἀδικίας, ἀλλ' οὐδὲν ἠδίκησε.

160.—1. ἀμννούμεθα τοὺς ἄνδρας ἐφ' ἡμᾶς ἐξελθόντας. 2. μηδὲν εἶπης¹ κακὸν τοὺς πειθομένους τοῖς νόμοις. 3. τῆς πόλεως ἐαλωκυίας οὐκ ἐλπίς ἦν ἡμῖν σωθήσεσθαι. 4. πολλάκις ταῦτα εἴρηται ὑπὸ τῶν ἀνδρῶν· τί ἔτι πρὸς τούτοις ἐροῦσι ; 5. ἡρήκασιν οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι πάσας τὰς ναῦς. 6. οὐκέτι φιλίᾳ πρὸς ἀλλήλους χρῶνται οἱ ἀδελφοί. 7. οἱ σύμμαχοι οἱ πρὸς βορρᾶ ἤδη ἀφέστασαν. 8. ἄλους ἀδικίας ἐξελήλαται τῆς πόλεως. 9. αἰὲν οἱ Ἕλληνες ἐπολέμουν πρὸς ἀλλήλους. 10. πᾶσαι αἱ ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ πόλεις ὑπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων ἡρηνται.

161.—1. What will he say to you ? 2. Towards dawn the servants aroused us and we went into the city. 3. We shall not elect you general instead of

¹ Two accusatives are used after λέγειν, when it means to say something good or evil of a person.

Pericles. 4. All the young men have come in. 5. The walls were taken : the citizens fled. 6. The cities northwards did not send ambassadors to the isthmus. 7. He ordered the ambassadors to speak to the people. 8. Boys, do not speak evil of your parents. 9. I shall go to-morrow. 10. Those who had been convicted of wrong-doing fled.

162.—1. The soldiers used their hands going up. 2. The ambassadors will not dare to say anything else (*ἄλλο*). 3. The man was convicted of wrong-doing. 4. We have all come to hear Socrates. 5. Athens was taken by Lysander about that time. 6. We have told you all the truth : but you were unwilling to hear. 7. With the dawn all the ships sailed out against the enemy. 8. When the general came in (gen. abs.) Cyrus arose and spoke as follows (*τοιάδε*). 9. The gates were opened and we entered. 10. All the young men promised to go the next day.

163.—1. τὴν πόλιν βία εἶλον οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι. 2. ἐδόκει αὐτοῖς ἄλλον στρατηγὸν ἀντὶ Δημοσθένους ἐλέσθαι. 3. ὁ γραμματεὺς τῆς πόλεως παρελθὼν ἀνέγνω τὴν ἐπιστολήν. 4. πάντα ἐροῦμέν σοι ἅ παρὰ τοῦ βασιλέως ἀκηκόαμεν. 5. ἦλθεν Μαρδόνιος ἔχων μέγιστον στράτευμα. 6. πολλοὶ ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ μάχῃ ἐάλωσαν καὶ πεζοὶ καὶ ἵππῆς. 7. εἶπον ἡμῖν

οἱ ἄγγελοι ἅπερ εἶρητο αὐτοῖς. 8. δεινὸν ἐδόκει τοῖς πολίταις τὸν στρατηγὸν ἀλῶναι ἀδικίας. 9. τὶ δεῖ ἔτι ἄλλα λέγειν πρὸς τοῖς εἰρημένοις ; 10. οὐ δύνανται διὰ τοὺς ἱππέας ἐκ τοῦ χωρίου ἐξιέναι.

164.—1. They will not be able to take the city by force. 2. We all chose him in preference to the others. 3. When he came he told us what had happened. 4. The army has been destroyed; the camp has been taken. 5. They will be convicted of wrongdoing. 6. The sailors who had been saved came into the harbour. 7. Very many men are coming out of the country on account of the plague. 8. Those who had been appointed generals came the next day. 9. Being at war with each other they were not able to repel the barbarians.

Gr. Gr. p. 183.

ἀποκτείνω, I kill, put to death : ἀποκτενῶ, ἀπέκτεινα, perfect ἀπέκτονα. For passive ἀποθνήσκω is used : ἀποθανοῦμαι, τέθνηκα, ἀπέθανον. (For forms of τέθνηκα, see Gr. Gr. p. 167, § 153.)

ὁρῶ (ὁράω), I see : ὄψομαι, εἶδον (ἴδω, ἴδοιμι), ἑώρακα. Imperfect, ἑώρων.

φέρω, I bear (Gr. Gr. p. 185) : οἴσω, ἤνεγκον, ἐνήνοχα, ἐνήνεγμαι.

Preposition :—

ὑπό, (α) with genitive, by ; (β) with dative, under, of place or of subjection ; (γ) with accusative, motion under, or of time, close to.

165.—1. ἤδη τέθνηκεν ὁ Κῦρος ἐν τῇ μάχῃ. 2. ἐν τῇ στρατείᾳ πολλοὶ νόσῳ ἀπέθανον. 3. πάντες ἐθαύμασαν τὰς τῶν τεθνεώτων ἀρετάς. 4. εἶδον πολλοὺς στρατιώτας ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ. 5. δεῦρο ἔλθε, παῖ, καὶ ἔνεγκε τὴν τράπεζαν ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας. 6. οὐδεμίαν εἶρακα σωτηρίαν ἐκ τῶν κινδύνων. 7. ἀπέκτειναν εἰς δισχιλίους μαχόμενοι· οἱ δὲ ἄλλοι ἐξέφυγον. 8. μὴ ἴδοιμι τὴν ἡμετέραν πόλιν διεφθαρμένην. 9. οἱ τεθνεώτες ἠνέχθησαν εἰς τὸ πεδίον ὑπὸ τῶν στρατιωτῶν. 10. ὑπὸ νύκτα εἶδομεν τὰς ναῦς τῶν πολεμίων.

166.—1. ἴδετε οἷα πάσχω, ὦ ἐταῖροι. 2. ἀποθανεῖσθε τήμερον, ὦ ἄνδρες κάκιστοι. 3. ὑπὸ τὸν αὐτὸν χρόνον ἐξέπλευσαν αἱ νῆες. 4. τεθνεώτος τοῦ στρατηγοῦ ἐτράποντο ἐπ' οἴκου οἱ στρατιῶται. 5. πάντας τοὺς ἐν τῇ πόλει ἀπέκτεινεν ὁ Κῦρος. 6. ταῦτα οὐκ ἐδύναντο οἱ πολῖται ἐνεγκεῖν. 7. οὐχ ἐωρᾶτε ὑμεῖς ἅ ἔδρων ἐκεῖνοι. 8. τὸ ἀποθανεῖν ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος μεγίστη δόξα ἀνθρώποις. 9. εὐθὺς τὸν κίνδυνον ὄψεσθε. 10. ταῦτα πεπονθότες ὑπὸ τῶν Ἀθηναίων ἔπεμψαν οἱ νησιῶται πρέσβεις εἰς Λακεδαίμονα.

167.—1. We saw a few men in the market-place. 2. They have borne greater evils than these. 3. All the men whom you sent are dead. 4. Cyrus will put to death all whom he has taken. 5. See the folly of

these men. 6. The dead will say (ἀγγέλλω) nothing. 7. Let them bring the arms (φέρω 1 aor.) from the citadel. 8. We have been (γίγνομαι) subject to the Athenians many years. 9. May they never see that day. 10. All saw what was happening.

168.—1. Not having seen the battle they were not able to announce the names of the dead. 2. They will see the victory of the enemy. 3. Surely they will not kill their former friends. 4. About the same time Cyrus died. 5. The ships were drawn up by the Athenians in the bay. 6. They have seen the ambassadors whom Philip sent. 7. When the general died there seemed no hope of safety for the army. 8. Many will die on the expedition. 9. Many were dying of disease outside the city. 10. The ship was carried by the sailors to the sea.

169.—1. μήποτε ἴδοιμι ἐκείνην τὴν ἡμέραν. 2. τοὺς αἰχμαλώτους οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ἀπέκτειναν ἅπαντας. 3. δεῖ μηδὲν κακὸν εἰπεῖν τοὺς τεθνεώτας. 4. οἱ πατέρες ὄψονται τεθνεώτας τοὺς υἱεῖς. 5. ἀποθανούσης τῆς μητρὸς οἱ υἱεῖς ἀπῆλθον. 6. οὐ πρέπει ἡμῖν ἀνδρείοις γε οὖσι τοιαῦτα ἐνεγκεῖν. 7. ἀρ' οὐκ ἐοράκατε τοὺς παῖδας; 8. τεθναίῃ νικήσας. 9. ἐκεῖνοι ἀποκτενοῦσί σε. 10. ὑπὸ νύκτα ἔλαθον αἱ νῆες τῶν πολεμίων ἐκ τῆς νήσου ἐκπλεύσασαι.

170.—1. The arms were carried by the traitors into the citadel. 2. All whom you saw were put to death the next day. 3. He ordered the soldiers to bring the arms out of the house. 4. They have sent other ambassadors to Athens. 5. Is it not a reproach not to die for one's country? 6. We cannot see any hope of safety now that Cyrus is dead. 7. Behold what these men have done. 8. They will die in the battle, but they shall have great glory. 9. Let us bear our fortune bravely. 10. We are compelled to bear what-has-been-done by these men.

οἶδα, I know, am well assured.

εὖ ἴσθι, εὖ ἴστε, imperative, often used parenthetically, be assured.

εἴοικα, I seem like, I seem.

εἰκός, participle, fitting.

ὥς εἴοικε, as it seems.

171.—1. ταῦτα ἅπαντα ἡμεῖς ἴσμεν. 2. οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες, εὖ ἴστε, προὔδοσαν τὴν πόλιν. 3. τοῦτο δὴ ῥαδίως εἴσεσθε. 4. τὸ μὴ εἰδέναι ἂν χρὴ ποιεῖν αἰσχιστον. 5. ἔοικεν ὁ ἀνὴρ σοφώτερος εἶναι τῶν ἄλλων. 6. εἷξασιν οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες τοῖς πάλαι ἥρωσι. 7. οὗτος, εὖ ἴσθι, τὸ ἀληθὲς εἴρηκεν. 8. πᾶσα γῆ ἔοικεν εἶναι τάφος τῶν μετὰ δόξης τεθνεώτων. 9. οὐκ εἰδὼς τὸ γεγενημένον εἰσέρχεται τὴν ἐκκλησίαν. 10. ἂρ' οὐκ ἐώκει τάδε τοῖς πρὶν ὑπ' ἐκείνων εἰρημένοις ;

172.—1. οὗτοι διδάσκουσιν ἡμᾶς ἂν ἴσασιν. 2. ταῦτα ἠκούσατε παρὰ τῶν εἰδότων. 3. ἤδη εἴσει τὸ ἀληθὲς ἀκούσας ἂν λέγουσι. 4. ταῦτα ἔλεξας πρὸς τοὺς εἰδότας. 5. πάντες οἱ ἐν τῇ πόλει τὰ πραττόμενα ᾗσαν. 6. οὗτοι οἱ θῆρες λέγονται εἰκέναι τοῖς ἐν τῇ Αἰγύπτῳ. 7. καὶ πάλαι τὸ ἀληθὲς ᾗδησθα. 8. πάντες, ὡς ἔοικεν, ἀπέβησαν. 9. οὐκ εἰκὸς ἀφίστασθαι τῆς πατρίδος. 10. ἂρ' οὐκ ᾗστε ἂν εἶπον ἐκείνοι ;

173.—1. The man, be well assured, has deceived you. 2. They do not know what has happened. 3. This philosopher is said to know everything. 4. The temple is like that (use the article merely) of Poseidon. 5. It is not fitting that he should be general. 6. Many men are like lions. 7. This seemed to be so.

8. Those that-have-knowledge will teach you. 9. He seems like a traitor. 10. The city seemed like a temple.

174.—1. He is not like (a man) speaking falsely. 2. The boy did not answer, but he knew the truth. 3. You shall hear this from those that-have-knowledge. 4. All, as it seems, refused to receive the ambassadors. 5. You speak to men that-have-knowledge. 6. It seemed that they were (=they seemed to be) wiser than their fathers. 7. You shall know this directly. 8. They arrived the next day not knowing what-had-happened in the city. 9. Be assured, we will not go away. 10. All of you knew what they promised.

175.—1. ταῦτα οὐκ ἤθελον δέχεσθαι ὥς εὖ εἰδότες τὴν τῶν πειθόντων ἀπάτην. 2. τῶν δὲ πολεμίων ἐπιτιθεμένων οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐώκεσαν πόλει πολιορκουμένη. 3. ἔοικεν ὁ ῥήτωρ περὶ τούτου τοῦ πράγματος ψεύδεσθαι. 4. οἱ φίλοι πάντες ὥς εἰκὸς ἦν ἐν τοῖς τοιούτοις κινδύνοις, τῷ ἀνδρὶ παρέστασαν. 5. τί ταῦτα δεῖ λέγειν πρὸς ὑμᾶς εὖ εἰδότας τὰ πραχθέντα; 6. ἤδη καθεστῶτος τοῦ πολέμου πάντες ὥς ἔοικε οἱ σύμμαχοι μέλλουσιν ἀποστήσεσθαι τῆς πόλεως. 7. ἔτυχον πάλοι εἰδότες οἱ πολῖται τὰ τοῦ βασιλέως βουλευματα. 8. ἐκεῖνος, εὖ ἴστε, ἃ ὑπισχνεῖται οὐ

ποιήσῃ. 9. ὑμεῖς τὰ πρότερον πραχθέντα, ὦ ἄνδρες, εὖ ἴστε. 10. οὐ δοκοῦσιν οἱ φιλόσοφοι εἰδέναι τὴν ἀλήθειαν.

176.—1. They have heard all the truth from men-that-have-knowledge. 2. All the ships, it seems, have been destroyed in the battle. 3. Be well assured, we will repel those that attack you. 4. Knowing what had happened they gave up the city to the king. 5. They were brought into great perplexity, not knowing the designs of the leaders. 6. The slaves, as was reasonable (εἰκός), having obtained the arms escaped. 7. They sailed away the next day not having taken the town. 8. Your allies, be assured, will become stronger and will not desert you. 9. All, as it seems, hoped to be saved.

Adjectives.

Gr. Gr. pp. 136-140.

ἀξιόχρεως, substantial, sufficient.

ἐνδεής, deficient.

εὖνους, well disposed.

εὐχαρις, winning.

πλείων, more.

πλέως, full.

πραῶς, gentle.

σῶς, safe.

177.—1. πάντα ἐδόκει ἐνδεᾶ εἶναι τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις. 2. ὑπέσχοντο τὸν ἄνδρα ἀφήσειν σῶν καὶ ὑγιᾶ εἰς τὴν πατρίδα. 3. ἡ κιβωτός ἐστι πλέα ἀργυρίου. 4. οἱ πολέμιοι ἤδη πλείους ἐγεγέννητο τῶν ἡμετέρων. 5. οὐκ ἀξιόχρεω ἦσαν οἱ τῶν μαρτύρων λόγοι. 6. μένοντες ἐν τῷ στρατοπέδῳ τὰ βέλη ἀφίεσαν. 7. ἤδη τὸ στρατόπεδον ἦν σῶν. 8. δεῖ πρᾶσι λόγοις χρῆσθαι ἐν τούτῳ τῷ πράγματι. 9. ὑμεῖς εὖνοι τοῖς ἀδικοῦσιν ἐγένεσθε. 10. ἀπέδωκεν ὁ δοῦλος τὸ ἀργύριον σῶν.

178.—1. οὗτοι εὖνοί τέ εἰσι καὶ φίλοι καὶ εὐχάριτες. 2. πλείους ἢ χιλίους καὶ πεντακοσίους τῶν πολιτῶν ἀπέκτειναν. 3. εὐχαρίς ἐστὶν ἡ πειθὼ ἡ τῶν πρᾶων ἀνθρώπων. 4. οὐκ ἀξιόχρεων εἶχον δύναμιν οἱ ὑμέτεροι σύμμαχοι. 5. σῶοι καὶ ὑγιεῖς ἀφίκοντο πρὸς τὴν πατρίδα. 6. πάνυ πρᾶεα ἦν τὰ βουλευματα τῶν ἡγεμόνων. 7. πλεῖν ἢ πέντε μνᾶς τοῖς ἀνδράσιν ἀπέδομεν. 8. ἤδη πλείους γενόμενοι ἡμύναντο τοὺς πολεμίους. 9. τί ἐτι πλέοσι λόγοις χρώμενοι πειρᾶσθε ἡμᾶς ἀναπείθειν; 10. πάντων ἐνδεᾶ ἦν τὰ πλοῖα.

179.—1. The slave whom you sent safe and sound was captured by the enemy. 2. They received a chest full of arms. 3. All these things were wanting to the allies. 4. Have the allies sufficient power?

5. The words of the orators were winning. 6. Let us use gentle counsels. 7. The mother was gentle. 8. We will pay you back the money safe. 9. They were no longer safe in the camp. 10. They will not become well disposed towards you (dat.).

180.—1. The houses seemed to be full of money. 2. They had more than fifty ships in the harbour. 3. More than three hundred died from disease. 4. There was a certain gentle virtue in the man. 5. The city had more philosophers than soldiers. 6. Brave men ought also to be gentle. 7. The children whom they left in the island were safe. 8. They cannot use more arguments (λόγοι). 9. They caused the allies, already not well disposed, to revolt from the city. 10. They were by nature (dat.) winning and friendly.

181.—1. ἡμῶν ἤδη πολὺν χρόνον πολιορκουμένων τὰ ἐπιτήδεια ἐνδεᾶ ἐγίγνετο. 2. οὐκ ἤθελον οἱ στρατηγοὶ ἀποστέλλειν τὰς ναῦς. 3. δεινότατα οὗτοι ἔπαθον ἐκ τῆς γῆς ἐκπесόντες. 4. τὸ μὴ εἰδέναι τὰ δέοντα αἰσχιστον ὄνειδος. 5. οὐκ ἀξιόχρεων ἔξουσι δύναμιν οἱ πρὸς τὸν βασιλεᾶ πολεμοῦντες. 6. πολλοὶ μὲν ἀπέθανον ἐν τῇ ναυμαχίᾳ, πολλοὶ δὲ ἐάλωσαν. 7. εἰδότες τὸ πλῆθος τῶν πολεμίων πλέον γιγνόμενον οὐκ ἤθελον μεῖναι παρὰ τῷ ποταμῷ. 8. ἤλπιζον φεύξεσθαι πρὸς τὴν πατρίδα σῶοι. 9. καὶ οἱ πολέμιοι

εὐνούστεροι ἡμῖν ἢ οἱ σύμμαχοι γίνονται. 10.
 πλέοσι λόγοις χρῶνται, ἀλλ' οὐχ ἡμᾶς πείθουσι.

182.—1. The ships of the enemy had become deficient. 2. The generals of the king, as was reasonable, were well disposed to the cities which had revolted from the Athenians. 3. We will send the boy home, be well assured, safe and sound. 4. The navy of the Greeks was not sufficient, nor were the land soldiers able to fight. 5. The Lacedaemonians put out the next day and sailed to Chios. 6. We have received the money which you promised to pay back. 7. When-they-had-come all the citizens received them and honoured them with many gifts. 8. They gave more money to the generals. 9. Be sure, the boys will come safe and sound. 10. They have forgotten the words of the king.

The contracted forms of ὁ αὐτός, Gr. Gr. p. 146 ; the pronominal adjectives and adverbs, pp. 147, 148 ; adverbs, p. 142 ; and certain comparisons, pp. 141, 142.

Ἀθήναζε, to Athens.

θύραζε, out of doors (after verbs of motion).

183.—1. πῶς ταῦτα γενήσεται, ὦ φίλτατε ; 2. δεῖ βουλευέσθαι ὅπως φυλάξομεν τὴν πόλιν. 3. ὧδέ πως ἔλαθεν ὁ ῥήτωρ τὸ ἀργύριον τοῦ βασιλέως δεχόμενος. 4. πῶς τολμᾷ οὗτος ἀναπεῖθαι ὑμᾶς εἰρήνην πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα ποιεῖσθαι, ἐκείνος δὲ τοὺς ὑμετέρους συμμάχους ἤδη διαφθείρει ; 5. οὐκ ἔγνωσαν οἱ πολῖται οἷος ἦν ὁ κίνδυνος. 6. αὐτίκα εἴσεσθε ὁπότερός ἐστιν ὑμῖν εὐνότερος. 7. μετὰ τὴν εἰρήνην ἀπῆσαν αἱ νῆες Ἀθήναζε. 8. οὐκ ἀεὶ αὐτοὶ ταῦτα πράττουσι. 9. ἀρπάσας τὸν ἄνδρα βία ἐξήλασε θύραζε. 10. ὅ τι δημοσίᾳ πεποίηκεν ἐκείνος, εὖ ἴστε ἅπαντες.

184.—1. οὐπω περὶ τῶν νεῶν ἀκηκόαμεν ὅθεν ἀφικνοῦνται. 2. εἰπέ μοι ὅπως ταῦτα ἐγένετο. 3. οὐκ ἔστι ταῦτὸν πεισθέντα τι δρᾶσαι καὶ φόβῳ ἀναγκασθέντα. 4. εἰς τὰ περαιότερα οὐκέτι ἠθέλον οἱ στρατιῶται πορεύεσθαι. 5. ταύτῃ ἐπολέμουν οἱ σύμμαχοι ὅπῃ ἐκάστω ἔδοξε. 6. πότε καὶ πόθεν ἀφίκοντο οἱ παῖδες ; 7. ἤδη ταῦτα μάλιστα δῆλα γεγένηται, ὅθεν ῥαδίως τὴν ἀλήθειαν γνώσεσθε. 8. οὗτος ἦν καὶ τοῖς ἐταίροις καὶ τῇ πατρίδι μάλιστα πάντων φίλος. 9. οὐχ οὕτως ἐτιμήσατε τὸν ἄνδρα ὥς ἄξιός ἐστι. 10. ἀκούετε οἷος ὁ ἀνὴρ τότε ἐν τῇ πόλει ἐγένετο.

185.—1. Where did you find the money ? 2. They could not show in what direction (= whither)

the slaves turned. 3. All remained where they were standing. 4. How much money do you intend to pay them? 5. When did the ships arrive from the island? 6. They did not give the same answers about the same events (πράγματα). 7. What kind of a man has he now become who thus dares to deceive you? 8. There, where he fell, was he buried. 9. They are deliberating how they shall escape. 10. They refused to send ambassadors to Athens about these matters.

186.—1. When he heard this he drove the slave out of doors. 2. They do not perceive how great the danger is. 3. Whence have you come? 4. They seem in some way better disposed towards us. 5. They no longer use the same arguments. 6. Whence did they get the money which they are using? 7. Our best friends were killed in the battle. 8. How will you answer about these matters? 9. I will tell you which of the two proposals you ought to choose. 10. The same dangers surrounded all.

General Recapitulatory Exercises.

187.—1. οἱ στρατιῶται ταχθέντες ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ ἤκουον τοῦ στρατηγοῦ παρακαλοῦντος. 2. ἅμα τῇ ἔφ' ἄραυτες ἐξέπλευσαν ἐκ τοῦ λιμένος καὶ ἀφίκοντο ἅμα τῇ ἐσπέρᾳ εἰς τὴν νῆσον. 3. ἀκούσαντες ἂ ἡγγειλαν οὐκ ἤθελον οἱ πολῖται ἀφιέναι τοὺς πρέσβεις. 4. μόλις ἠῦρον ἐν σκότῳ τὸ ἱμάτιον. 5. καταληψόμεθα τὴν πόλιν τήμερον. 6. θές εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν τὴν ἀσπίδα. 7. τοῦτο ἐλάχομεν εἰσελθόντες. 8. οὐκ ἔδρων ταῦτα οἱ ἄνδρες ἀγαθοὶ ὄντες καὶ εὐσεβεῖς. 9. ἀλγεῖς τοσοῦτον βάρος ἐνεγκών. 10. ἐπὶ τὸ ἔργον ἐτράποντο.

188.—1. οἱ λησταὶ τὴν πόλιν τὴν τῆς θεοῦ ἤδη κατειλήφασιν. 2. ποῖ τέτραπται ὁ ἀνὴρ; 3. μὴ κρύψῃς ὃ τι πέπονθας κακόν. 4. οἱ πολῖται ἴσασι τὸν ἄνδρα ὅστις ἐστι. 5. οὗτοι δοκοῦσι τῷ κλέπτῃ παρεστάναι. 6. Περικλῆς ἐλέχθη τιθέναι νόμους τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις. 7. οἱ πολῖται οὐκ ἤκουον τοῦ κήρυκος. 8. ἀπόδοτέ μοι τὰ χρήματα. 9. οἱ ἀγγελοι εἰσελθόντες προσέπεσον πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα. 10. ἐλήφθησαν οἱ ναῦται κλέπτοντες τὰ δένδρα.

189.—1. The general called the soldiers into the market-place. 2. They came into the city to hear the envoys. 3. They were unwilling to sail, but rather

chose to remain. 4. We could not find the cloak in the darkness. 5. The city was taken by night. 6. Surely you will not do this, being an honest and pious man! 7. The soldiers after carrying such burdens were not able to fight. 8. He ordered them to put their shields forward. 9. We will not let the men go. 10. We obtained by lot (the privilege) to go into the senate-house.

190.—1. We know what kind of a man the king is (= we know the king who he is). 2. They did not conceal what they had suffered. 3. They stood by us in this danger. 4. He that lays down laws for others is called a king. 5. You did not give me back the money. 6. We will fall at-the-feet-of (πρός) our benefactors. 7. Whither, my friends, are we to turn? (aor. subj.). 8. After hearing the ambassadors they went away. 9. They will take the town to-morrow. 10. Do not hear (aor. subj.) the traitor.

191.—1. οἱ πολέμιοι διώξονται ἡμᾶς φεύγοντας καὶ αἰρήσουσι τὴν πόλιν. 2. ἔγνωσαν τοὺς Ἀθηναίους ἀπεληλυθότας. 3. ἔπεισαν καὶ τοὺς νησιώτας μάχεσθαι. 4. ἐπειρῶντο καὶ κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν ἀμύνεσθαι τοὺς Πελοποννησίους. 5. χαλεπὸν ἐστὶ χρῆσθαι ταῖς ναυσί. 6. ἐκέλευσεν ὁ Κῦρος τοὺς Ἕλληνας εἰς τὸ πεδίου ἀθροισθῆναι. 7. οἱ γέροντες

οὐκ ἐπείσθησαν τοῖς τῶν ῥητόρων λόγοις. 8. ἔτρεψαν τὸ ἐνώνυμον κέρας τῶν βαρβάρων. 9. ποῦ τέθραπται ὁ ἥρως ; 10. ἀνάγνωθι τὰ ἐν τῷ τείχει γεγραμμένα.

192.—1. We shall not let the men go free. 2. They came into the market-place to announce the victory. 3. He ruined himself and his wife and children. 4. Be on your guard against those who are persuading you to revolt. 5. What will they answer (when) questioned? 6. He aroused all the sailors from sleep. 7. All men understand this. 8. In the days of the thirty tyrants many men were put to death. 9. I will remind you of the wrong-doing of this man. 10. Leave him to the gods to punish.

193.—1. πῶς οὐ ῥαδίως γνώσεσθε τὴν ἀδικίαν τῶν ἀνθρώπων ; 2. τῶν Ἀθηναίων τροπαῖον στήσαντων οὐκέτι ἔμειναν οἱ πολέμιοι. 3. οὐκ εἶπον τοὺς στρατιώτας εἰσελθεῖν τὴν πόλιν. 4. πάντα τὰ χρήματα εἰς τὴν ἀκρόπολιν κατετέθη. 5. τίνα ἔτι ἐλπίδα ἔχομεν νίκης ; 6. δός μοι τὴν μάχαιραν, ὦ παῖ. 7. ἔπεισα τοὺς ἄνδρας εὖ θέσθαι τὰ πράγματα. 8. οὗτοι λέγονται τὴν πατρίδα προδεδωκέναι. 9. κέλευσον τὸν δοῦλον ταῦτα σημῆναι. 10. οὐκ ἀεὶ οἱ αὐτοὶ λόγοι πείθουσιν ἀνθρώπους.

194.—1. All came into the city the next day to

see the games. 2. He gave the same name to the boy. 3. Who will await death more bravely than the philosopher? 4. The land of the Athenians was ravaged by the enemy. 5. When everything had been satisfactorily (εἰς) accomplished, the ambassadors returned home. 6. Will they not revere the gods of their native land? 7. They assigned me the greatest share. 8. Why did you (singular) answer the judges thus? 9. The witnesses proved this just. 10. Show me the way, boy.

195.—1. θαυμασόμεθα τοὺς τῶν στρατιωτῶν ἀγῶνας. 2. οὐκ εἶπον τὸν δοῦλον δοῦναι τῷ ἀνδρὶ μάχαιραν. 3. καλῶς θείντο οἱ φίλοι τὰ πράγματα. 4. παρέθηκεν ὁ μάρτυς τὰ τῶν ἀδικούντων ὀνόματα. 5. τοῦτο ἀκούσασι μέγας ἐνέπεσε φόβος τοῖς πολίταις. 6. ὁ στρατηγὸς κατέστησεν ἄλλους φύλακας ἀντὶ τῶν προτέρων. 7. ἐπειρᾶτο ἐγείρειν τοὺς ἐν τῇ πόλει. 8. δοκοῦσιν οἱ πολῖται εἰς μέγιστον φόβον καθεστάναι. 9. τίνα μισθὸν δέδωκας τῷ παιδί; 10. δεῖ ἀποδοῦναι τὰ χρήματα τῇ πόλει.

δέδοικα, I fear (Gr. Gr. p. 167).

196.—1. ἀνάβηθι ἐπὶ τὸ ὄρος καὶ ἴδε τὸ ἄστυ. 2. οἱ πολῖται σφόδρα δεδίασι τὸν βασιλέα. 3. μὴ δέδιθι κινδύνους, ὦ νεανία. 4. οὐ δοκοῦσι δεδιέναι τὸν πόλεμον. 5. ἴθι χαίρων καὶ εὖ πράξεως. 6. δοκεῖς συ εἰδέναι τὸ ὄνομα τοῦ ἀνθρώπου. 7. ἐβούλετο ἐκεῖνος εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν τοῦ βασιλέως. 8. τοῦτο μάλιστα δέδοικα. 9. οὐ δίκαιός ἐστιν ἀπολαβεῖν τὰ δῶρα. 10. οἱ φύλακες εὐθὺς λαβόντες αὐτὸν ἀφῆκαν.

197.—1. οἱ σύμμαχοι ἤδη ἀθροισθέντες ἐπὶ τὸν βασιλέα ἀνέβαινον. 2. ὑπὲρ τῶν φίλων πειρώμεθα ἐκείνους ἀμύνεσθαι. 3. ταῦτα ἐγνωκότας ὑμᾶς χρὴ ἀποθέσθαι τὸν φόβον. 4. οἱ τοιαῦτα πεπονθότες οὐκ ἀφήσουσι τοὺς ἀδικήσαντας. 5. ἄξιόν ἐστι τὸν μὲν πόλεμον καταθέσθαι, εἰρήνην δὲ ἄγειν. 6. περὶ τῶν μελλόντων χρὴ ὑμᾶς δεδιέναι. 7. ταῦτα ὑπὲρ τῆς τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἐλευθερίας ἐπάθετε. 8. ἐβούλουντο ἅπτεσθαι τοῦ πολέμου. 9. ἡ εἰρήνη ἀπαλλάξει ὑμᾶς τῆςαραχῆς. 10. τοῦτον τὸν κίνδυνον δεδιότες οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἄλλας ναῦς ἀπέστειλαν.

198.—1. Fearing the king they were unwilling to assist the Greeks. 2. Do not fear the power of the enemy. 3. They do not know who the man is. 4.

Those that went up with Xenophon suffered many (hardships). 5. We fear the orators most. 6. It is just for you (= you are just) to say this in behalf of the city. 7. Having let him go the guards did not capture him again. 8. They seemed to fear their allies, not their enemies. 9. Did you know the names of the traitors? 10. They were about to go away the next day.

199.—1. Having repelled the Lacedaemonians why do you fear the others? 2. After they ascertained this they laid aside fear. 3. We are unwilling to let those go who have done such wrong. 4. Let us lay aside war and keep peace. 5. All of them fear concerning the future. 6. We ought to fear the general, not the enemy. 7. They gave back all the money to Cyrus. 8. We are able to repel the enemy. 9. They told us what they had endured on behalf of our safety. 10. He commands us to give up all our ships.

200.—1. πέμψειν στρατιώτας ὑπέσχοντο, ἱππέας ἑκατὸν καὶ ὀπλίτας πεντακοσίους. 2. αἰσθόμενος αὐτοὺς περὶ εἰρήνης μέλλοντας βουλευέσθαι ἔπεισε τοῦ πολέμου πάλιν ἄπτεσθαι. 3. οὐδὲν ἀποκρινάμενοι ἀπέπεμψαν τοὺς πρέσβεις. 4. ὅσους ἔλαβεν ἐν τῇ πόλει Κῦρος, πάντας ἀπέκτεινε. 5. τῇ αὐτῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐάλω τριήρης τῶν Ἀθηναίων. 6. ὁ ἀγὼν ἔσται περὶ σωτηρίας καὶ περὶ πατρίδος. 7. μνήσθητε τῶν πρὶν

λόγων τοῦ στρατηγοῦ. 8. πάντες οἱ ἐν τῇ πόλει παραδιδόασιν ἑαυτοὺς τοῖς πολεμίοις. 9. πολλή ταραχὴ ἐνέπεσε νυκτὸς ἰοῦσι. 10. ἅμα τῇ ἔφ' ἀφικνοῦνται πρὸς τὴν θάλατταν.

201.—1. τούτων μεμνημένους χρὴ ὑμᾶς ὡς ἀνδρείοτατα μάχεσθαι. 2. ὅπλα παρέδοσαν καὶ τὸ ἀργύριον, ὃ εἶχον, ἅπαν κατέθεσαν. 3. ἐπειδὴ ἐγένοντο ἐπὶ τῷ ποταμῷ ἡῦρον φυλακὴν τῶν πολεμίων. 4. περὶ τούτων τῶν πραγμάτων βουλευόμεθα. 5. οὐκ ἔτυχον οἱ ἐλθόντες συγγνώμης παρὰ τῶν ἀκουόντων. 6. οἱ πολῖται ἐκ δεινοτάτων κινδύνων ἐσώθησαν. 7. ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις ἀγῶσι σφαλέντες οὐκέτι ἐλπίδα εἶχον. 8. αὐτοὺς ἀπώλεσαν καὶ τοὺς φίλους καὶ τὰς πατρίδας. 9. ἡῦρον ἐπὶ τῷ ποταμῷ παρατεταγμένους τοὺς πολεμίους. 10. ἐχρῶντο σιδήρῳ καὶ λίθῳ καὶ ξύλῳ.

202.—1. They promise to send fifty ships. 2. Be well assured, he will put all that he captures to death. 3. We will make no answer to the ambassadors whom they sent. 4. We shall fight for safety and freedom. 5. They command us to surrender ourselves and the city. 6. They do not remember what you said. 7. Having arrived at dawn they surprised (καταλαμβάνω) the citizens deliberating about peace. 8. Five ships of the Athenians are said to have been captured. 9. They will-be-thrown (ἐμπίπτω) into great confusion

marching by night. 10. The city was surrendered the next day.

203.—1. We will pay down all the money we have. 2. We shall not meet with consideration from the king. 3. They are ruining not only themselves but all the Greeks. 4. The enemy were discovered drawn up at the river. 5. Though we failed (aor. part. pass., σφάλλω) we still must fight. 6. They are using the arms which the enemy surrendered. 7. They came into the city to hear about the battle. 8. They did not remember their former dangers. 9. We have sent two hundred cavalry and three hundred hoplites. 10. They all know what the danger is.

204.—1. ποίας ζημίας οὐκ εἰσὶν ἄξιοι οὗτοι οἱ ἄνδρες οἱ τοιαῦτα περὶ ὑμῶν ἐψευσμένοι ; 2. εὐδαιμονεστάτους νομίζομεν τοὺς ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀποθανόντας. 3. πᾶσαν τὴν ἀλήθειαν φανούμεν. 4. ἐξελθόντες ἐπὶ τὸν βασιλέα πολλὰ ἔπαθον ἐν τῇ στρατείᾳ. 5. οὔτε ἀκήκοας οὔτε ἑώρακας οὐδὲν κακόν. 6. ὁ πατὴρ οὐκ εἶα τὸν νεανίαν ἐπὶ τὴν θήραν ἰέναι, ὅτι ἔτυχε μόνος ὢν. 7. εὐθύς πιόντες τὸ φάρμακον ἐπελάθοντο τῆς πατρίδος καὶ τῶν γονέων. 8. ἀφικόμενος εἰσῆει εἰς τὸ βουλευτήριον τὰ περὶ τῆς στρατείας ἀγγελῶν. 9. ὁ γέρων παρέδωκεν ἑαυτὸν καὶ τὴν θυγατέρα τοῖς θεοῖς. 10. δεινὸν ἐφαίνετο εἶναι τοὺς συμμάχους ἀπολλύναι.

205.—1. νυκτὸς εἰσελθὼν εἰς τὴν πόλιν ἐνέτυχεν ἀνθρώπῳ ἀπιόντι ἐξ ἀγορᾶς. 2. ἐν τούτῳ τῷ θέρει πολλοὶ νόσῳ ἀπέθανον. 3. τοῖς ναύταις ἐσήμηνεν εἰς τὴν ναῦν εἰσβαίνειν. 4. ταῦτὰ λεγούσιν οἱ πρέσβεις οὓς οἱ σύμμαχοι ἀπέστειλαν. 5. ἀπέκτειναν τὸν ἄνδρα, υἱὸν ὄντα τοῦ βασιλέως. 6. ὁ βασιλεὺς ἐστράτευσεν ἐπὶ τοὺς Χίους ἀφεστῶτας. 7. οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι πέμψαντες ἀγγέλους ἐκέλευσαν αὐτὸν παραδοῦναι τὴν ἀρχήν. 8. εἶλοντο ἄλλους στρατηγούς. 9. λάθρα ἀφικόμενοι τὴν πόλιν κατὰ κράτος εἶλον. 10. ἠναγκάσθησαν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια μετιέναι.

206.—1. Those who betrayed their country are worthy of death. 2. Your father seems to be well disposed towards us. 3. The slave did not give back the money which I sent. 4. Put the gold in my hand. 5. Let us go to the chase at dawn. 6. With the help of (σύν) the gods we have saved the temples. 7. They refused to surrender the city to the enemy. 8. This is easy even for a boy to learn. 9. The same men who formerly spoke so falsely are using these arguments now. 10. To Socrates alone has this privilege been given.

207.—1. The money was deposited by your father in the temple. 2. They have become stronger and more numerous than the enemy. 3. These men seem

like statues. 4. The Persians had a very large army. 5. In this country they do not use horses, but oxen. 6. Three thousand were killed in battle on the same day. 7. The Greeks wished to offer (ἀνατίθῃμι) the tripod to the god. 8. The Persians gave the Greeks pay. 9. The enemy are said to have destroyed (ἀπόλλυμι) all our ships. 10. When he arrived (part.) he found the city already taken.

208.—1. ὁ μάντις ἐν τῇ μάχῃ ἀποθανὼν τέθραπται ὑπὸ τῶν πολιτῶν ἐν τῇ ἀκροπόλει. 2. προθύμως, ὦ νεανίαι, ἀφίετε τὰ βέλη. 3. αὕτη ἡ νίκη ἀποδώσει ἡμῖν καὶ πατρίδα καὶ οἴκους καὶ ἐλευθερίαν. 4. συλλέξας στρατεύμα μέγα ἀνέβη ὁ Κῦρος ἐπὶ τὸν ἀδελφόν. 5. ἐκέλευσε τὸν παῖδα δεικνύναι τὴν ὁδὸν τῷ ξένῳ. 6. βουλευομένοις τοῖς πολίταις ἔδοξε ναυτικὸν στόλον ἀποστέλλειν. 7. οὐ τοῖς αὐτοῖς οὗτοι χρῶνται νόμοις οἷς οἱ ἄλλοι. 8. ὁ βασιλεὺς φαίνεται ἐφίεσθαι τῆς ὑμετέρας ἀρχῆς. 9. οὐκ ἐδέξαντο οἱ παρόντες σύμμαχοι τὴν εἰρήνην. 10. ἐν μέσῃ τῇ πόλει ἡ στήλη ἔστηκεν.

209.—1. δεῖ ἀναμιμνήσκειν ὑμᾶς τῶν γεγενημένων. 2. ἰποθανεῖν ἅπασιν κοινόν ἐστιν ἀνθρώποις. 3. δεῖ ἀφιέναι τὰ παρεληλυθότα. 4. οἱ πολῖται τοὺς στρατιώτας εἰς τὰς οἰκίας καὶ τὸ ἄστυ ἐδέξαντο. 5. τὴν πόλιν οὐκέτι ἐδύνατο σφῆλαι. 6. οὐκ ἀπέδοσαν οἱ

Λακεδαιμόνιοι τὰ σώματα θάψαι. 7. οὐχ οὕτως οἱ ἄνθρωποι κτῶνται τὰ ἀγαθὰ. 8. πολλὰ ἔπαθον παρὰ τὸ δίκαιον. 9. οὐκ ἐτόλμησαν ἀποστῆναι τῆς ἡμετέρας φιλίας. 10. ἄρ' οὐ τοῦτον ἀφήσομεν τοῖς θεοῖς κολάζειν ;

210.—1. They were unwilling to revolt from their allies. 2. He came himself to announce the peace. 3. We shall all die. 4. It is always difficult to find the truth. 5. Themistocles was not buried in his native land. 6. They set up many (and) beautiful trophies. 7. Having left their ranks they brought (καθίστημι) the army into great danger. 8. These laws have been handed down by our fathers. 9. It is disgraceful to betray a friend. 10. I will remind you of the orator's words.

211.—1. They did not let the men go. 2. All the old men and the women remained in the city. 3. They will give no answer (= answer nothing) concerning this matter. 4. They forgot the virtue of their fathers. 5. We have been set free by our friends from the greatest danger. 6. They refuse to obey their parents. 7. The names were written on the column. 8. All these plans have been accomplished. 9. Who will answer the judge? 10. Those that conquer ought to give back the dead.

GREEK-ENGLISH VOCABULARY

A

ἀγαθόν τό (as substantive), good, benefit.

ἀγαθός, adjective, good.

ἀγγέλλω, I announce.

ἀγορά ἡ, market.

ἀγοράζω, I purchase.

ἄγριος, adjective, savage.

ἄγω, I lead, bring.

ἀγών ὁ, contest, game.

ἀδελφός ὁ, brother.

ἀδικῶ (εω), I do wrong.

ἀδικία ἡ, wrong-doing.

ἄδικος, adjective, wrong-doer.

ἀεί, always.

Ἀθήναζε, to Athens.

ἀθροίζω, I collect, muster.

αἰδώς ἡ, modesty, reverence.

αἰρέομαι, I choose.

αἰρέω, I take.

αἶρω, I lift.

αἰσθάνομαι, I perceive.

αἰσχύρς, disgraceful.

αἰσχύνη ἡ, shame.

αἰσχύνομαι, I am ashamed of, I revere.

αἰσχύνω, I disgrace.

ἀκόντιον τό, dart.

ἀκούω, I hear.

ἀκρόπολις, ἀκροπόλεως ἡ, citadel.

ἀλγῶ (εω), I am in pain.

ἀλήθεια ἡ, truth.

ἀληθής, true.

ἄλίσκομαι, I am caught, convicted.

ἀλλά, but.

ἄλλος, another (οἱ ἄλλοι, the rest).

ἅμα, adverb, at the same time; quasi-preposition with dative, together with.

ἀμύνομαι, I repel.

ἀμύνω (with dative), I assist.

ἀμφί, preposition with genitive, accusative, and dative, about.

See Greek Grammar, p. 103.

ἀναβαίνω, I go up.

ἀναγιγνώσκω, I read.

ἀναγκάζω, I compel.

ἀναμιμνήσκω, I remind.

ἀναπείθω, I persuade.

ἀνατίθημι, I put up, dedicate.

ἀνδριάς, ἀνδριάντος ὁ, statue.

ἄνθρωπος, ἀνδρός ὁ, man.

ἄνθρωπος, man, human being.

ἀνίστημι, I raise up.

ἀνοίγνυμι, I open.

ἀντί, preposition with genitive, instead of.

ἄξιος, worthy.

ἀξιώχρεως, sufficient.

ἀπαλλάττω, I free from.
 ἅπας, ἅπασα, ἅπαν, all.
 ἀπατῶ (αω), I deceive.
 ἀπό, preposition with genitive,
 from.
 ἀποβαίνω, I go away.
 ἀποδείκνυμι, I declare, prove.
 ἀποθνήσκω, I die.
 ἀποκρίνομαι, I answer.
 ἀποκτείνω, I kill.
 ἀπόλλυμι, I destroy.
 ἀποστέλλω, I send on a mission.
 ἀποτίθημι, I lay aside.
 ἅπτομαι, I touch.
 ἅπτω, I set on fire.
 ἄρα, interrogative: simply puts a
 question.

Ἄργεῖος ὁ, Argive.
 ἀργύριον τό, piece of money.
 ἀρετή ἡ, virtue.
 ἀρχων, ἀρχοντας ὁ, magistrate.
 ἀσπίς, ἀσπίδος ἡ, shield.
 ἄστυ τό, town.
 αὐτίκα, straightway.
 ἀφίημι, I let go.
 ἀφικνέομαι, I arrive.
 ἀφίσταμαι, I revolt.
 ἀφίστημι, I cause to revolt.

B

βάλλω, I throw or pelt.
 βάπτω, I dip or dye.
 βασιλεὺς, βασιλέως ὁ, king.
 βέλος, βέλους τό, missile.
 βία ἡ, violence.
 βλάπτω, I injure.
 βοηθῶ (εω), I assist.
 βορρᾶς ὁ, the North wind, North.
 βούλευμα, βουλεύματος τό, plan.
 βουλεύομαι, I plan, purpose.
 βουλευτήριον τό, council-hall.
 βουλὴ ἡ, council.
 βούλομαι, I wish.
 βούς ὁ or ἡ, ox, cow.
 βραδυτής, βραδυτήτος, tardiness.

Γ

γάλα, γάλακτος τό, milk.
 γέλως, γέλωτος ὁ, laughter.
 γέρας, γέρως τό, privilege.
 γέρων, γέροντος ὁ, old man.
 γῆ ἡ, earth, land.
 γῆρας, γήρως τό, old age.
 γίγνομαι, I become.
 γιγνώσκω, I get to know.
 γονεὺς, γονέως, common parent.
 γόνυ, γόνατος τό, knee.
 γραῦς, γραός ἡ, old woman.
 γράφω, I write, inscribe.
 γυνή, γυναικὸς ἡ, woman, wife.

Δ

δέδοικα, I fear.
 δεῖ, it is necessary: (one) must.
 δείκνυμι, I point out.
 δειλός, cowardly.
 δεινός, terrible.
 δέκα, ten.
 δένδρον τό, fruit-tree.
 δεξιός, adjective, on the right hand,
 right.
 δέοντα τά, what is due.
 δέρω, I skin, cudgel.
 δεσπότης, δεσπότης ὁ, lord.
 δῆ, particle giving emphasis,
 indeed.
 δῆλος, clear.
 δημοσίᾳ, publicly.
 διά, preposition with genitive, by
 means of; preposition with
 accusative, on account of.
 διατρίβω, I spend.
 διαφθείρω, I destroy, corrupt, bribe.
 διδάσκω, I teach.
 δίδωμι, I give, offer.
 δίκαιος, just.
 δικαστής, δικαστοῦ ὁ, judge.
 δίκτυον τό, net.
 διώκω, I pursue.
 δοκεῖ, it seems, or seems good.

δοκῶ (έω), I seem.
 δόξα ή, glory, reputation.
 δόρυ, δόρατος τό, spear.
 δοῦλος ό, slave.
 δρῶ (άω), I do.
 δύναμαι, I am able.
 δύναμις, δυνάμεις ή, power.
 δυστυχής, unfortunate.
 δῶρον τό, gift.

II

ἔαρ, ἥρος τό, spring.
 ἐῶ (αω), I allow; οὐκ ἐῶ, I forbid.
 ἐγγύς, near.
 ἐγείρω, I awaken.
 ἐγώ, first personal pronoun, I.
 ἐθέλω, I am willing.
 εἰ, if.
 εἰκός, fitting, probable.
 εἰμί, I am.
 εἶμι, I shall go.
 εἰρήνη ή, peace.
 εἰς, preposition with accusative, into.
 εἴσειμι, I shall enter.
 εἴσοδος ή, entrance.
 εἴωθα, I am accustomed.
 ἐκ, preposition with genitive, out of, from.
 ἕκαστος, each.
 ἑκατόν, a hundred.
 ἐκεῖ, there.
 ἐκεῖνος, ἐκείνη, ἐκεῖνο, that.
 ἐκκλησία ή, assembly.
 ἐκπέμπω, I send out.
 ἐκπίπτω, I am cast out.
 ἐκπλέω, I sail out.
 ἐκών, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing.
 ἐλαύνω, I drive.
 ἐλευθερία ή, freedom.
 ἐλπίς, ἐλπίδος ή, hope.
 ἐμβάλλω, I cast upon.
 ἐμβάλλω πληγάς, I strike.

ἐμπίπτω, I rush in.
 ἐν, preposition with dative, in.
 ἐναντίος ό, adversary.
 ἐνδεής, adjective, lacking.
 ἐνδίδωμι, I give in.
 ἐνθάδε, here.
 ἐντίθημι, I put in.
 ἐντυγχάνω, I fall in with.
 ἐξαπατῶ (αω), I deceive.
 ἔξειμι, I shall go out.
 ἐξελαύνω, I drive out.
 ἔξω, adverb, and preposition with genitive, outside.
 ἔοικα, I am like.
 ἐορτή ή, feast.
 ἐπειδή, when, since.
 ἐπί, preposition with genitive, dative, and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p. 103.
 ἐπιδείκνυμαι, I display.
 ἐπιλανθάνομαι, I forget.
 ἐπιμελεῖα ή, care.
 ἐπιστολή ή, letter.
 ἐπιτήδεια τά, provisions.
 ἐπιτίθημι, I impose.
 ἐπτά, seven.
 ἔργον τό, work.
 Ἑρμῆς, Hermes, statue of Hermes.
 ἔρχομαι, I am coming.
 ἐρωτῶ (αω), I ask a question.
 ἔσπερα ή, evening.
 ἐταῖρος ό, companion.
 ἔτος τό, year.
 εὖ, excellently.
 εὐδαίμων, happy.
 εὐθύς, straightway.
 εὖνους, εὖνουν, friendly.
 εὕρισκω, I find.
 εὖσεβής, pious.
 εὕτυχής, lucky.
 εὕτυχῶ (εω), I am lucky.
 εὐχαρις, gracious.
 ἐφίεμαι, I desire.
 ἐχθρα, hostility.
 ἐχθρός, hostile, an enemy.
 ἔχω, I have.
 ἔως ή, dawn.

Z

ζημία ἡ, penalty.
ζῶ (άω contracting into η, not α),
I live.

H

ἡγεμών ὁ, leader.
ἤδη, already.
ἡδύς, sweet.
ἥλιος ὁ, sun.
ἡμέρα ἡ, day.
ἡμέτερος, ours.
ἥρως, ἥρωος ὁ, hero.

Θ

θάλαττα ἡ, sea.
θάπτω, I bury.
θαυμάζω, I marvel.
θερίζω, I reap.
θέρος τό, summer.
θήρ, a wild beast.
θήρα, chase.
Θράξ, Θρακός, Thracian.
θυγάτηρ, θυγατρός ἡ, daughter.
θύρα ἡ, door.
θύραζε, to the door.

I

ιατρός ὁ, physician.
ιερεύς, ιερέως ὁ, priest.
ἵμι, I send.
ἱμάτιον τό, cloak.
ἵππεύς, ἵππέως ὁ, horseman.
ἵππικός, adjective, belonging to
horses.
ἵππος ὁ, horse.
ἴσος, equal.
ἵστημι, I make to stand.
ἰσχυρός, strong.

K

καθίστημι, I appoint. See p. 41.
καί, and.
καιρός ὁ, opportunity.
κακός, evil.
κακῶς, badly.
καλός, beautiful, good.
καλῶς, well.
καλῶ (εω), I call.
κανοῦν τό, basket.
καρπός ὁ, fruit.
κατά, preposition with genitive
and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p.
102.
καταβαίνω, I go down.
καταλαμβάνω, I come upon, sur-
prise, find.
κατατέμνω, I cut down.
κατατίθημι, I set down, deposit.
καταφεύγω, I fly for refuge.
κελεύω, I command.
κέρας, κέρατος τό, horn; also
genitive κέρως, wing of an
army.
κεφαλή ἡ, head.
κῆρυξ, κήρυκος ὁ, herald.
κηρύττω, I proclaim.
κιβωτός ἡ, chest.
κίνδυνος ὁ, danger.
κλεῖς, κλειδός ἡ, key.
κλέπτης, κλέπτου ὁ, thief.
κλέπτω, I steal.
κοινός, common.
κόλπος ὁ, gulf.
κομίζω, I bring.
κόπτω, I cut or knock.
κόρη ἡ, girl.
κρατήρ, κρατήρος ὁ, bowl.
κράτος, κράτους τό, force.
κρεμάννυμι, I hang up.
κρίνω, I judge.
κριτής, κριτοῦ ὁ, judge.
κρύπτω, I hide.
κτῶμαι (κτάομαι), I acquire.
κωλύω, I hinder.

Α

λαγχάνω, I obtain by lot.
 λάθρα, secretly.
 λαμβάνω, I receive.
 λαμπάς, λαμπάδος ἡ, torch.
 λανθάνω, I escape notice.
 λείπω, I leave.
 ληστής, a robber, pirate.
 λίθος ὁ, stone.
 λιμήν, λιμένος ὁ, harbour.
 λόγος ὁ, word.

Μ

μαθητής, μαθητοῦ ὁ, pupil.
 μακρός, long.
 μανθάνω, I learn.
 μάντις, μάντεως ὁ, diviner.
 μάρτυς, μάρτυρος ὁ, witness.
 μάχη ἡ, battle.
 μάχομαι, I fight.
 μέγας, μεγάλη, μέγα, great, large.
 μέλας, μέλαινα, μέλαν, black.
 μέλλοντα τά, things to be, the future.
 μέλλω, I am about, delay.
 μέμνημαι, I remember.
 μέν, particle of contrast followed by δέ.
 μένω, I remain.
 μέρος, μέρους τό, part, share.
 μέσος, adjective, middle.
 μετά, preposition with genitive and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p. 103.
 μεταδίδωμι, I give a share.
 μῆτεμι, I shall go after.
 μισθός ὁ, pay, reward.
 μνᾶ, μνᾶς ἡ, mina.
 μνημεῖον τό, memorial.
 μόλις, adverb, with difficulty.
 μόνον, only.
 μουσική, ἡ, music.

Ν

ναυαγός ὁ, a shipwrecked man.
 ναύαρχος ὁ, admiral.
 ναυμαχία ἡ, naval battle.
 ναῦς, νεώς ἡ, ship.
 ναύτης, ναύτου ὁ, sailor.
 ναυτικός, adjective, belonging to ships, naval.
 νεανίας, νεανίου ὁ, young man.
 νεκρός ὁ, dead man, corpse.
 νέμωμαι, I inhabit.
 νέμω, I divide, assign.
 νεώς, νεώ ὁ, temple.
 νεωστί, recently.
 νῆσος ἡ, island.
 νίκη ἡ, victory.
 νικῶ (άω), I conquer.
 νομίζω, I think.
 νόμος ὁ, law.
 νόσος ἡ, disease.
 νοῦς, νοῦ ὁ, mind.
 νῦν, now.
 νύξ, νυκτός ἡ, night.

Ξ

ξένος ὁ, stranger.
 ξύλινος, wooden.

Ο

ὁδοίπορος ὁ, wayfarer.
 ὁδός ἡ, road.
 οἰκέτης ὁ, a servant.
 οἰκία ἡ, house.
 οἶκος ὁ, house.
 οἶόν τέ ἐστι, it is possible.
 οἶός τέ εἰμι, I am able.
 οἶος, relative, of what kind (of such kind) as.
 ὀλίγος, little, few.
 ὀλλυμι, I destroy.
 ὀνειδος, ονειδούς τό, reproach.
 ὄνομα, ὀνόματος τό, name.

ὅπη, in what way.
 ὅπλα τά, arms.
 ὅπως, conjunction, how, that, in order that.
 ὁρῶ (αω), I see.
 ὀργή ἡ, anger.
 ὄρος, ὄρους τό, mountain.
 ὀρθῶς, rightly.
 ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, relative, who, which.
 ὅσος, (as much) (as many) *as*.
 ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι, whoever, whatever, (one) who.
 ὅστούν (εον) τό, bone.
 οἶδα, I know.
 οὐδέποτε, never.
 οὐκέτι, no longer.
 οὐπω, not yet.
 οὗτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο, this.
 οὕτως, thus.
 ὀφθαλμός ὁ, eye.

II

παῖς, παιδός ὁ, boy.
 πάλαι, long ago.
 πάλιν, back, again.
 πανούργος ὁ, villain.
 παντοῖος, of every kind.
 πάνυ, altogether.
 παρά, preposition with genitive, dative, and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p. 104.
 παραδίδωμι, I hand over.
 παρασκευάζομαι, I prepare.
 παρατίθημι, I set before.
 παρίεμι, I am present.
 παρίστημι, I set before.
 πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν, every, all.
 πάσχω, I suffer.
 πατήρ, πατρός ὁ, father.
 πατρίς, πατρίδος ἡ, native land.
 πεδίον τό, plain.
 πείθομαι, I obey.
 πείθω, I persuade.
 Πειραιεύς, Πειραιῶς, Peiraeus.
 πειρῶμαι (αομαι), I attempt.

πέλαγος, πελάγους τό, open sea.
 πέμπω, I send.
 πένης, πένητος, poor.
 πεντακισχίλιοι, five thousand.
 περαίνω, I accomplish.
 περαιότερος, further.
 πέραν, on the other side.
 περί, preposition with genitive, dative, and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p. 105.
 Περικλῆς, Περικλέους, Pericles.
 περιτίθημι, I put around.
 πήγνυμι, I congeal.
 πίνω, I drink.
 πίπτω, I fall.
 πιστεύω, I trust.
 Πλαταιεύς, Plataean.
 πλέκω, I weave.
 πλέω, I sail.
 πλῆθος, πλῆθους τό, multitude.
 πλησίον, near.
 πλοῖον τό, boat.
 πλοῦτος ὁ, wealth.
 ποί, whither.
 ποιῶ (εω), I make, do.
 ποῖος, interrogative adjective, of what kind.
 πολέμιος, hostile; οἱ πολέμιοι, the enemy.
 πόλεμος ὁ, war.
 πόλις, πόλεως ἡ, city.
 πολίτης, πολίτου ὁ, citizen.
 πολλάκις, many times.
 πολὺς, πολλή, πολύ, much, many.
 πονηρός, evil.
 πόνος ὁ, toil.
 πόσος, interrogative adjective, how much.
 ποτήριον τό, cup.
 ποῦ, interrogative, where.
 πούς, ποδός ὁ, foot.
 πράγμα, πράγματος τό, affair.
 πρᾶος, πραεῖα, πρᾶον, gentle.
 πράττω, I do, or fare.
 πρέπει, it is seemly.
 πρέσβεις οἱ, ambassadors.
 πρίν, before.

πρό, preposition with genitive, before.

προδίδωμι, I betray.

προδότης, προδότου ὁ, traitor.

προθύμως, eagerly.

προίεμαι, I betray.

πρός, preposition with genitive, dative, and accusative. See

Gr. Gr. p. 105.

προσεύχομαι, I pray to.

προσπίπτω, I fall down to.

προστάττω, I enjoin.

προστίθημι, I add.

πρότερος, former; οἱ πρότεροι, the men of former times.

πυνθάνομαι, I inquire, learn.

πῦρ, πυρός, fire.

πῶς, interrogative, how.

P

ῥαδίως, easily.

ρήτωρ, ῥήτορος ὁ, orator.

Σ

σεαυτόν, 2d personal reflexive pronoun, thyself.

σημαίνω, I show, indicate, give a sign.

σίδηρος ὁ, iron.

σίτος ὁ, corn, food.

σιωπῶ (αω), I am silent.

σκήνη ἡ, tent.

σκότος ὁ, darkness.

σοφία ἡ, wisdom.

σπείρω, I sow.

στέλλω, I equip, send.

στέφανος ὁ, crown.

στήλη ἡ, column.

στόλος ὁ, expedition.

στρατεία ἡ, expedition.

στράτευμα τό, army.

στρατηγός ὁ, general or admiral.

στρατιώτης, στρατιώτου ὁ, soldier.

σύ, 2d personal pronoun, thou.

συγγίγνομαι, I associate with.

συγγιγνώσκω, I pardon.

συλλέγω, I gather.

συμμαχία ἡ, alliance.

σύμμαχος ὁ, ally.

σύν, preposition with dative, with.

συνίημι, I understand.

συνταράττω, I throw into confusion.

συντάττω, I arrange.

σφάλλομαι, I fail.

σφάλλω, I cause to trip, bring to trouble.

σφόδρα, excessively.

σχολάζω, I have leisure.

σῶζω, I save.

σῶμα, σώματος τό, body.

σῶς, σώα, σῶν, safe.

σωτηρία ἡ, safety.

σωφρόνως, virtuously.

T

ταράττω, I confuse, throw into confusion.

τάττω, I set in order.

τάφος ὁ, tomb.

ταχέως, quickly; ὡς τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

τειχίζω, I enclose with a wall.

τεῖχος, τείχους τό, wall.

τέκνον τό, child.

τέμνω, I cut.

τήμερον, to-day.

τιμή ἡ, honour.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, such.

τολμῶ (αω), I dare.

τοσοῦτος, τοσαύτη, τοσοῦτο, so great.

τότε, then.

τρέπομαι, I turn, intransitive.

τρέπω, I turn, transitive.

τρέφω, I bring up.

τριακοντα, thirty.

τρίβω, I rub.

τριήρης, τριήρους ἡ, trireme.

τρίπους, τρίποδος ὁ, tripod.

τυγχάνω, I hit, or I happen.
 τύραννος ὁ, despot.

Υ

ὑγιής, healthy, sound.
 ὕδωρ, ὕδατος τό, water.
 υἱός ὁ, son.
 ὕλη ἡ, wood.
 ὑμέτερος, your.
 ὑπέρ, preposition with genitive, on behalf of; with accusative, beyond.
 ὑπισχνέομαι, I promise.
 ὕπνος ὁ, sleep.
 ὑπό, preposition with genitive, dative, and accusative. See Gr. Gr. p. 106.
 ὑστεραίῳς, belonging to the next day; τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ, on the next day.

Φ

φαίνομαι, I appear, am found.
 φαίνω, I show, signify.
 φάρμακον τό, poison.
 φέρω, I bear, bring.
 φεύγω, I escape.
 φίλος ὁ, friend.
 φιλόσοφος ὁ, philosopher.
 φόβος ὁ, fear.
 φορτίον τό, burden.
 φύγας, φυγάδος ὁ, an exile.

φύλαξ, φύλακος, a guard.
 φυλάττομαι, I guard against, beware of.
 φυλάττω, I guard.
 φωνή ἡ, voice.

Χ

χαίρω, I rejoice.
 χαίρων, participle, scot free.
 χαλεπός, difficult.
 χειμῶν, χειμῶνος ὁ, winter.
 χεῖρ, χειρός, hand.
 χίλιοι, thousand.
 χρή, it behoves, one ought.
 χρήματα τά, money.
 χρόνος ὁ, time.
 χρυσοῦς (εὖς), golden.
 χρῶμαι (αομαι), I use.

Ψ

ψεύδομαι, I lie, speak falsely.
 ψεῦδος, ψεύδους τό, falsehood.

Ω

ὥδε, thus.
 ὤμος ὁ, shoulder.
 ὠόν τό, egg.
 ὥς, conjunction, as, how.
 ὡς, preposition, to; only used with persons.

ENGLISH-GREEK VOCABULARY

A

- Able, am, οἶός τέ εἰμι, δύναμαι.
 Accept, δέχομαι.
 Accomplish, περᾶν.
 Accustomed, I am, εἶωθα.
 Acquainted, become, γινώσκειν.
 Acquire, κτᾶσθαι.
 Add, προστιθέναι.
 Admit, δέχεσθαι.
 Advance, προιέναι.
 Affairs, πράγματα τά.
 Against, ἐπί, with accusative.
 Aim at, ἐφίεσθαι.
 All, πᾶς.
 Alliance, συμμαχία ἡ.
 Allow, εἶναι.
 Ally, σύμμαχος ὁ.
 Alone, μόνος.
 Already, ἤδη.
 Ambassadors, πρέσβεις οἱ.
 Announce, ἀγγέλλειν.
 Another, ἄλλος.
 Answer, ἀποκρίνεσθαι.
 Apply oneself, ἀπτεσθαι.
 Appoint, καθίστημι. See p. 41.
 Argument, λόγος.
 Aright, ὀρθῶς.
 Arm, βραχιῶν ὁ.
 Arms (=armour), ὅπλα τά.

- Army, στρατός ὁ, στράτευμα τό.
 Arouse, ἐγείρειν.
 Arrange, τίθεσθαι, καθίστασθαι.
 Arrive, ἀφικνεῖσθαι.
 Arrow, τόξον τό.
 As many as, ὅσοι.
 As quickly as possible, ὡς τάχιστα.
 Ashamed, to be, αἰσχύνεσθαι.
 Ask a question, ἐρωτᾶν.
 Assembly, ἐκκλησία ἡ.
 Assign, νέμειν.
 Assist, ἀμύνειν, with dative; βοηθεῖν, with dative.
 Associate with, συγγίγνεσθαι.
 Assured, to be, εἰδέναι.
 At once, αὐτίκα, εὐθύς.
 Athenian, Ἀθηναῖος.
 Attack, ἐπιτίθεσθαι.
 Attempt, πειρᾶσθαι.
 Avoid, φεύγειν.
 Await, μένειν.
 Awake, to be, ἐγρηγορέναι.
 Awaken, ἐγείρειν.

B

- Bad, κακός, πονηρός.
 Base, αἰσχρός.
 Basket, κανοῦν τό.

Battle, μάχη ἡ.
 Bay, κόλπος ὁ.
 Be, εἶναι.
 Bear, φέρειν.
 Beautiful, καλός.
 Become, γίγνομαι.
 Before, πρό, (brought) before, πρός,
 with accusative.
 Besiege, πολιορκεῖν.
 Betray, προδιδόναι, προέσθαι.
 Beware of, φυλάττεσθαι.
 Bid, κελεύειν.
 Boat, πλοῖον τό.
 Brave, ἀνδρείος.
 Bread, ἄρτος ὁ.
 Bribe, διαφθεῖρειν ἀργυρίῳ.
 Bring, κομίζειν; of an army, ἄγειν.
 Bring up, τρέφειν.
 Bring to an end, παύειν.
 Brother, ἀδελφός ὁ.
 Brought, to be (into a state),
 καταστῆναι.
 Burst into, εἰσπίπτειν.
 Bury, θάπτειν.
 But, ἀλλά.
 By, ὑπό, of the agent, genitive.

C

Call, καλεῖν.
 Camp, στρατόπεδον τό.
 Capture, λαμβάνειν.
 Care = trouble, φροντίς ἡ; =
 thoughtfulness, ἐπιμέλεια ἡ.
 Carry, φέρειν.
 Cast out, to be, ἐκπίπτειν.
 Cavalry, ἱππῆς (plural).
 Chase, θήρα ἡ.
 Child, τέκνον, παιδίον τό.
 Choose, αἰρεῖσθαι.
 Citadel, ἀκρόπολις ἡ.
 Citizen, πολίτης ὁ.
 City, πόλις ἡ.
 Clearly, σαφῶς.
 Cloak, χλαῖνα ἡ.
 Clothe, περιτίθεσθαι. See p. 33.

Cold, ψυχρός.
 Collect, ἀθροίζειν, συλλέγειν.
 Column, στήλη ἡ.
 Come, ἔναι.
 Companion, ἐταῖρος ὁ.
 Compel, ἀναγκάζειν.
 Comrade, ἐταῖρος ὁ.
 Conceal, κρύπτειν.
 Confusion, ταραχή ἡ.
 Congeal, πηγνύναι.
 Conquer, νικᾶν.
 Consider, νομίζειν.
 Consideration, συγγνώμη ἡ.
 Contest, ἀγών ὁ.
 Convicted, to be, ἀλίσκεσθαι.
 Corn, σῖτος ὁ.
 Country (nation), πατρίς ἡ.
 Cowardly, δειλός.
 Cross, διαβαίνειν.
 Crown, στέφανος ὁ.
 Cut, τέμνειν.

D

Danger, κίνδυνος ὁ.
 Dangerous, δεινός.
 Dare, τολμᾶν.
 Daughter, θυγάτηρ ἡ.
 Day, ἡμέρα ἡ.
 Daybreak, at, ἅμα τῇ ἔφ.
 Dead man, νεκρός ὁ.
 Dead, to be, τεθνηκέναι.
 Death, θάνατος ὁ.
 Death, to be put to, ἀποθνήσκειν.
 Deceit, ἀπάτη ἡ.
 Deceive, ἀπατᾶν.
 Declare, ἀποδεικνύναι.
 Dedicate, ἀνατιθέναι.
 Deed, ἔργον τό.
 Deep sea, πέλαγος τό.
 Defeat, νικᾶν.
 Defend, ἀμύνειν, dative.
 Deficient, ἐνδεής.
 Delay, μέλλειν.
 Deliberate, βουλευέσθαι.
 Demonstrate, ἀποδεικνύναι.

Deposit, κατατίθεσθαι.
 Desert, ἀπολείπειν, ἀφίστασθαι.
 Design, βούλημα τό.
 Desire, ἐφίεσθαι.
 Destroy, φθείρειν, ἀπολλύναι.
 Destruction, φθορά ή.
 Die, ἀποθνήσκειν.
 Difficult, χαλεπός.
 Difficulty, with, μόλις.
 Dip, βάπτειν.
 Directly, εὐθύς.
 Disease, νόσος ή.
 Disgrace, verb, αἰσχύνειν.
 Disgraceful, αἰσχροός.
 Do, ποιεῖν, δρᾶν.
 Do badly, well, κακῶς, καλῶς πράττειν.
 Door, θύρα ή.
 Draw up, συντάττειν.
 Drink, πίνειν.
 Drive out, ἐξελαύνειν.
 Due, what is, τὰ δέοντα.

E

Each, ἕκαστος.
 Each other, ἀλλήλους.
 Eagerly, προθύμως.
 Earth, γῆ ή.
 Easily, ῥαδίως.
 Elect, αἰρεῖσθαι.
 Empire, ἀρχή ή.
 Enact laws, τιθέναι νόμους. See p. 29.
 Enclose with a wall, τειχίζειν.
 Enemy, οἱ πολέμιοι.
 Enemy, hostile, ἐχθρός.
 Enjoin, προστάττειν.
 Enjoy, χρῆσθαι.
 Enter, εἰσιέναι.
 Erect, ἱστάναι.
 Escape, φεύγειν.
 Escape the notice of, λανθάνειν.
 Evening, ἑσπέρα ή.
 Ever, ἀεί.
 Evidence, μαρτυρία ή.

Evil, adjective, κακός; substantive, κακόν.
 Excellently, εὖ.
 Excessively, σφόδρα.
 Expedition, στρατεία ή.
 Expelled, to be, ἐκπίπτειν.
 Eye, ὀφθαλμός ό.

F

Fail, σφάλλεσθαι.
 Fall, πίπτειν.
 False, ψευδής.
 Fear, φόβος ό.
 Fear, I, δέδοικα.
 Fellow-countryman, πολίτης ό.
 Few, ὀλίγοι.
 Fifth, πέμπτος.
 Fight, μάχη ή.
 Fight, to, μάχεσθαι.
 Find, εὕρισκειν; = to detect, καταλαμβάνειν.
 Find out, γινώσκειν.
 Fine, ζημία ή.
 First, πρῶτος.
 Fitting, it is, πρέπει.
 Flight, φυγή ή.
 Fly for refuge, καταφεύγειν.
 Folly, μωρία ή.
 Food, σίτος ό.
 Foolish, ἡλίθιος, μωρός.
 Foot, πούς ό.
 Foot-soldier, πεζός ό.
 Forbid, I, οὐκ ἐῷ (άω).
 Force, by, βία.
 Forget, ἐπιλανθάνεσθαι.
 Formerly, πρότερον.
 Fortify, τειχίζειν.
 Forty, τετταράκοντα.
 Forward, εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν.
 Free, ἐλεύθερος.
 Free from, ἀπαλλάττειν.
 Freedom, ἐλευθερία ή.
 Friend, φίλος ό.
 Friendly, φίλιος.

From, *ἐκ*, with genitive; *ἀπό* (p. 67), *παρά* (p. 91).

Fruit-tree, *δένδρον τό*.

Full, *πλέως*.

G

Games, *ἀγών ό*.

Garrison, *φυλακή ή*.

Gate, *πύλη ή*.

General, *στρατηγός ό*.

Gentle, *πραός*.

Give, *διδόναι*.

Give (a name), *τίθεσθαι*.

Give a share, *μεταδιδόναι*.

Give back, *ἀποδιδόναι*.

Give up, *παραδιδόναι*.

Glory, *δόξα ή*.

Go after, *μετιέναι*.

Go away, *ἀπιέναι*.

Go down, *καταβαίνειν*.

Go up, *αναβαίνειν*.

God, *θεός ό*.

Goddess, *θεός ή*.

Gold, *χρυσός ό*.

Golden, *χρυσούς*.

Good, *άγαθός*.

Goodwill, *εϋνοια ή*.

Gracious, *ίλεως*.

Guard, *φύλαξ*.

Guard, *φυλάττειν*.

Guide, *ήγεμών ό*.

Guilty, to be found, *άλίσκεσθαι*.

Gulf, *κόλπος ό*.

H

Hair, *θρίξ ή*.

Hand down, *παραδιδόναι*.

Happen, *τυγχάνειν*.

Happy, *εϋδαίμων*.

Harbour, *λιμήν ό*.

Hard, *χαλεπός*.

Have, *έχειν*.

Head, *κεφαλή ή*.

Hear, *άκούειν*.

Heavy-armed man, *όπλίτης ό*.

Helmet, *κόρυς, κόρυθος ή*.

Herald, *κήρυξ ό*.

Here, *ένθάδε*.

Hold games, *άγώνα τιθέναι*.

Home (to), *όκαδε*.

Honest, *δίκαιος*.

Honour, verb, *τιμάν*.

Honour, *τιμή ή*.

Hope, verb, *έλπίζειν*.

Hope, *έλπίς ή*.

Horse, *ίππος ό*.

Horseman, *ίππεύς ό*.

Hostile, *έχθρός*.

House, *οικία ή*.

How, *πώς*.

How great, *πόσος, όπόσος*.

Hurt, *βλάπτειν*.

I

If, *εί*.

Illness, *νόσος ή*.

Immediately, *αϋτίκα, εϋθύς*.

Impose, *έπιτιθέναι*.

In, *έν*, with dative.

Injure, *βλάπτειν*.

Injustice, *άδικία ή*.

Inquiry, to make, *πυνθάνεσθαι*.

Intercourse, to have, *συγγίγνεσθαι*.

Into, *εις*, with accusative.

Invade, *εισβάλλειν*.

Iron, *σίδηρος ό*.

Island, *νήσος ή*.

Islander, *νησιώτης ό*.

Isthmus, *ισθμός ό*.

J

Judge, *κριτής ό*.

Judge, verb, *κρίνειν*.

Just, *δίκαιος*.

K

Keep (peace), *ἄγειν*.
 Keep under guard, *φυλάττειν*.
 Key, *κλεῖς ἡ*.
 Kill, *ἀποκτείνειν*.
 King, *βασιλεὺς ὁ*.
 Knee, *γόνυ τό*.
 Knock at, *κόπτειν*.
 Know, *εἰδέναι*.

L

Labour, *πόνος ὁ*.
 Land, *γῆ ἡ*.
 Land soldiers, *πεζοί*.
 Large, *μέγας*.
 Law, *νόμος ὁ*.
 Lay aside, *ἀποτίθεσθαι*.
 Lay down, *κατατίθεσθαι*.
 Lay waste, *τέμνειν*.
 Learn, *μανθάνειν*.
 Leave, *λείπειν* ; = let alone, *ἐάν*.
 Leisure, to be at, *σχολάζειν*.
 Let go, *ἀφιέναι*.
 Lifetime, in the. See p. 2.
 Light, verb, *ἄπτω*.
 Like, to be, *εἰκέναι*.
 Lion, *λέων ὁ*.
 Listen, *ἀκούειν*.
 Live, *ζῆν*.
 Long, *μακρός*.
 Loose, *λύειν*.
 Lysander, *Λύσανδρος*.

M

Magistrate, *ἄρχων ὁ*.
 Mainland, *ἡπειρος ἡ*.
 Make = appoint, *καθιστάναι*.
 Make an answer, *ἀποκρίνεσθαι*.
 Make a show of, *ἐπιδείκνυσθαι*.
 Man, *άνήρ, άνθρωπος*.
 Many, *πολλοί*.
 March, *πορεύεσθαι*.

March out, *ἐξιέναι*.
 Market-place, *ἀγορά ἡ*.
 Marvel, *θαυμάζω*.
 Master, *διδάσκαλος ὁ*.
 Matter, *πράγμα τό*.
 Meet with, *τυγχάνειν*.
 Memorial, *μνημεῖον τό*.
 Messenger, *ἄγγελος ὁ*.
 Middle, *μέσος*.
 Milk, *γάλα τό*.
 Mina, *μνᾶ ἡ*.
 Money, *χρήματα τά*.
 Month, *μήν ὁ*.
 Mountain, *ὄρος τό*.
 Multitude, *πλήθος τό*.
 Muster, *ἀθροίζειν*.
 My, my own, *ἐμός*.

N

Name, *ὄνομα τό*.
 Nature, *φύσις ἡ*.
 Navy, *τὸ ναυτικόν*.
 Near, *πλησίον, ἐγγύς*.
 Necessary, *ανάγκη*.
 Neglect, verb, *προίεσθαι*.
 Net, *δικτυον τό*.
 Next day, *τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ*.
 Night, *νύξ ἡ*.
 Not, *οὐ*, with imperative *μή*.
 Numerous more, *πλείων*.

O

Obey, *πειθεσθαι*.
 Observe the peace, *τὴν εἰρήνην ἄγειν*.
 Obtain, *τυγχάνειν*.
 Obtain by lot, *λαγχάνειν*.
 Occur, *γίγνεσθαι*.
 Offer, *διδόναι* ; = dedicate, *ἀνατιθέναι*.
 Old, of, *πάλαι*.
 Old age, *γῆρας τό*.
 Old man, *γέρων ὁ*.

On behalf of, ὑπέρ, genitive.
 Open, ἀνοιγνύναι.
 Opportunity, καιρός ὁ.
 Orator, ῥήτωρ ὁ.
 Ordain, τιθέναι.
 Order, κελεύειν.
 Other, ἄλλος.
 Ought, δεῖ, impersonal.
 Outside, ἔξω, adverb or quasi-
 preposition with genitive.
 Ox, βοῦς ὁ.

P

Parent, γονεὺς ὁ.
 Part, μέρος τό.
 Peace, εἰρήνη ἡ.
 Pelt, βάλλειν.
 Perceive, αἰσθάνεσθαι.
 Perplexity, ἀπορία ἡ.
 Persuade, ἀναπειθεῖν.
 Pillar, στήλη ἡ.
 Pious, εὐσεβής.
 Piracy, ληστεία ἡ.
 Pirate, ληστής ὁ.
 Place, τιθέναι.
 Plague, νόσος ἡ.
 Plain, πεδῖον τό.
 Plait, πλέκειν.
 Plan, βούλευμα τό.
 Point out, δεικνύναι.
 Poison, φάρμακον τό.
 Poor, πένης.
 Possess, κεκτῆσθαι.
 Possible, it is, οἶόν τέ ἐστι.
 Power, δύναμις ἡ.
 Powerful, δυνατός.
 Prepare, παρασκευάζεσθαι.
 Present, δῶρον τό.
 Present, to be, παρεῖναι.
 Present, as adjective, ὁ, ἡ, τό, νῦν.
 Privilege, γέρας τό.
 Proclaim, κηρύττειν.
 Promise, ὑπισχνεῖσθαι.
 Property, χρήματα τά.
 Proposal, λόγος ὁ.

Prosperously, καλῶς.
 Protect, φυλάττειν.
 Prove, ἀποδεικνύναι.
 Provide oneself with, παρασκευά-
 ζεσθαι.
 Pursue, διώκειν.
 Put down, κατατιθέναι.
 Put in, ἐντιθέναι.
 Put into confusion, ταραττειν.

Q

Question, ἐρωτᾶν.
 Quickly as possible, ὡς τάχιστα.

R

Raise, αἶρειν.
 Rather, μᾶλλον.
 Ravage, τέμνειν.
 Read, ἀναγιγνώσκειν.
 Ready, ἔτοιμος.
 Reap, θερίζειν.
 Reasonable, εἰκός.
 Receive, δέχεσθαι.
 Refuge, to take, καταφεύγειν.
 Refuse, I, οὐκ ἐθέλω.
 Remain, μένειν.
 Remember, μεμνήσθαι.
 Remind, ἀναμνησκειν.
 Render, ἀποδιδόναι.
 Repel, ἀμύνεσθαι.
 Report, ἀπαγγέλλειν.
 Reproach, ὕειδος τό.
 Revere, αἰσχύνεσθαι.
 Revolt from, ἀφίστασθαι, ἀποστη-
 ναι.
 Revolt, to cause to, ἀφιστάναι.
 Reward, μισθός ὁ.
 Rich, πλούσιος.
 Right, τὰ δίκαια.
 Right hand, on the, δεξιός.
 Right time, καιρός ὁ.
 Rise, ἀνίστασθαι.
 Rise up, ἀνίστασθαι.

River, ποταμός ό.
 Road, ὁδός ή.
 Roman, Ῥωμαῖος.
 Rout, τρέπειν.
 Ruin, ἀπολλύναι.
 Ruler, ἄρχων ό.

S

Safe, σῶς.
 Sail, πλεῖν.
 Sail in, εἰσπλεῖν.
 Sail out, ἐκπλεῖν.
 Satisfactorily, κατὰ νοῦν.
 Save, σώζειν.
 Saviour, σωτήρ ό.
 Say, λέγειν.
 Sea, θάλαττα ή.
 Sea battle, ναυμαχία ή.
 See, ὁρᾶν.
 Seek, ζητεῖν.
 Seem, δοκεῖν, εἰκέναι.
 Seems good, it, δοκεῖ.
 Sell, ἀποδόσθαι.
 Senate, βουλή ή.
 Senate-house, βουλευτήριον τό.
 Send, πέμπειν.
 Send back, ἀποπέμπειν.
 Send out, ἐκπέμπειν.
 Serious, δεινός.
 Servant, οἰκέτης ό.
 Service = kindness, εὐεργεσία ή.
 Set before, παρατιθέναι.
 Set free, ἀφιέναι εἰς ἐλευθερίαν.
 Set off, αἰρεῖν.
 Set up, τιθέναι, ιστάναι ; of officers, καθιστάναι.
 Settle, τίθεσθαι ; to be settled, καταστῆναι.
 Shame, αἰσχύνη ή.
 Shepherd, ποιμήν ό.
 Shield, ἀσπίς ή.
 Ship, ναῦς ή.
 Shoulder, ὤμος ό.
 Show = point out, δεικνύναι.
 Show, ἀποδεικνύναι, φαίνω.
 Show off, ἐπιδείκνυσθαι.

Siege, πολιορκία ή.
 Signal, to fire, signify, σημαίνειν.
 Silent, to be, σιωπᾶν.
 Slave, δοῦλος ό.
 Small, μικρός.
 So, ὥδε.
 Socrates, Σωκράτης, Σωκράτους.
 Soldier, στρατιώτης ό.
 Some way, in, πως.
 Son, υἱός ό.
 Soon, ταχέως.
 Sound, ὑγιής.
 Sow (with crops), σπείρειν.
 Speak, λέγειν.
 Spend (time), διατρίβειν.
 Standing, to be, ἐστηκέναι ; to be standing by, παρεστηκέναι.
 Start, αἶρειν.
 State, πόλις ή.
 Statue, ἀνδριάς ό, ἀγαλμα τό.
 Steal, κλέπτειν.
 Still (of time), ἔτι ; of argument, ὁμως.
 Stone, λίθος ό.
 Stranger, ξένος ό.
 Strike, πληγὰς ἐμβαλεῖν (αογ.)
 Strong, ἰσχυρός.
 Subject to, ὑπό, dative.
 Successfully, εὖ.
 Suffer, πάσχειν.
 Sufficient, ἀξιόχρεως.
 Sum of money, ἀργύριον τό.
 Summon, καλεῖν.
 Surely not, interrogative, ἄρα μή.
 Surrender, ἐνδιδόναι.
 Surround, intransitive, περίσταςθαι.
 Sweet, ἡδύς.
 Sword, μάχαιρα ή.

T

Table, τράπεζα ή.
 Take, αἰρεῖν, λαμβάνειν.
 Take part in, ἄπτομαι.
 Taken, be, ἀλίσκεσθαι.

Teach, διδάσκειν.
 Temple, νεώς ό.
 Ten, δέκα.
 Terrible, δεινός.
 Then, τότε.
 There, εκεί.
 Think, νομίζειν.
 Thirty, τριάκοντα.
 Thong, ιμάς ό.
 Thousand, χίλιοι.
 Three thousand, τρισχίλιοι.
 Throw, βάλλειν.
 Thus, οὕτω, ὥδε.
 Time, χρόνος ό.
 Together with, ἅμα, dative.
 Toil, πόνος ό.
 Torch, λαμπάς ή.
 Towards, πρός, with accusative.
 Traitor, προδότης ό.
 Tree, δένδρον τό.
 Trireme, τριήρης ή.
 Trumpet, σάλπιγξ ή.
 Trust, verb, πιστεύειν.
 Turn, τρέπει; intransitive, τρέπε-
 σθαι.
 Twenty, εἴκοσι.
 Twice, δὶς.

U

Understand, συνιέναι.
 Undertake, αἰρεσθαι.
 Unfortunate, δυστυχής.
 Unhappy, δυστυχής.
 Unjust, ἀδικος.
 Upper, ἄνω.
 Use, make use of, χρῆσθαι.
 Utter, λέναι.

V

Valour, ἀρετή ή.
 Venture, πολυᾶν.
 Vice, κακία ή.
 Victory, νίκη ή.
 Virtue, ἀρετή ή.
 Voice, φωνή ή.

W

Wall, τεῖχος τό.
 Wanting, ἐνδεής.
 Water, ὕδωρ.
 Weakness, ἀσθένεια ή.
 Wealth, πλοῦτος ό.
 Well, εὖ, καλῶς.
 Well disposed, εὖνους.
 What kind of, ποῖος.
 When, ἐπειδή; interrogative, πότε;
 relative, οὐ.
 Whence, πόθεν.
 Where, ποῦ.
 Which of the two, πότερος, ὁπότερος.
 Whither? ποῖ;
 Who, relative, ὅς; interrogative,
 τίς.
 Whole, πᾶς.
 Why, τί.
 Wicked, κακός, πονηρός.
 Willing, to be, ἐθέλειν.
 Wing, κέρας τό.
 Winning, εὐχαρίς.
 Winter, χειμῶν ό.
 Wisdom, σοφία ή.
 Wise, σόφος.
 Wish, verb, βούλομαι.
 Without, ἀνευ.
 Without punishment, χαίρων.
 Witness, μάρτυς ό.
 Woman, γυνή ή.
 Wonder at, θαυμάζειν.
 Wood, ξύλον τό.
 Wooden, ξύλινος.
 Word, λόγος ό.
 Work, ἔργον τό.
 Worthy of, ἄξιος.
 Write, γράφειν.
 Wrong, to do, ἀδικεῖν.
 Wrong-doer, ἀδικος.
 Wrong-doing, ἀδικία ή.

Y

Year, ἔτος τό.
 Young man, νεανίας ό.

